The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXI.—NO. 225. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

*[Title Copyright: 1902: by Tribune Company.]

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

THANATOPSIS.

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

This imperishable poem was written by William Cullen Bryant when he was 18 years old. It was sent to the North American Review either by the poet or his father. Richard Henry Dana of the Review supposed the writer to be some one of international repute. The poet's father was then a member of the Massachusetts senate. Dana went to the statehouse to call on him, but the appearance of Dr. Bryant seemed to satisfy Dana that he must look elsewhere for the author, and so he returned to Cambridge without an interview with the senator. Later he learned that the author was the doctor's son.

To him who, in the love of nature, holds
Communion with her visible forms, she speaks
A various language; for his gayer hours
She has a voice of gladness and a smile
And eloquence of beauty; and she glides
Into his darker musings with a mild
And healing sympathy, that steals away
Their sharpness, ere he is aware. When thoughts
Of the last bitter hour come like a blight
Over thy spirit, and sad images
Of the stern agony, and shroud, and pall,
And breathless darkness, and the narrow house,
Make thee to shudder and grow sick at heart,
Go forth under the open sky, and list
To Nature's teachings, while from all around—
Earth and her waters, and the depths of air—
Comes a still voice: Yet a few days, and thee
The all-beholding sun shall see no more
In all his course; nor yet in the cold ground
Where thy pale form was laid, with many tears,
Nor in the embrace of ocean, shall exist
Thy image. Earth, that nourished thee, shall claim
Thy growth, to be resolved to earth again;
And, lost each human trace, surrendering up
Thine individual being, shalt thou go
To mix forever with the elements;
To be a brother to the insensible rock,
And to the sluggish clod, which the rude swain
Turns with his share, and treads upon. The oak
Shall send his roots abroad, and pierce thy mould.

Yet not to thine eternal resting place
Shalt thou retire alone—nor couldst thou wish
Couch more magnificent. Thou shalt lie down
With patriarchs of the infant world—with kings,
The powerful of the earth—the wise, the good,
Fair forms, and hoary seers of ages past,
All in one mighty sepulcher. The hills,
Rock-ribbed, and ancient as the sun; the vales
Stretching in pensive quietness between;
The venerable woods; rivers that move
In majesty, and the complaining brooks,
That make the meadows green; and, poured round all,
Old ocean's gray and melancholy waste—
Are but the solemn decorations all
Of the great tomb of man! The golden sun,
The planets, all the infinite host of heaven,
Are shining on the sad abodes of death,
Through the still lapse of ages. All that tread
The globe are but a handful to the tribes
That slumber in its bosom. Take the wings
Of morning, pierce the Barcan wilderness,
Or lose thyself in the continuous woods
Where rolls the Oregon and hears no sound
Save his own dashings—yet the dead are there!
And millions in those solitudes, since first
The flight of years began, have laid them down
In their last sleep—the dead reign there alone!
So shalt thou rest; and what if thou withdraw
In silence from the living, and no friend
Take note of thy departure? All that breathe
Will share thy destiny. The gay will laugh
When thou art gone, the solemn brood of care
Plod on, and each one, as before, will chase
His favorite phantom; yet all these shall leave
Their mirth and their employments, and shall come
And make their bed with thee. As the long train
Of ages glides away, the sons of men—
The youth in life's green spring, and he who goes
In the full strength of years, matron and maid,
And the sweet babe, and the gray headed man—
Shall, one by one, be gathered to thy side
By those who in their turn shall follow them.

So live, that when thy summons comes to join
The innumerable caravan that moves
To the pale realms of shade, where each shall take
His chamber in the silent halls of death,
Thou go not, like the quarry slave at night,
Scourged to his dungeon, but, sustained and soothed
By an unfaltering trust, approach thy grave
Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER. WEDNESDAY, AUG. 13, 1902.

Partly cloudy, with light local showers Wednesday and possibly Thursday; warmer Wednesday; strong southerly winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 70 degrees at 7 p. m. and the minimum 57 degrees at 5 a. m.

Sun rises at 4:56, sets at 6:56. Moon sets at :01 a. m.

LOCAL:—

Police seeking for wounded man, supposed to be one of the two who murdered Policemen Devine and Pennell; injured man had wound in head dressed at drug store, Ada and Randolph streets.

Chief O'Neill said that he had positive information that Bartholin was in the city last Wednesday, when he talked to acquaintances concerning plans for departure.

Steamer Soo City, from Holland, Mich., with 200 passengers aboard, broke shaft and did not reach port until after midnight. Much alarm for time.

Health department found increase in typhoid in city mostly due to bad vegetables and milk, and not to bad water.

Republican county and state committees to wrangle over question of giving state committee part of county campaign fund.

Officers of Chicago Federation of Labor advised carmen against strike, but radical element insists on early action.

Mysterious death from poison at Chicago hospital of young woman supposed to have lived at 5905 Calumet avenue.

Committee of aldermen showed board of review that $50,000,000 worth of railway real estate is assessed as trackage.

Ald. Joseph Badenoch unable to stop tearing down of billboards ordered removed by Acting Mayor Walker.

Business men invited to join "The Associated Teaming Interests" in opposition to the teamsters' union.

Many new insurance companies formed with paper capital criticised by practical insurance men.

Streeter settlement on lake front broken up and "Cap." Streeter and followers evicted.

Three persons burned, two perhaps fatally, in fire at 1 Park avenue.

DOMESTIC:—

Trustees of Kankakee asylum twice arrested former employé, Harry H. Ball, because of his testimony in inquiry, and have been sued by him for $50,000 damages; Supt. Corbus admitted assessing employés for campaign fund.

International Harvester company, with capital of $120,000,000, incorporated in New Jersey to absorb all big concerns; Milwaukee plant sold for $5,000,000.

George Turner of Vandalia nominated in Fortieth state senatorial district; Yates refused and support refused Hopkins.

Lockwood Honoré and Mrs. Nettie Crosby Nickerson of Chicago married at Nickerson summer home in Massachusetts.

Grand Lodge of Elks meeting at Salt Lake City attended by 12,000 visitors. George A. Cook of Omaha elected ruler.

Senators Quay and Penrose of Pennsylvania received "endless chain" letters urging them to end miners' strike.

Gates interests said to control 200,000 of 300,000 shares of Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

Brother-in-law of Gen. Jacob H. Smith said action of president may be contested.

Two men killed and four injured in railway accidents at Hammond, Ind.

FOREIGN:—

Dead in battle at Barcelona, Venezuela, number 167. Town sacked and pillaged by victorious rebels. United States asked by government to send warship.

King Edward received colonial premiers and presented them with coronation medals. Soldiers reviewed and merit awards distributed.

Resignation of duke of Devonshire from Balfour cabinet now thought certain.

WASHINGTON:—

Treasury department confronted with problem of finding currency to move 3,000,000,000 bushels of corn and wheat this fall. Little doubt that President Roosevelt will call an extra session of the senate to ratify commercial treaty with Cuba.

Thirteen patents issued to weather bureau relating to wireless telegraph apparatus.

PAGES.

1 Investigation at Kankakee.
Harvester Concerns Combine.
Panic on Lake Steamer.
Three Victims of Early Fire.
Clews to Police Murders.

2 Searching for Bartholin.
Actor Tires of Second Marriage.
Girl Suicide a Mystery.
Join to Fight Teamsters.
Discourage Car Line Strike.

3 Rebels Sack Venezuelan City.
Tells of Crown Prince's Love.
Gen. Smith May Make Contest.
Prince Is Shot by Assassin.
King Honors the Colonials.
Another to Quit Balfour Cabinet.

4 Elks Take State of Utah.
Yates Rebuked; Turner Nominated.

5 Extra Session to Give Cuba Aid.
Streeter Ejected from Lake Front.
Banker Heard in Power Suit.
Five Railway Accidents in a Day.
Disagree Over Campaign Fund.

6 Baseball Peace in Sight.
Colts Lose at Brooklyn.
Accidents at Harlem Track.
Long Island Tennis Tourney.
Direct Hal Wins Stake Race.

7 General News of New York.
Miners Appeal to Senators.
Wildcat Insurance Thriving.

8 New Causes of Typhoid Fever.

12 Editorial Comment.

13 Society Affairs.
Fontenoy Letter.
Among the New Books.
News of the Theaters.

14 In the Commercial Markets.

15 Financial News of the World.
Crops Maintain Good Promise.
General News of Railroads.
Lake Marine.
Records of the Courts.

16 Badenoch Protects a Billboard.
Gaylord Dam Syndicate Expands.
"Trackage" Lands Pay Big Rent.

NEW YORK:—

Prince Chen ended visit to United States by tour of Chinatown, where he advised his countrymen to mix freely with Americans.

Contradictory testimony as to part played by Peter Power in suit against Northern Pacific road.

Bella Reisch insane with delusion that hundreds of boys are trying to kiss her to death.

Liner Moltke from Hamburg struck by lightning during voyage across Atlantic.

Bishop Thomas O'Gorman brought gift to President Roosevelt from Pope Leo.

Final details of consolidation of shipbuilding companies completed.

SPORTING:—

President Johnson of the American League said that, instead of John T. Brush's amalgamation scheme going through, it is likely Brush will end his baseball career.

National league results: Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 4. St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 9 (ten innings). Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 0. New York, 3; Cincinnati, 2.

Stable of Clarence H. Mackay at Saratoga sold at auction. Ten horses brought total of $61,400; Mexican, 2 year old, brought $20,000.

Jockey Meade injured in race at Harlem.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Zeeland	
AUCKLAND	Ventura	Victoria.
HONGKONG		
LIVERPOOL	Cevic	
LIVERPOOL	Numidian	
MOVILLE	Astoria	
NEW YORK	Hohenzollern	K. W. der Grosse
NEW YORK	Laurentian	Pennsylvania.
NEW YORK		Colorado.
NEW YORK		Sardinian.
YOKOHAMA	Hyades	
YOKOHAMA	Emp. of India	
SAN FR'CISCO.	Lawton	
SEATTLE		Kinshiu Maru.

KANKAKEE BOARD DIVERTS INQUIRY

Prosecution of Witness on Perjury Charge Delays, but Some Testimony Is Heard.

POLITICAL TAX ADMITTED

H. H. Ball Acquitted, Rearrested and Held in Jail Because Bail Might Offend Small.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Kankakee, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Trustees of the Kankakee Insane Asylum diverted the course of the inquiry into maladministration of the institution today by twice arresting a former attendant who had testified against one of them and by becoming defendants in a suit for $50,000 brought against them by that same ex-attendant, Harry H. Ball.

Ball, who had accused Trustee Murphy of drunkenness and immorality, was arrested at 2 a. m. charged with perjury. He was tried this afternoon and promptly acquitted "for lack of evidence."

An hour afterward he was again arrested on the same charge before another police justice and the case is set for tomorrow morning. In the meantime Ball has begun a suit claiming $50,000 damages from Trustees Small, Murphy, and Powell and Col. Buckingham, their attorney, for alleged conspiracy for false arrest.

Ball Is Out of Jail.

Late this evening bonds were procured for Ball and he was released from custody. It was procured through the exertions of Follett W. Bull of the Civil Service Reform league, who, in commenting on the two arrests, said:

"It is simply an attempt to intimidate witnesses and is done for no other purpose. Had the asylum trustees been sincere against Ball they would have waited until the investigation was over and then would have begun proceedings in the regular way. This swearing out a warrant at 2 o'clock in the morning, and then, when the defendant has been discharged by one justice, arresting him again at a time when it is hoped he will have to lie in jail over night is a course of proceedings which speaks for itself. It needs no comment."

Inquiry Makes Some Progress.

The inquiry at the asylum went on after a fashion, being delayed during the morning and part of the afternoon to allow Trustees Small and Murphy and Col. Buckingham to be present in the police court.

Later the following facts were brought out:

An admisson by Supt. Corbus that he had collected political assessments from employés.

An admisson from Trustee Small that he had used at home a horse belonging to the asylum.

An admisson from Trustee Small that employés paid by the state had been used for political work.

An admission by Supervisor Wagner that he had been drinking "on the ward," as charged by former Attendant Hill.

"Judge" on Witness Stand.

The above list of "admissions" developed during the afternoon inquiry. At the night session an interesting incident occurred. Dr. J. A. Glenn of Ashland, a member of the state board of charities, surprised the investigators by himself becoming a witness for the management of the asylum. He testified that some time ago he went through the institution in company with Dr. Podstata, and the latter had told him the hospital was in excellent condition.

"That was while Dr. Podstata was employed here, was it not?" asked Mr. Fitzgerald.

"Yes," was the answer.

"Do you not think it a rather unusual thing for a man sitting as a judge in a case, as the members of your board are, to act as a witness?" continued the lawyer.

To this, however, there was no response.

Refusal to Hear Two Witnesses.

Attorneys Bull and Cassidy, representing the Civil Service Reform league, offered to introduce Dr. Richard M. Dewey, a former superintendent of the asylum and the man who built it up, and Dr. William G. Stearns, for a long time the chief of the medical staff, as expert witnesses as to the present condition of the hospital, but the state board of charities refused to listen to them.

The first warrant for the arrest of Ball was sworn out by Trustee Murphy. Justice Washington being accommodating enough to get up at that hour to issue it. The arrest was made shortly afterward, and a local firm of attorneys was engaged at once to defend the case. When time came to try it this morning, however, the local lawyers refused to appear, claiming it would injure their practice if they took any case against the interests of the hospital, and especially Len Small. Then Lewis T. Orr of the firm of Fitzgerald & Orr of Chicago, who is here representing the Protective Agency for Women and Children in the asylum investigation, took charge of it.

Hearing on Perjury Charge.

Mr. Orr at once took a change of venue from Justice Washington to Justice Nichols, and went to trial. The charge against Ball was that he had sworn falsely in testifying that Murphy had been drunk around the hospital nights and had taken a woman attendant to his room in the institution. In the hearing Murphy went on the stand himself.

On cross examination by Mr. Orr he acknowledged he had a key to the dispensary and went there to get a drink "as often as he felt like it," and explained the woman incident by saying he had brought a woman nurse from his home late one night and accompanied her to her room door, but denied there was anything improper between them.

Night Clerk Krosin, who, Ball said, had been the messenger between Murphy and the woman, denied the defendant's story. E. H. Rood of Douglas county, who had been cited by Murphy, his fellow townsman, the night before to prove an alibi for him by swearing Murphy was in Tuscola at the time, did not appear, Murphy having conceded that perhaps he might have been in Kankakee. President Jayne of the state board of charities appeared to testify that Ball was under oath when he made the statement, and the official stenographer of the state board testified as to what his evidence had been.

Defense Rests Without Testimony.

Mr. Orr for the defense offered no testimony at all, simply contenting himself with the claim that the prosecution was not brought in good faith, that it was intended to intimidate other witnesses, and that in law no offense had been committed. Justice Nichols, in dismissing the defendant, simply said:

(Continued on fourth page.)

FORM A HARVESTER TRUST

M'CORMICKS MAY HEAD $120,000,000 COMBINE.

Concern Incorporated in New Jersey Which Probably Will Take Over the Principal Manufactories of Farm Implements—Entire Issue Will Be in Common Stock—Milwaukee Company Is Bought for $5,000,000—Chicago Makers May Be Included.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The International Harvester company was incorporated here today with an authorized capital stock of $120,000,000. The company, according to the charter, is to manufacture harvesting machines, harvesters, binders, reapers, mowers, rakes, shredders, and all kinds of agricultural machinery, tools, and implements. The incorporators are:

Abram M. Hyatt of Allenhurst, George W. Hebard, New York; Roland R. Dennis, Auburn, N. Y.; Edward M. F. Miller, New York; Robert O. Green, Elizabeth, N. J.; Erastus M. Crayatt, New York.

It is understood that among the concerns interested in the syndicate is the McCormick reaper and mower concern of Chicago.

Entire Issue Is Common Stock.

The only feature which is at all unusual in the charter is in relation to the character of the stock. The entire $120,000,000 is to be in common stock, but the charter provides that in the event of this being increased the present authorized stock may, upon vote of the holders of two-thirds of the stock voting for the first increase, be made preferred stock, in which case it will be entitled to receive 6 per cent cumulative preferential dividends.

The new company, according to the best information obtainable here, is to consolidate some of the large agricultural machine works of the country, chief among which are those of the McCormicks of Chicago. Representatives of the McCormicks have been in New York for some time, and the organization of the International Harvester company has been at least one of the causes for their presence here.

The company was incorporated through the Hudson Trust company, and its registered office in this state is at Hoboken. The state's fee for filing the charter was $24,000.

Milwaukee Company Taken Over.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 12.—The Milwaukee Harvester company of this city has been sold to the eastern syndicate for $5,000,000. The deal was consummated through a firm of local attorneys and the transfer made. The resignations of the officers of the old company were received and accepted, and the works will be in the possession of the new officers within a few days.

The Milwaukee Harvester company plant was brought here from Beloit, Wis., in 1896 by Senator Fred Dennett and Assemblyman L. Holden Parker. Its capital stock was then $30,000. Burnham brothers and A. K. Hamilton became interested in the business and later sold out to Stephen Bull of Racine, who interested his sons-in-law, Richard and Frederick Robinson, Frank Bull, and C. M. McIntosh. They began to add to and build up the business, and their authorized statement of the year's business just completed is that the output was 40,000 machines.

The above named men composed the officers of the company up to yesterday, and, their resignations being accepted, the firm of attorneys which consummated the deal assumed control and will manage the firm until relieved by officers named by the new combine.

McCormicks Are in East.

Cyrus H. McCormick and Harold F. McCormick are in the east. Supt. F. A. Flather of the McCormick concern, who resides at the Lexington hotel, said last night:

"I can neither affirm nor deny that the McCormick company is interested in the International Harvester company, because I don't know anything about the matter."

AGED OILER JOHN AHERN PREDICTS DEATH AND DIES.

Employe of Chicago Avenue Water Works for Fifty Years Prophesies His Wake and the Word Comes True.

"You'll be at my wake tomorrow night," said John Ahern, for fifty years an oiler at the Chicago avenue water works, to Patrick Gannon. The statement was made on Monday morning. Last night Gannon attended John Ahern's wake at his late residence, 81 Pearson street. Mr. Ahern died of heart failure a few hours after he had made his prophecy.

Ahern was 88 years old and oiled the old "Sallie" until sickness compelled him to resign from the service a little over a year ago. He was born in Monabricka, Ireland, and for a number of years was employed as guard in the Killarney Insane asylum. There he met his first wife, who was a nurse at the institution. When landlordism compelled Ahern to give up his farm in Ireland fifty-six years ago he came to America with his wife, coming to Chicago the following year. Upon his arrival he found employment as oiler in the frame water works in Kinzie street. There he worked until the Chicago avenue pumping station was built.

Twenty-seven years ago, while oiling the engine, he was carried under the fly wheel and his collar bone and several ribs were broken. He was found under the wheel the next morning after the accident and removed to the County hospital, where, after eleven months, he recovered and returned to his engine.

Twenty-two years ago Ahern's first wife died, and two years afterwards he was married to Miss Bridget Brady. The widow and a daughter and a son survive him. Funeral services will be held at the Holy Name cathedral tomorrow morning and interment will be at Calvary.

THREE MEN DODGE AVALANCHE

Party of Telegraph Officials Has a Narrow Escape While Working on Pike's Peak, Colorado.

Summit Pike's Peak, Colo., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Expert dodging of bowlders today saved J. P. Cook of Chicago, J. J. Dickey of Omaha, and Maj. Sells from death in a small sized avalanche on the mountain side this afternoon. Rocky mountain sheep scratching above them hurled the rocks down on the members of the party.

The party of Western Union men had been summoned as experts to devise means for maintaining wire communication with this station. They recommended half a mile of cable, held down by granite blocks. In the course of their observations they descended some distance from the summit. When the party was preparing to return bowlders from the size of a man's hand to those weighing hundreds of pounds began to roll down the precipice in such close proximity to the men that their lives depended upon dodging them. Col. Cook and Maj. Sells, being small of stature, managed to escape the fusillade by lying low, but with Col. Dickey, being a six-footer, all depended upon his quick eye and ability to dodge. The attack lasted twenty minutes.

PANIC ON BOARD A LAKE STEAMER

Two Hundred Persons Are Badly Frightened When an Accident Disables the Soo City.

DISTRESS SIGNAL GOES UP

Women Scream and Faint, Then Wait and Sing Until a Vessel Arrives to Tow Them to Port.

A crash, followed by a pounding that shook the steamer Soo City from stem to stern, created a panic among 200 passengers while the vessel was midway between Ottawa Beach and Chicago at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

While the consternation was at its height and women were fainting, Capt. Boswell ran to the main deck in an effort to reassure the frightened ones.

"The machinery's broken, but there's no danger," he cried. "The engineer has shut off the power and we'll be all right as soon as we can find a ship to tow us to port."

Then, while the women and children were screaming, a distress flag was hoisted and the danger whistle sounded. Soon most of the passengers became calm and amused themselves as best they could. Some one started "Sailing, Sailing," and most of the men and some of the women joined in the chorus.

Shaft Broken; Aid Comes.

While the passengers were making the best of the situation, Capt. Boswell and members of the crew were below trying to learn the extent of the injury. It was found that the main shaft had snapped in the middle, but it could not be ascertained just how much the other machinery had been hurt. All agreed that had not the engineer turned off the power promptly serious consequences might have followed.

Shortly after 4 o'clock, nearly two hours after the breakdown, a craft was sighted and all on board the Soo City cheered. The distress signal was answered and then the stranger began to bear down on the disabled vessel.

Soo City Towed to Port.

At 4:50 the other boat drew alongside the Soo City. It proved to be the United States lighthouse tender Dahlia. In a few minutes the Dahlia had lashed a towline to the starboard side of the Soo City and the run for port was begun. It was a slow pull for the Dahlia, and it was not until 12:45 this morning that the two boats entered the mouth of the river.

A large crowd of friends and relatives of the passengers was waiting at the Graham & Morton docks, and there was much relief when the Soo City's lights were seen coming up the river. There was rejoicing on the docks, rejoicing on the boat. Women who had feigned composure when the Soo City was in distress in midlake broke down when the vessel reached its moorings, and a number of them were assisted to cabs.

Tells of the Terror.

"It was a trying experience for us all," said Attorney George W. Murray, one of the passengers. "When the shaft broke and the machinery began to pound it seemed as if the world was coming to an end. Women fainted—how many I do not know. The children, too, were badly scared.

"Soon the ship's crew and some of the passengers managed to reassure the frightened ones and then we passed the time singing and telling stories. After the first excitement was over we settled down and really enjoyed ourselves.

"Too much cannot be said for the vigilance of the engineer. Had he not shut down the machinery promptly the consequences might have been disastrous."

Disabled Ship Sighted by Scout.

When the Soo City failed to reach Chicago on time President J. H. Graham of the Graham & Morton line began to grow uneasy, and went to the life saving station where he watched the lake with marine glasses for a sign of smoke on the Holland course. When the steamer was two hours overdue he dispatched the Easton of the same line to cruise on the Holland course on a search for the missing boat. The fact that nothing had been seen of the Soo City from the City of Milwaukee, which had come in from St. Joseph, added to the fears.

Fifteen miles out the Easton's crew sighted the missing boat, and were assured through the megaphones that every one was all right. The Dahlia appeared to be doing well in towing it, and the Eaton at once returned to port. The tug Andy then was dispatched to aid if necessary.

The accident caused a general disarrangement of the line's schedule. The Easton was sent out on the Holland run early this morning, and the passengers sought the cabin and went to bed. The City of Chicago was also dispatched to Holland at 10:30 o'clock.

CHASE OF PICKPOCKET CAUSES PANIC AT TRACK.

Capt. Forsee Tries to Catch a Man Who Has Been Working at Harlem—Bettors Run and Cry of Fire Is Raised.

Detective Capt. Forsee's effort to capture a pickpocket and diamond thief who has been operating at the Harlem racetrack resulted in a stampede yesterday, in which men and women were bruised and trampled upon. The man caught gave his name as Noonan, but claimed that he was not the person wanted.

The trouble took place between the third and fourth races and started in the betting ring. The alleged offender was pointed out to Capt. Forsee, and at the same time the man saw the detective. He started to escape, while Capt. Forsee made a dash after him.

Bettors began a rush to the outside, shouting, "Look out for the gun." Many were forced against the combination book which partly blocks the exit to the south, while others were thrown against posts, and, losing their footing, were stamped on by those coming from behind. In less than a minute the ring was deserted, bookmakers grabbing their cash boxes and joining the stampede.

While this was going on below some excited individual in the stand shouted "Fire!" and the same confustion followed, with the added danger that the women, in their flight, were compelled to descend the stairs. The roundup of the injured showed torn clothes, several were severely bruised.

Capt. Forsee says he did not draw his revolver.

FIRE HAS THREE VICTIMS.

TWO MAY DIE AS RESULT OF BLAZE AT 1 PARK AVENUE.

Flames Start on Second Floor, Probably from a Gas Jet, and Penetrates Ceiling Before Occupants Are Aware of Danger—Mrs. Lucy Burnett and H. G. Miller Suffer the Most Serious Injuries—Third Person Will Recover.

Three persons were severely burned, two of them perhaps fatally, in a fire which started at 1:30 this morning in the four story flat building at 1 Park avenue.

The Injured.

Burnett, Mrs. Lucy, burned about body and arms; taken to Presbyterian hospital; probably fatal.

Moore, Henry, 18 years old; hands burned; injuries not serious; taken to county hospital.

Miller, H. G., aged 25; back and hands burned; taken to county hospital; may be fatal.

The fire is believed to have started from a gas jet on the second floor. The wall took fire and the blaze burned through the ceiling into rooms on the third floor before the occupants of the building were aware of their danger.

Fourth Tenant Escapes.

Miller and Moore were rooming in the flat occupied by Mrs. Burnett. There was a fourth occupant of the apartment, but he left the building before the police learned whether he had been injured. None of the four persons was awakened by the smoke that filled the rooms and the flames had reached them before they knew of their danger.

Miller and Mrs. Burnett were overcome by smoke and would soon have been burned in the building had not police and firemen reached them. They were carried to the street and removed to hospitals.

Moore the First to Awake.

Moore was the first to be awakened. He jumped from his bed as the flames reached him. He ran to the room of Mrs. Burnett, found her unconscious, and started to carry her to the street. He was forced to rush through the fire to reach the hall, along which he carried her. Others had by that time been aroused and there was a hasty exodus from the building.

An alarm was turned in as soon as the occupants of the building reached the street and the firemen soon had the flames under control without letting them spread to the other apartments in the lower part of the building.

The damage to the structure was $2,000, and the loss on the furniture and other contents probably will be as much more.

CHICAGO WOMAN, A BRIDE, DISAPPEARS IN MICHIGAN.

Mrs. Laura Warren Dupont, Married Two Weeks Ago, Is Missing, and Search for Her Has Been Unvailing.

Laura Warren of Chicago was married in St. Joseph, Mich., two weeks ago to Vernon Dupont, and has since disappeared. Her home in this city was at 1182 Harvard street, but she had been spending the summer near St. Joseph. Mr. Dupont is a young farmer.

After the wedding the couple made a visit to Chicago and were accompanied on their return to Michigan by Mr. Dupont's family. When the boat reached St. Joseph the bride disappeared, and efforts to find her have been unavailing. The authorities there have taken up the search.

Mrs. Dupont is 22 years old, 5 feet tall, and weighs 110 pounds. She has brown eyes and hair.

The mother of Mrs. Dupont said last night she thought her daughter had gone to Ionia, Mich., and that the disappearance was not a serious matter. Mr. Warren and Mr. Dupont have gone to that place to see if the young bride is there.

Central station police have been asked to search for Robert Kirby, 72 years old, who disappeared from his summer home in Geneva, Wis. Mr. Kirby is a retired merchant and has been residing with Mrs. Tucker, his sister, at 529 Center avenue. Mrs. Tucker fears her brother's mind has become affected and that he has met with an accident.

C. Miller, 526 Collowhill street, Philadelphia, Pa., has asked the local police to find William Lassell, who, by the death of his brother, has fallen heir to several thousand dollars in money and jewelry.

USES FORMALIN IN MILK AND ASKS "DOES IT HURT?"

Dairyman Pleads Ignorance When Summoned to Explain Why His Shipments Are Adulterated.

"Yes, I put formalin in the milk. What of it? Does it hurt?"

So said Frank Lautmeyer, a dairyman who lives on the St. Paul railway a short distance from Chicago, when he was summoned to appear at the office of the Chicago health department yesterday.

"It's poison; that's all," replied Milk Inspector Grady.

"Well, you don't tell!" exclaimed the farmer. "The man I bought it from said it was good for the milk and would keep it from souring."

Lautmeyer went on to admit that for five days he had been using the formalin in the milk he has shipped to Chicago. His shipments amount to ninety gallons a day. He said he bought the formalin of a west side firm and had no idea he was doing wrong.

The dairyman promised to use no more formalin and was allowed to go. His shipments will be watched closely hereafter, however, as the inspectors are in doubt that he is as innocent as he appears.

WOMAN SEEKS CHAFFEE'S LIFE.

Armed with a Revolver, She Starts for New York to Demand Reparation for Alleged Cruelty.

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Prepared to take the law into her own hands, Mrs. Aimie White of Verde, Ariz., carrying a big six shooter, is on her way to New York, where she expects to have a settlement with Gen. Chaffee when he arrives from the Philippines. She is the widow of a discharged soldier of the Eighth infantry.

On his deathbed her husband exacted a pledge that she would prefer charges against Gen. Chaffee for alleged cruel treatment at Camp McDowell, a post near the San Carlos reservation, Arizona. Mrs. White charges that Gen. Chaffee, then a major, sent soldiers to their home, which was just outside the reservation, burned their house, and drove off all their cattle. When seen here today she said:

"I am going to New York to meet Gen. Chaffee, and if he doesn't give me satisfaction I'll shoot him dead in his tracks. I have preferred charges, but he prevented them from getting before congress. I have told Gen. Miles about it and he says for me to wait. I have waited long enough. I want a settlement and I am going to have it. I'll have his life or satisfactory reparation."

FIND CLEWS TO POLICE MURDERS.

One of the Men Who Killed Patrolmen Pennell and Devine is Supposed to Be Wounded.

SEEKS AID OF DRUGGIST.

Detectives Satisfied That the Slayers Are Burglars, Who Were Pursued by Their Victims.

One of the murderers of Patrolmen Timothy Devine and Charles Pennell is supposed to have been wounded and the work of the police last night was centered on this clew.

The police are satisfied that the two patrolmen, who were shot down in Jackson boulevard, near Ashland, early yesterday morning, were the victims of professional burglars, who were being pursued by the patrolmen after having attempted to commit some crime.

Information that one of the burglars may have been wounded, presumably by a bullet from Devine's revolver, came from George Pulford, a drug clerk at Ada and Randolph streets, a few blocks from the scene of the double murder and in the direction taken by the fugitives. Pulford says he was awakened about two hours after the murder by a man who was bleeding from a wound in the head back of the left ear.

"I stumbled and fell against a fence," the fellow said.

Pulford, who dressed the wound, now is certain it was made by a glancing bullet.

Wounded One Lags Behind.

The belief that Devine wounded one of the burglars before he was shot down is strengthened by the statement of Irving McLaughlin, bartender in a saloon at Ogden avenue and Randolph street. The fugitives ran by the saloon a short time after the shooting, and the smaller of the two was lagging behind and pressing his hand to his head.

"Keep on going, Charlie," shouted the taller man. "Don't give up."

The description given by McLaughlin of the injured man answers that given by residents in the vicinity of the scene of the shooting of the smaller of the two burglars, and also corresponds with the description given by Pulford of the man whose wound he dressed.

McLaughlin and Pulford will be taken to the bureau of identification today to see if they can identify any of the pictures in the rogues' gallery as that of the wounded man.

Electric Dark Lantern Found.

Another discovery which caused the West Lake street police to believe the murderers to be cracksmen was the finding of an electric dark lantern at Ashland boulevard and Adams street on the course traversed by the fugitives in their flight. The lantern was found by William Walter, an employé of the Arnold Coal company, and was lying in the grass, where it had evidently been thrown by the fugitives.

An incident in the search yesterday was the finding of a large china pitcher partly filled with beer in an alley near where the shooting took place. While this at first suggested that the shooting was done by persons who were drinking in the alley, the police soon concluded that it had no direct bearing on the murders.

Try to Rob, Then Murder.

An attempt to rob the residence of J. M. Frey at 466 Jackson boulevard, about two blocks distant from the scene of the shooting, within fifteen minutes of the time of the murders, leads the police to believe that the patrolmen were on the trail of the robbers, and were ambushed by them at the mouth of the alley where the exchange of shots took place. The attempted burglary and the shooting took place on Devine's beat, and it is believed that he called Pennell to assist him in catching the burglars.

Devine was recognized as one of the readiest and most accurate shots on the force. This, in the minds of the police, precludes the possibility of any parley between the patrolmen and the fugitives before the shooting took place.

"The shooting was done by burglars whom the patrolmen were trailing," said Inspector Shea, after securing a report of the crime. "It makes my blood boil to think of two good men being shot down in that way. I do not believe Devine was shot for revenge, as had been suggested."

Suspects Taken; Some Released.

Joseph Letcher and Edward Franklin were arrested during the evening as suspects. Letcher, it is said, recently was released from the Chester penitentiary for the criminal insane. The men in a general way answer the description of the murderers.

Investigation also is being made of an unknown man who left a bundle of blood stained clothing in a Van Buren street laundry during the morning.

Shortly after the shooting the police, acting on the theory that Devine had been shot in revenge for his activity in having a youth sent to the reform school, raided a house at 41 Plum street, and after some difficulty placed the occupants—members of the Dillon family—under arrest.

Mrs. Dillon and her daughter were released at once and later the other members of the family, with the exception of Thomas Dillon, were given their liberty. With Thomas Dillon was held W. G. Deacon, who was arrested shortly after the shooting in a saloon in Van Buren, near Laflin street, and who is said to have threatened to "get even" with Devine for disturbing him while he was asleep.

Lieut. O'Hara, however, says he does not believe these men had anything to do with the shooting.

Story of the Murder.

The double murder took place on the south side of Jackson boulevard, at the mouth of an alley which runs from Van Buren street to Madison street. This alley is intersected between Jackson boulevard and Van Buren street by another alley, which runs east to Loomis street. The Frey residence is in Jackson boulevard, east of Loomis. The attempts to enter the Frey house were described by Mrs. Frey as follows:

"About 11:40 o'clock I heard some one trying to open the front door. I was awake, nursing my son, who is ill. After a little while the noise ceased, and about 1:30 o'clock I heard it again. This time I heard some one try to put a key in the lock and turn it. At 2:30 I heard a noise at the back door. I wanted to go to the door, but my son called to me not to. As soon as he called I heard what sounded like two men running down the backstairs."

These stairs lead into the alley running east and west, and it is believed that while

emerging from this alley into Loomis street the burglars were seen by the patrolman. Both Devine and Pennell had reported shortly after 3 o'clock from a patrol box at Van Buren and Loomis street.

Go to Their Deaths.

The theory of the police is that the two patrolmen followed the burglars west in the alley to Laflin street, and that there Pennell went north to Jackson, turning west, while Devine followed the alley to the intersection of the north and south alley, and then north to Jackson boulevard.

It is believed that the fugitives lay in wait at the mouth of the alley, behind a tree, and when Devine rushed out to the street, shot him. Three bullet holes in the fence indicate that they first fired on him when he was about twenty feet from the mouth of the alley, and kept on firing until he reached the open street, where he was shot down. Meanwhile, it is believed, Devine fired a shot, which struck the smaller of the burglars.

Pennell, who was running to assist his comrade, is believed to have been shot before he had time to use his revolver. He crawled to the curb, sat there a moment, and then fell backward to the grass. Devine fell where he was shot.

See Slayers Run Away.

Residents of the neighborhood heard the shooting and a number of them rushed to windows in time to see two men run away. The fugitives ran northwest across Jackson boulevard and then started west, when they were hailed by N. E. Wathier, who lives at 217 Ashland boulevard. They then turned north in Ashland to Adams street and then west in Adams to an alley running north to Ogden avenue.

At Ashland and Adams, it appears, the robbers threw away the electric lantern, which was found later. Entering the alley they stopped and took the shells from their revolvers, probably reloading them. Then, it is believed, they continued north to Ogden avenue, thence northeast in Ogden past Union park, passing the saloon, where they were seen by McLaughlin.

On reaching Randolph and Sheldon streets the slayers separated, the tall man going north and the shorter man south. It is believed that the shorter man became exhausted and hid in the vicinity until 6 o'clock, when he went to the drug store to have his wound dressed.

At Adams street and Ashland boulevard Benjamin Craycroft, who lives at 173 Ashland boulevard, shouted from his window to the men to halt. The shorter man hesitated, then both ran west in Adams street.

Fallen Men Beyond Aid.

Among the first to hear the shooting were Miss Rowena Burtis, 222 Ashland avenue, and Mrs. T. F. Wheeler, who lives in Jackson boulevard. Both opened their windows and shouted. Soon a number of men gathered in the street beside the wounded policemen, and two of the residents telephoned for a patrol wagon. Among the first comers were Dr. E. P. Noel, Dr. Harry Shaw, Wathier, and Craycroft.

The patrol wagon was followed by Sergeant Lynch of the West Lake street station. Devine, who was found to be dying, passed away soon after being placed in the ambulance. Pennell was unconscious, but revived at the county hospital and made an incoherent statement. The men were burglars, he said. One of them was tall and the other shorter.

"Tim gave them a fight. He did his duty," he said in his last breath.

Devine was shot through the heart, the bullet entering in the left breast, passing downward and passing out at the left side. A bullet which was found partly imbedded in the fence is believed to have been the one which killed Devine.

Pennell was shot through the body, the bullet grazing the left arm and passing into the left side. Another bullet struck his right arm.

Dr. Noel, who examined the men as they lay on the ground, believes that they were under a cross fire from their assailants. He reasons that one of the robbers was concealed behind a tree and the other behind the steps of Dr. Colby's residence, to the east of the alley.

"Devine was shot from the right side, while Pennell was shot from both sides," said Dr. Noel. "I believe the murderers had ambushed themselves and had the policemen under a cross fire."

Records of the Murdered Men.

Devine was born in Ireland forty-six years ago, and has been a member of the police force since 1888, having traveled out of the West Lake street station for eleven years. He leaves a widow and eight children at 741 West Ohio street. Devine, who was a musician of some talent, was a member of the Policemen's Benevolent association. He was known as a fearless policeman. A few years ago he arrested two men named Scully and Faulkner after an exchange of shots, in which one of the men was wounded. He has figured in a number of other contests with desperate criminals.

Pennell was an American and was 44 years old. He leaves a widow and five children, who live at 1347 West Congress street. He was appointed to the police force in 1889 and had been at West Lake street for about six years. One of his notable pieces of work was the arrest of Edward Black, who was convicted of shooting John Barsanti, a West Van Buren street saloonkeeper. He, too, was a member of the benevolent association.

CATCH A SUSPECTED MURDERER

Police Arrest Patrick Kane, Wanted in Connection with the Killing of Thomas Kane.

Patrick Kane, also known as McMillan, who has been sought by the police for several weeks, was arrested last night by Detective Franzen of the East Chicago avenue station. The man was wanted in connection with the murder of Thomas Kane, 86 Wells street, stabbed by unknown men at Ohio street and La Salle avenue the evening of July 3 while protecting his sweetheart, Annie Wilson, from two men who had accosted her on the street. Patrick Kane, who is not related to the dead man, was seen in the vicinity a few hours before the affray, and the description given of the murderer by Miss Wilson caused the police to suspect him. He will be confronted by the woman today.

ADMITS HE KILLED DAUGHTER.

Albert Ullman of Neosho, Wis., Arrested, Confesses That He Shot Girl from Ambush, but Gives No Reason.

Woodland, Wis., Aug. 12.—Sheriff Solon today arrested Albert Ullman, the father of Ida Ullman, who was shot from ambush on Aug. 3 near Neosho. He at once confessed that the shooting was done by him.

On the Saturday before the shooting Ullman drove to Oconomowoc, pretending to leave his team there and take the train to Milwaukee. Instead he walked back to the place where his daughter would have to pass on her way home Sunday. He fired the shot, returned to Oconomowoc, and drove home with his team.

Ullman was seen by neighbors on his way to Oconomowoc after the shooting. This, coupled with utterances made by him, led to his arrest. No reason for the act can be learned.

MINISTER ADMITS A KILLING.

The Rev. Charles Hill, Indiana Preacher, Confesses He Fired Shot That Caused Widow's Death.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Rev. Charles Hill, a Congregational minister, has confessed that he fired the shot that killed the widow Smith at the mining town of Benwood fifteen years ago. She was stepping out of the door of a neighbor's house when the bullet struck her and she fell dead. Three boys shooting at a mark some distance away were arrested, but the bullet that caused the death was too large for their guns. The widow's son was under suspicion, as it was said he obtained considerable property by the death of his mother. The Rev. Mr. Hill says he was shooting at a mark with a young man named William Trager and that he fired the fatal shot.

Goes to Philippines to Wed.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Miss Julia Van Raalte, granddaughter of the late Dr. A. C. Van Raalte, founder of the Holland colony, left for the Philippine Islands today, where she will be married to Prof. O. S. Reinold, formerly principal of the high school here.

HEAR 'BARTHOLIN' IN EVERY SOUND

Police Confused and Mocked by Multiplicity of Rumors and Clews.

MAN SEEN ON WEDNESDAY

Day Before Fiancee's Body Was Found He Was Talking of Leaving Town.

The police in their search for William Bartholin, accused of murdering his mother and sweetheart, stand puzzled amid a multitude of clews that come to them from different parts of the city and from various towns in the west, starting in Michigan and ending in Indian Territory.

Chicago people claim to have seen the man up to last Sunday, but the identification is not positive, and not much credence is placed in it. The general belief among the detectives is that he is still in the city, but if he has left town, they think that he is likely to have tried to make his way to Indian Territory, for the reason that he had friends there.

William Mitchell, the father of the girl Bartholin is supposed to have killed, was thought to be missing last evening. He started away from his home at 604 Forty-fourth street, early in the evening, carrying a revolver. When he did not return the family appealed to the police, and they found him at Eighty-fourth street and Vincennes avenue. He had been looking over the ground near where his daughter is supposed to have met her death.

Developments in the Hunt.

The developments in the hunt for Bartholin during the day may be listed as follows:

Bundle of laundry left in office of William Loewy & Co., 710 West Forty-seventh street, last Thursday afternoon, it is believed by Bartholin. Police now have the bundle.

Chief O'Neill received information that Bartholin was seen on Wednesday, Aug. 6, by an acquaintance and made inquiries concerning a number of places. This is the day after he was seen by B. Underberg.

A man known as Dan Mulvey, who frequents the corner of Calumet avenue and Forty-third street, says he saw the missing man last Friday on his way to an elevated train. The police are trying to find Mulvey to confirm the statement.

L. D. Smith, 4301 Grand boulevard, thinks he saw him in the Marine roof garden, Vernon avenue and Thirty-ninth street, on Sunday night.

Dr. Springer, coroner's physician, reiterated that the body found at State and Seventy-fourth streets could not be that of Minnie Mitchell, for the reason that it could not have reached such an advanced stage of decomposition in the time that had elapsed after her disappearance.

Mrs. Ora Young, who lives across the street from the Bartholin house, saw an express wagon carrying away what appeared to be furniture one evening about the time Miss Mitchell disappeared.

Oscar Thompson, on being questioned again, furnished the information that Will Bartholin had false upper teeth, three of them being gold. This point of identification had never been given the police.

The funeral of Mrs. Bartholin was held from the undertaking rooms of Smeyne Bros., State and Fortieth streets. She was buried by the Sisters of Hermann in Oakwoods cemetery.

The Police of Denver and Toledo declared they had not been asked to forward M. L. R. Edwards and E. O. Hunter, the former roomers in the house, to Chicago, although both men insisted that they were willing to go.

"Young men corresponding to the description of William Bartholin and seen acting in a suspicious manner" were reported from the following towns last night:

St. Joseph, Mich.	Doris, Ia.
Kenosha, Wis.	Guthrie, I. T.
Elkhart, Ind.	

Much Reliance on Laundry Clew.

The police place much reliance upon the laundry clew which was found last evening in the laundry of William Loewy & Co. Last Thursday afternoon, the day following the disappearance of Minnie Mitchell, a man resembling closely the description of William Bartholin walked into the office and deposited a bundle of laundry. He was particular about having it done for delivery by Monday. He seemed in a nervous state of mind, and gave the name of Tom Arnold.

When his linen was unwrapped the initial "B" was found on all the articles, and a few of the pieces had also the name "Arnold." The latter name evidently was freshly marked. Inspector Hunt was notified, and the package was taken to the Hyde Park police station.

The woman in charge of the laundry said that her customer had not returned on Monday to claim the goods.

Mrs. G. N. Williamson, 3850 Vincennes avenue, reported to the Fiftieth street police last evening that she had seen a man on a Cottage Grove avenue cable train early in the afternoon who answered in many ways to the description of Bartholin. He was wearing a blood stained vest, she says. She boarded the train at Thirty-ninth street and sat beside the man in the grip. He was dressed in a black cutaway coat, black vest, striped trousers, and wore a gray fedora hat which he constantly pulled down over his eyes. He looked haggard and was in need of a shave.

In Chicago on Wednesday.

Chief O'Neill announced yesterday that he had secured a "scoop" on Inspector Hunt and the police in his district. He reported that he had, found a man, whose name he withholds for the present, who saw Bartholin last Wednesday, which is a day later than any previous report, which is well substantiated. This was the day before the body on the prairie was discovered and a week after Miss Mitchell disappeared. The chief's informant said that Bartholin had made inquiries concerning a number of places and he was convinced that he was then planning his escape. Acting on this information Chief O'Neill started investigations at the towns mentioned and is now waiting for reports. All of them are some distance away.

In his conversation Bartholin intimated that he was about to leave Chicago, but did not say anything as to his reasons for so doing. It was intimated to Chief O'Neill that Bartholin might have planned this conversation for the purpose of throwing his pursuers off the track, but the head of the police department was inclined to believe otherwise.

O'Neill Trying to Locate Him.

"We have succeeded in tracing Bartholin up to last Wednesday," said the chief, "and there all trace of him is lost. Information has been furnished me by a man who knows him well and who saw him the day before the girl's body was found. He was then making preparations to leave the city, and made inquiries concerning several places. Efforts are being made to locate him in these places.

"I am not positive that he has left town, but it looks as if he had. We shall catch him yet. It is certain he will not commit suicide. We have no fear of that. A man who will take all the precautions he did would be the last man to take his life.

"What Bartholin wants to do is to pose as a bold and dashing criminal. To my mind there is no doubt that he murdered the girl at Seventy-fourth street, but across the street from where the body was found. He then dragged her across the street. The condition of the shoes indicates that."

Lieut. Wood Questions Thompson.

Lieut. Stephen Wood of the Hyde Park police station took a hand at examining Oscar Thompson yesterday. After he had heard the story told to Inspector Hunt rehearsed again, he flatly told the man that it was too improbable for him to believe. This did not shake the man in his story, and he doggedly replied that it was all the information he could give. He said he did not know much about the numerous roomers, who apparently came and went frequently, and was unable to say whether any suspicious characters had lived in the Bartholin house or not.

The police had been informed that Thompson had gone to the office of the gas company, Aug. 1, and asked Supt. McCarthy not to shut off the gas in the house, as he intended to pay the bill, which was overdue. He had explained that the woman of the house was away, and as he left he remarked that he thought there was something suspicious in her absence.

Thompson verified this, and said that he went from the gas office and reported the entire matter to the police. Before he was led back to his cell he admitted that to an outsider there might be much that would appear improbable in his story, but seemed to think that he was justified in taking the word of the woman's son as explanation for her absence, in spite of the peculiar circumstances connected with her seeming departure.

Still Doubts Identification.

The reiterated assertion of Dr. Joseph Springer, the coroner's physician, who held a post mortem on the body found on the prairie, that it could not have been that of Minnie Mitchell, revived the reported disappearance of Grace Lambert, who once lived at Halsted and Seventy-fifth streets. Dr. Springer says that the date of her disappearance, a little over a month ago, would more nearly correspond with his conclusions.

"I can say most positively that in all my experience I have never encountered a body which has lain in the sun for even three weeks which was in such an advanced stage of disintegration as the one found on the prairie at State and Seventy-fourth streets," said Dr. Springer. "Minnie Mitchell had been missing but eight days. If she was found at the end of that time the body would have been in a fairly good state of preservation. I have seen weather where the sun beat much more fiercely upon the earth and a body which lay exposed to its rays for a greater length of time than the one in question was in a much better condition. I have never been able to bring myself to the conclusion that the remains recovered were those of the Mitchell girl."

Dr. Springer also points to the fact that the only identification ever secured was on the clothing found scattered about the prairie. All the records in the coroner's office refer to the case as "an unknown woman."

Kept Out of Bartholin House.

Mrs. Ora A. Young, 576 Forty-third street, lived across the street from the Bartholin house shortly before the aged woman's disappearance. Before moving Mrs. Young stored her piano in the house at 4310 Calumet avenue. After she learned of the added mystery in the supposed elopement of William Bartholin with Minnie Mitchell she tried to get her piano moved from the house. Each time she approached Thompson about it, she says, he gave some excuse and tried to avoid her.

"He seemed to be afraid I was going into the house," said Mrs. Young. "I wrote notes to him and left them at the laundry with requests that he be at the house in the day so that an expressman could get in and move my piano. He never paid any attention to my requests, but once he told me that he could not see how he could help me out in the matter, because of the necessity of his working all day."

It was Mrs. Young who saw the express wagon at the front door of the Bartholin house with furniture loaded on it. The police do not think that this means was taken to cover up a crime, but are inclined to the belief that some of the roomers were moving furniture they owned.

Dig in Basement in Vain.

The diggers attacked the basement again and shoveled wherever there appeared to be a break in the cement floor. They found firm earth, however, and after a time gave it up. The basement bears the appearance of a street just before the paving gang arrives. The rubbish has been cleared out, and during the day there was a big bonfire in the yard. Although nothing significant has been found in the house since Sunday, the crowd of curious ones still fills the alley and sidewalk.

Girl Unable to Give a Clew.

Miss Mary Loesch, 4117 State street, called on Lieut. Backus at the Fiftieth street police station last evening in response to his invitation, but could give no light on Bartholin's recent movements.

"I have not seen him for three months," she said, and Lieut. Backus excused her from a further interview.

Policeman Lyonese of central detail thought he had found Bartholin in the Wellington hotel last evening, but found out that the man was Fred J. Menke before he had gone so far as to make an arrest.

The residents of Guthrie, Okla., are sure that Bartholin was in their town last Sunday. J. M. Brooks, owner of the Hotel Royal, says he recognizes the published pictures of the fugitive as the likeness of a guest. This belief is shared by the clerks and other guests. The man has disappeared.

The report from St. Joseph locates the fugitive eight miles east of the town.

TEN VEHICLES ARE HELD UP.

Indian Territory Bandits Engage in a Wholesale Business, Getting Valuable Booty.

Guthrie, Okla., Aug. 12.—Four outlaws held up ten vehicles containing from one to six persons each in the highway near Chickasha, I. T., and relieved them of over $400, watches, and other valuables, and then compelled them at the point of guns to stand together until the highwaymen were out of sight. A number of the most prominent men of Chickasha were among the victims.

MEXICAN STAGE IS HELD UP.

Three Masked Men Kill Driver Near Mazatlan, Secure Four Thousand Dollars in Cash, and Escape.

Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Three masked men held up a stage coach near Mazatlan, Mexico, secured $4,000, and escaped. Mariano Gordillo, the driver, attempted to whip up the horses and was shot dead. The stage was full, but the passengers were unmolested. A shipment of $4,000 to a bank at Mazatlan was the booty the robbers were after, and when they secured this they allowed the stage to proceed.

For the Summer Vacation.

"Fifty page booklet, entitled "Hints to Tourists," has been issued by the Chicago and Northwestern railway, describing briefly about 200 summer resorts in Wisconsin, Michigan and the northwest, with information as to hunting, fishing, and hotel accommodations at each. Copy may be secured by calling at or addressing city ticket office, 212 Clark street.

PATROLMEN WHO WERE SHOT DOWN AND SCENE OF DOUBLE MURDER.

TIMOTHY J. DEVINE. CHARLES PENNELL.

X WHERE DEVINE FELL.
⊕ WHERE PENNELL FELL.

Patrolmen Devine and Pennell were murdered early yesterday morning in Jackson boulevard, near Ashland avenue, by two men who are supposed to have been burglars. In the exchange of shots it is believed that one of the burglars was slightly wounded in the neck.

WEDDING ENCORE A FROST

ACTOR ASKS THE COURT TO RING DOWN THE CURTAIN.

Benjamin Franklin Bush's Second Entry on Matrimonial Stage Marred by Music and He Declares Drama a Failure—Oak Park Couple Finds Three Months of Married Life a Plenty and Divorce Is Granted—Banker's Wife Charges Cruelty.

After an encore on the matrimonial stage Benjamin Franklin Bush, a Thespian, is anxious to have the court ring down a curtain which will forever separate him from the woman who gave him a recall.

It was two years or more after the death of his first wife that Bush thought he was required to make a reappearance before Cupid's flickering footlights. Then he went down to the vicinity of Boston, where the girls are cultured and wear "specs," and at Point of Pines, a resort near that city, he met his second fate.

He had lived happily sixteen years, he says, with the first Mrs. Bush, and could see no reason why further happiness should not be his, but the music was too fast. They started together at Lowell, Mass., in August, 1899, and shortly after that the orchestra began to make trouble.

This orchestra, according to the petition filed in the Circuit court, was Prof. George Williams. He had been employed to add to the new Mrs. Bush's culture in the way of music. She was a quick student and the professor was an earnest teacher—too earnest, says Actor Bush. That is why he wants to have the curtain rung down and the play stopped.

Drama Has Short Run.

It was a short engagement—only three months from the start at Lowell until Bush clared the drama a failure. The denouement caused Mr. Bush great distress, he says. His bride's conduct, this Thespian declares, was such a shock to him that he was unable to appear in public for some time.

"As long as she was in the city," said Mr. Bush yesterday, "I could not longer live in New York, and I was obliged to sell my home and pictures, and leave the city. I have just returned to this country, and will, in a short time, go back to England, where I hope to forget all about my sorrow."

Frank Bush was originally associated with Tony Pastor in New York. He has been on the stage continually since 1877. He is said by Manager Castle of the Chicago Opera House to be the originator of the Hebrew character delineation.

Divorce Ends Domestic Discord.

A decree of divorce was granted by Judge Chytraus yesterday to Clara M. Wetherell from her husband, Homer S. Wetherell. Incompatibility of temperament was the reason assigned. Mr. Wetherell is an agent for the Elkhart Bridge company of this city. Mrs. Wetherell said she sat up nights trying to think what she could do to make her husband happier, but without success. They were married in 1892 and lived together until 1901. With the exception of two years, when they were in Des Moines, they lived on Oakwood boulevard.

Mrs. Wetherell also said that on one occasion she went down to the lake intending to end her sorrow in a watery grave, but that her husband followed her, and just as she was about to jump in grabbed her and roughly asked her what she was going to do. She told him she was going to end her life, and instead of being kind and gentle with her she said he took hold of her roughly and jerked her home, scolding her at every step.

Three Months Wedded Enough.

Bernard Keller is an insurance man, with home and office in Oak Park. On May 30 of this year he married Tillie Peters. But it is charged that the bride kept late hours elsewhere than in her house, and Judge Chytraus yesterday granted Mr. Keller a divorce. The husband testified that his wife told him she loved another man better.

Banker Sued for Divorce.

Divorce proceedings have been begun against Anthony W. Marggraff, manager of the foreign department of the National Bank of the Republic, by his wife, Margaret Merideth Marggraff. The bill was filed in the Circuit court yesterday and states that this is the second time that she has begun divorce proceedings on account of cruelty. The bill asserts that Marggraff and his wife were married in 1891, and that there are two children, Harold and Arthur. Mrs. Marggraff alleges that at one time her husband attempted to stab her with a pair of scissors.

GIRL SUICIDE A MYSTERY.

DIES AT HOSPITAL WITHOUT REVEALING IDENTITY.

Strange Man Calls Later and Makes Arrangements for the Funeral — Answers All Inquiries as to His Name with "Friedman"—Implies That Deceased Was His Wife, but Refuses to Give Address or Business —Inquest May Explain All Today.

In the death of a young woman at the Chicago hospital from poison, said to have been taken with suicidal intent, another mystery was presented yesterday for solution. The woman was about 20 years old and of attractive personal appearance.

Beyond the fact that she was supposed to be the wife of a man named Friedman, and that the couple occupied apartments in the Highland flat building at 5206 Calumet avenue, nothing is known of the case.

Neither the doctor who treated the woman, the authorities of the hospital where she was received, nor the undertaker who received instructions as to the funeral was able to learn anything more of the man than that he gave his name as Friedman.

One tenant of the flat building said he understood the man had interests at 151 Clark street, but this place was closed last night and there was no name of any kind on the door.

Makes Poison of Matches.

Tips of phosphorous matches, soaked in water until a poisonous solution was formed, and this liquid swallowed was the method the young woman is said to have adopted to end her life. It was twenty-four hours after taking this mixture before death came. During most of that time the woman was unconscious. But during her temporary rational moments she refused to make a statement or answer questions.

Several hours after her death Friedman in some manner learned she had been taken to the hospital and called there. When informed of her death he proceeded to arrange for the funeral. Police of the Fiftieth street station asked him his name, but he declined to give more than has been mentioned. The police believe that "Friedman" is fictitious and that the man has some reason for concealing his identity.

Two months ago the Friedmans secured apartments in the Highland flat building, which they furnished handsomely. "Mrs." Friedman wore fashionable and expensive gowns and frequently went riding in an automobile. The couple were exclusive and made no acquaintance among the other tenants.

Rumors of Differences.

Recently the janitor overheard a conversation which led him to believe Friedman was preparing to leave for Colorado. He also understood that "Mrs." Friedman objected to this and pleaded with him to abandon his intention.

But during the last few days, the tenants say, Friedman had not been seen around the building. Early in the morning and late at night they assert the face of the woman was seen at a window looking anxiously for some one. She was a frequent visitor at a neighboring drug store, also where she used the telephone a great deal.

Then on Monday evening Dr. J. M. Lang, 4800 Prairie avenue, drove hurriedly up to the flat and entered the Friedman apartments. A few minutes later an ambulance was called and the woman was taken to the hospital. There she died last night. The inquest this morning may explain it all.

PREFERS DEATH TO HEADACHE.

Girl Commits Suicide to End Her Suffering—Woman Ends Life While Despondent.

Because she suffered from headaches Sarah Rogers, 17 years old, committed suicide yesterday evening at the Sewall-Clapp envelope factory, 521 Wabash avenue, by drinking carbolic acid. She had complained of the headache all day, and in the evening while working at a table drank acid from a bottle which was on the table.

Mrs. Mamie Jones, 33 years old, was found unconscious yesterday in her room, 46 South Curtis street, by her husband, Lawrence Jones. A cup which had contained carbolic acid stood on a chair. It is believed she committed suicide while despondent. She died at the county hospital.

Charles Schultz, 435 West Belmont avenue, was found dead in the rear of his store yesterday by his wife. The man had drank carbolic acid. Ill health is given as the motive for the act. Schultz is said to have possessed considerable money.

JOIN TO FIGHT TEAMSTERS

BUSINESS MEN ORGANIZE TO PUT CHECK ON BIG UNION.

Purpose Is to Prevent the Drivers from Interfering with Strikes Called by Other Labor Bodies—Three Team Owners' Associations Amalgamated Into One and Officers Chosen—Carrier Boys in Another Walkout—Laundry Girls Quit Work.

Every business man of the city who transports a large quantity of goods by wagons will be invited to join "The Associated Teaming Interests," which has been organized to keep the teamsters from interfering in strikes called by other unions.

The disturbances which followed the packing house drivers' and freight handlers' strikes caused a loss to the city of over $8,000,000, according to a State street merchant, and the business men are determined that it shall not occur again. To prevent this they have organized their association and sent out invitations to the large companies of the city.

Fifty firms already have joined and over 100 more are expected to become enrolled as members when the first general meeting is held tomorrow night at the Great Northern hotel.

Three Organizations in One.

The association is partly the outgrowth of the Coal Team Owners', the Team Owners', and the Express and Van Team Owners' associations. These individually have been unable to hold the teamsters in line, and a joint organization, it is believed, will have more effect.

The move gained its greatest impetus last week when the National Teamsters' union convention at Joliet refused to reorganize the Truck Drivers' union which has a membership of 9,000 men. This body is the strongest of the local organizations and the best equipped to enforce its demands. At the time of the freight handlers' strike it broke from the control of its officers and threatened to tie up the city. President Albert Young of the national body then attempted to divide the local into nine bodies of 1,000 men each, but he failed.

Temporary Officers Chosen.

The interests already connected with the new movement consist of the State street merchants, the ice companies, the van and express companies, the wholesale grocers, and the storage house firms. The officers who were elected at the first meeting are as follows:

President—Frank H. Hebard of the Hebard Express and Van company.

Secretary and Treasurer—John C. Driscoll of the National Team Owners.

Executive Board—R. H. Adams of the Zuttermeister Ice company, Robert Mandel of Mandel Brothers, and A. C. Butolph of the W. M. Hoyt company.

Constitution Committee—John S. Field of the Knickerbocker Ice company, Harry G. Selfridge of Marshall Field & Co., and F. G. Hartwell of the Hartwell Coal company.

Boys on Another Strike.

The boys broke loose again yesterday and had another strike. Forty of the carriers from the Brink Express company decided they were worth $4 a week instead of $3.50. A committee went to see the management of the company and was promised a slight increase if the boys would remain at work. The boys went back.

Laundry Girls Walk Out.

The laundry girls at 244 Thirty-first street and at 147 Huron street went out on a strike yesterday for better pay and no work on Saturday night. They visited the headquarters of the Chicago Federation of Labor and said their strike did little good, as the firms sent their goods to other laundries. This program, the girls claim, is a direct outcome of the meeting of the Laundrymen's Protective association at the Briggs house Monday night.

LUMBER DRIVERS MAY GO OUT.

Promise to Quit Today if Edward Hines Does Not Return and Sign the Scale.

Unless Edward Hines of the Hines Lumber company arrives in Chicago today and signs the wage scale agreement entered into by the Lumbermen's association the lumber, box, and shaving teamsters of every yard, mill, and factory of the city will stop work.

This decision was informally agreed upon yesterday by members of the union, who held a meeting at Horan's hall. Hines represents the Lumbermen's association and is out of town. When he left without signing the scale the men protested, when he did not return they grew suspicious, and finally struck, but returned to work.

Hines telegraphed yesterday that he soon would come and sign the agreement, but the men want it done now.

The scale the men want Hines to sign is as follows: For single horse wagons, $11 a week; for donkey carts, $11 a week; for double horse wagons, $12 a week; for three horse wagons, $15 a week; 22½ cents an hour for overtime with all teams except the three horse, for which the driver is to get 25 cents an hour. The working day is to begin at 6 a. m., a rest of an hour for dinner, and stop at 6 p. m.

DRAMA IN A 17 YEAR OLD GIRL'S LIFE.

MRS. HARLEIGH HOLMES,
NEE CROCKER

Elopement—quarrel—criminal action for nonsupport of the wife—tears and reconciliation. This is the story of Harleigh Holmes and Elizabeth Crocker of Denver. The whole little drama has been enacted since February. The nonsupport case came one day and the next the wife, with misty eyes, on the arm of her husband, was seeking the dismissal of the case. The story began at Loretto convent in Denver in February when the 17 year old girl eloped with her 21 year old husband. They then went to live on Curtis street, Denver, where her guardian, summoned hastily from Chicago by the news of her secret marriage, found them. They left for the south and lived at Albuquerque, N. M., for a time. Their return to Denver and quarrel were recent. In reply to his wife's charge of nonsupport, Holmes averred that she was so indolent that she did not take care of the household as she should. He charged that her inattention to household duties made it impossible to live with her.

ADVISE AGAINST CAR LINE STRIKE

Officers of the Chicago Federation of Labor Plead for Arbitration.

PROGRAM FOR A WALKOUT

Radical Element Insists on Early Action and Crisis Will Come Tuesday.

Officers of the Chicago Federation of Labor met with employés of both the Union Traction and Chicago City railway companies yesterday afternoon and tried to persuade them to live up to their agreements and submit their grievances to arbitration. In spite of the pressure the men announced a program that may result in a general strike next Tuesday morning.

Until yesterday morning the labor leaders had not realized the seriousness of the situation. Then President Lighthall of the federation and his executive committee called a conference of the street car men, listened to their grievances, and counseled with them. Complaints of broken faith on the part of the companies, of imminent danger in the unions, and of low wages were made, but when all had been said the federation officials advised arbitration instead of a strike.

No definite action was taken by the joint conference, which will meet again on Saturday after the Union Traction company's board of directors has passed on the demands of its men. By that time President W. D. Mahon of the general union will be in Chicago ready to take charge of the situation.

This the Strike Program.

The refusal of the federation leaders to sanction a strike caused some bitterness, and the radical element of the union announced the following program:

Wednesday night, when the Chicago City railway men meet at 3856 State street a motion will be made to give the executive committee of the union full power to call a strike Tuesday morning.

Thursday night, should the board of directors of the Union Traction company refuse the demands of its men, a similar motion will be made at the meeting of the Union Traction employés.

Monday night the joint executive boards of both unions will meet to take action.

It was announced during the day that an attempt was made at the joint meeting of last Monday night to call a general strike on Friday of this week. The motion was made by Delegate Curran of the barrymen of the Chicago City railway company, and supported by many of the north and west side men. Only the influence of Organizer C. O. Pratt of the national union prevented action at that time.

The union men set to work last night to gather evidence to support their charges that the companies have broken faith with them. This they will submit to the officials of the federation in the belief that it will influence their consent to a strike.

Arguments of the Conservatives.

Every move of the strike program will be fought. At the joint meeting yesterday Organizer Pratt and his supporters argued that the Federation of Labor could not afford to sanction a breach of contract between union men and employers. They referred to the stand taken by the central body during the freight handlers' strike, and also called attention to the position of President Mitchell of the United Mineworkers' union. They said the men had nothing to lose by arbitration and would risk much by a strike.

Finally one of the conservatives announced that President D. G. Hamilton of the Chicago City railway company was willing to reopen the entire controversy with his men and again consider all of their demands. While the statement was accepted as true, the men said they would not consider it as an excuse for any further postponement of the crisis, as they considered it merely a bid for time. At last adjournment was taken till Saturday.

Both President Mahon of the car unions and President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor have promised to be in Chicago in time to attend the north side meeting. Rezin Orr, treasurer of the international union, also will be here.

BUYS THEATER FOR ONE NIGHT.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt Engages All the Seats at the Knickerbocker in New York.

New York, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt has bought the entire house for one performance of the "Wild Rose" company at the Knickerbocker theater and will take the company to Newport for private theatricals at a dinner she is to give in the near future.

AGAINST NE STRIKE

e Chicago Feder- abor Plead for tration.

OR A WALKOUT

nt Insists on Early l Crisis Will Tuesday.

icago Federation of La- oyés of both the Union o City railway compa- rnoon and tried to per- up to their agreements ievances to arbitration. sure the men announced result in a general strike ing.

orning the labor leaders seriousness of the situa- nt Lighthall, of the fed- cutive committee called street car men, listened nd counseled with them. en faith on the part of imminent danger to the wages were made, but d the federation officials nstead of a strike.

was taken by the joint will meet again on Sat- ion Traction company's is passed on the demands t time. President W. D. al union will be in Chi- harge of the situation.

trike Program.

e federation leaders to aused some bitterness, ment of the union ing program:

hen the Chicago City rail- State street a motion will executive committee of the all a strike Tuesday morn- ld the board of directors of mpany refuse the demands motion will be made at the Traction employés. nt executive boards of both e action.

during the day that an at the joint meeting of o call a general strike on . The motion was made of the barnmen of the ay company, and sup- the north and west side ence of Organizer C. O. l union prevented action

t to work last night to upport their charges that broken faith with them. it to the officials of the lief that it will influence rike.

the Conservatives.

e strike program will be t meeting yesterday Or- a supporters argued that Labor could not afford to contract between union . They referred to the central body during the rike, and also called at- on of President Mitchell workers' union. They thing to lose by arbitra- much by a strike.

onservatives announced . Hamilton of the Chi- company was willing to ntroversy with his men all of their demands. t was accepted as true, would not consider it as urther postponement of nsidered it merely a bid journment was taken till

ahon of the car unions el Gompers of the Amer- Labor have promised to me to attend the north n Orr, treasurer of the also will be here.

R FOR ONE NIGHT.

nderbilt Engages All the Knickerbocker ew York.

2.—[Special.]—Mrs. Cor- has bought the entire ormance of the "Wild the Knickerbocker the- the company to Newport als at a dinner she is to ure.

L'S LIFE.

GIRL'S WEDDING SECRET IS CONFESSED AND "ALL IS FORGIVEN" BY PARENTS.

MRS. JOHN R. WILSON.

John R. Wilson and his wife Edith were surprised last night when informed that their marriage, which took place in Joliet, had become known in Chicago. Mr. Wilson was at his residence, 6201 Wentworth avenue, when shown a telegram divulging the fact that he and Miss Edith A. Graham, daughter of David M. Graham, 5000 La Salle street, had been married by the Rev. C. G. Reynolds, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Joliet. The young folks had gone away quietly last Saturday after business hours, and had returned to Chicago as husband and wife. They didn't tell, and they went to their respective homes. Last night Mr. Wilson went over and confessed to his new mother-in-law and received her blessing. Mr. Wilson is 21 years of age, and is a member of company F, in the First regiment, I. N. G. His wife is three years his senior, and a belle in the Englewood neighborhood.

wife—tears and recon- rocker of Denver. The support case came one husband, was seeking in Denver in February. They then went to live from Chicago by the uth and lived at Albu- were recent. In reply as so indolent that she that her inattention to

CITY IS SACKED BY REBEL ARMY.

American Consulate at Barcelona, Venezuela, Does Not Escape.

WARSHIPS ARE WANTED.

Six Days' Battle Ends in Surrender of Government Forces —Dead Number 167.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PORT OF SPAIN, Island of Trinidad, Aug. 12.—Surrendered by the government forces to the revolutionists after a six day battle, the city of Barcelona, Venezuela, has been pillaged, and a great part of it burned. The American, Italian, and Dutch consulates were sacked, and the consuls have asked for warships to protect life and property. The dead on both sides numbered 167.

Details of the fighting at Barcelona, received here by boat, show that the battle started on Sunday, Aug. 3, and that on the following Wednesday the revolutionists entered the city. They kept up a continuous firing day and night, destroying houses one by one to reach the center of the city.

Government Troops Surrender.

At midnight on Thursday two-thirds of the city was in the power of the revolutionists. On Friday the government strongholds were carried, and the last survivors of the government officers tried to escape by the river to the sea, but failing in this they made one last stand, after which, at noon on Friday, they surrendered to the revolutionist commanders, Gens. Francisco, Monagas, and Flatero.

Among those taken prisoners are Martin Marcano, president of the state of Barcelona, and commander of the government troops, eight generals, and twenty-three colonels.

All Houses in City Pillaged.

All houses in the city were sacked, and in some instances inoffensive women and children were maltreated and killed. All stores were pillaged, especially those belonging to foreigners, and the French cable office was robbed.

United States Minister Bowen at Caracas has cabled the United States cruiser Cincinnati to go to Barcelona without delay and to take provisions. The Topeka is anchored at Porto Cabello, the Marietta is at the Orinoco, the German warship Falke is at Curacos, and the Italian cruiser Giovanni Bausan and the British cruiser Pallas are at La Guayra.

Minister Asks for a Warship.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—Minister Bowen has cabled the state department from Caracas that our consul at Barcelona has informed him by wire that Barcelona has been taken by the revolutionists; that they are sacking the town, and that in his judgment the protection of a vessel should be afforded him immediately. Mr. Bowen says he has cabled the Cincinnati to return without delay. He notes that the Topeka is at Porto Cabello and the Marietta up the Orinoco river.

After a conference between the state and navy department officials in regard to Minister Bowen's dispatch, the following instructions were prepared for the commander of the Topeka at Porto Cabello:

"Vessel needed immediately at Barcelona. If you sail before the Cincinnati arrives from Curacoa leave for it instructions cabled you yesterday."

One Vessel Now on the Way.

Before the instructions were sent the Cincinnati reported its arrival at Porto Cabello, whereupon the instructions were modified so as to direct that one of the ships proceed immediately to Barcelona. This leaves it discretionary with Capt. McLean of the Cincinnati, the senior officer present, to send the Topeka or go himself with the Cincinnati. The vessel which remains will be prepared to land blue jackets at Porto Cabello in case of necessity.

Germany Takes No Action.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—At the foreign office it was said today that the German government knew nothing of the reported intention to land German marines at Porto Cabello, Venezuela, and if the United States had sent a vessel to land marines there it must be for other reasons than the reported German landing. Commanders of German war vessels in the Caribbean, it was added, would not go beyond their discretion, if they considered it necessary to land a force to protect German interests.

India to Build Persian Railway.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12.—The survey of the proposed railway on the Persian frontier having been completed, the Indian government will proceed at once with the construction of the road. It is expected that this railway will revolutionize central Asian trade.

TELLS OF PRINCE'S LOVE.

PARIS PAPER DESCRIBES AMERICAN GIRL'S CONQUEST.

Claims Duchess of Marlborough Sympathizes with Miss Gladys Deacon in Her Dream of Becoming Empress of Germany—Emperor's Demand for Return of Ring Refused Many Times, Then Angry Young Woman Throws It at Diplomat.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 12.—The Matin, continuing to publish details of the love affair between the German crown prince and Miss Gladys Deacon, says that the duchess of Marlborough is in entire sympathy with Miss Deacon in her dreams of becoming an empress. The duchess, the paper says, argues that she married a duke, and why, then, should not her protégé marry a prince of the empire?

The Matin says that the duke of Marlborough was at first ironical, but afterward fell in with the dreams of Miss Deacon and the duchess.

Emperor Demands Return of Ring.

Emperor William, viewing the affair in a different light, sent a messenger to Miss Deacon demanding the return of the ring given to her by the crown prince and saying that the ring was not the property of the crown prince, but was a gift of the Empress Frederick to the German nation.

Miss Deacon, backed by the duchess of Marlborough, indignantly refused to part with the precious love token. Messenger succeeded messenger, each of higher rank and each more diplomatic and caressing in his manner than the preceding one, until at last Miss Deacon, in a fit of anger and wounded love, threw the ring into the emperor's representative's face.

Crown Prince Kept in Room.

Meantime the crown prince was closely confined to his room, and his uncle, Prince Henry of Prussia, was sent to represent Emperor William at the coronation of King Edward.

TELLS HOW TEACHERS DIED.

Army Officer in Charge of Cebu Sends Details of the Massacre on June 10.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Aug. 12.—The army officer in charge in Cebu has sent in details of the assassination of the four American school teachers, John E. Wells of Providence, R. I.; his cousin, Louis A. Thoms of the same place; Ernest Heger of Cincinnati, O.; and Clyde A. France of Berea, O., last month. He says the four teachers were ambushed in the mountains. Two of them were killed at the first fire, and one was shot in the back while running. The fourth fled, but was captured. One of the teachers was buried alive, his wound not being fatal. Two of the bodies were buried deep. The others were disinterred and eaten by dogs.

The bodies of these teachers were found on July 24, after the teachers had been missing since June 10. The police killed the leader of the band of murderers and captured eight other alleged participants in the crime. One man escaped.

The cholera is increasing in Vigan. Eight soldiers and several civilians have died of the disease. Additional doctors have been sent to Vigan from headquarters here.

Maj. Gen. Chaffee left on the transport Ingalls today for a trip to the southern islands. He will be absent twenty days.

GERMANS SING DUEL'S PRAISE.

Release of Officer Who Killed Opponent Greeted with Joy by Comrades in Gumbinden Garrison.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—Dueling was glorified by three days' dining, toasting, and cheering of the pardoned duelist, Lieut. Hildebrandt, by the officers of the garrison at Gumbinden, in east Prussia, where Lieut. Hildebrandt spent the week and before joining the regiment to which he was assigned at Stade.

Maj. Gens. Willich and Grono, commanding in the district, attended a farewell dinner, where Lieut. Hildebrandt and his conduct were toasted. The lieutenant was escorted to the railway station in a degree of state usually bestowed only on princely personages.

Lieut. Hildebrandt, who killed Lieut. Blaskowitz in a duel last November, and who was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in a fortress, was pardoned by Emperor William on July 31, after having served seven months of his sentence.

BRITONS PURCHASE OIL LANDS.

Properties of Hogg-Swayne Syndicate Are Turned Over to an English Company for $2,500,000.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The contract for the amalgamation of the Texas oil properties on Spindle Top, belonging to the Hogg-Swayne syndicate, with the Texas Oil Fields company of England, for $2,500,000, was closed tonight in London by Judge Richard E. Brooks of Beaumont, Tex., who is a member of the Hogg-Swayne syndicate.

AMERICAN GIRL FOR WHOM KAISER'S HEIR WOULD RENOUNCE THRONE

MISS GLADYS PARKER DEACON.

CROWN PRINCE FREDERICK WILLIAM.

Miss Deacon, whose refusal to marry the German crown prince morganatically led to a quarrel between Prince Frederick and his father, the prince declaring he would marry her and give up the throne, is the second daughter of the late Edward Parker Deacon of New York and Boston. She is 20 years old. She is tall and has a slender and graceful figure. Her features and head are pronounced absolutely beyond criticism by the artistic brotherhood, even when judged by the severest examples of classic beauty. Her eyes are large and of a deep gray and are tinged with violet, while her eyebrows are arched, delicately pencilled, and several shades darker than her hair, which is of the purest and deepest golden. She speaks French and German. Her début was at the Vanderbilt-Marlborough wedding, at which she was a bridemaid. The crown prince met her at the duchess of Marlborough's in England. There the prince gave her a ring and a number of presents, and after his return to Germany is said to have written her a letter every day.

GEN. SMITH MAY CONTEST

RETIRED SOLDIER WILL SEEK VINDICATION FOR ACTS.

Brother-in-Law and Attorney for Man Punished for "Kill and Burn" Order in Samar Declares He Probably Will Make Effort to Force Reinstatement—Claims President Overstepped Power, and Army Officers Will Support Their Fellow.

Portsmouth, O., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Statements made here this afternoon by Judge James W. Bannon, brother-in-law of and attorney for Gen. Jacob Smith, indicate that the general will contest the action of President Roosevelt in retiring him as punishment for his "kill and burn" order in the Samar campaign.

Judge Bannon said: "Gen. Smith will remain in Portsmouth for about a month; during that time he will be engaged in formulating his official report to the war department. This report will contain a complete description of the conditions which confronted the American troops in the Philippines, the hardships they suffered, the atrocities of the natives, the circumstances leading to the giving of the now famous order, and will be a complete vindication of Gen. Smith's conduct.

"Gen. Smith will take no action until he consults many of his friends among the officers of the regular army. He will be in attendance at the reunion in Washington, beginning Sept. 15, and will there map out his plan of action with them. The action of President Roosevelt concerns hundreds of officers in the army more than it does Gen. Smith. These are vitally interested in a contest which shall decide whether or not the president may retire any officer who may have chanced to displease him. On this account the general will have the moral and active support of many regular army officers.

"Whether or not the general will fight the case remains with him. He will depend largely upon the opinion of his army friends. I have advised and will continue to advise him to go into the contest with heart and soul. Under the circumstances his army friends can do no less; they are more vitally interested than he. Many of them are now importuning him to begin action at once."

Gen. Smith refuses to discuss his future action.

FRENCH YIELD POINT IN CHINA.

Government Consents to Restoration of Pekin-Shanghai Kwan Railway, but Russia Is Obdurate.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Aug. 12.—The consent of the French was given yesterday afternoon to the restoration of the Pekin-Shanghai Kwan railway to the Chinese, according to the terms of the present agreement, with reservations pertaining to the right of the French to construct the Tien-Tsin-Paoting-Fu line. This consent, however, does not insure the restoration of the Pekin-Shanghai Kwan line, as Russia has not yet agreed to relinquish a small section of the railway, from the Shanghai Kwan station to the great wall, which it declares is necessary to its operation of the Shanghai Kwan-New Chwang line. Russia says it is willing to relinquish this section when the English relinquish the part of the line held by them.

Yuan Shai Kai, governor of Pe Chi Li province, visited United States Minister Conger today and thanked him warmly for the efforts made by the United States to obtain the restoration of Tien Tsin to the Chinese on reasonable terms.

Yuan Shai Kai said the Chinese government realized and appreciated that the restoration of Tien Tsin was due chiefly to the friendly efforts of America.

KRUGER ABANDONS CAMPAIGN.

Proposed Conference of Boer Leaders at Johannesburg Is Countermanded by Former President.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 12.—It is said that as a result of an interview with former President Steyn of the Orange Free state Mr. Kruger, former president of the Transvaal republic, has abandoned his political campaign and countermanded the proposed conference of Boer leaders at Johannesburg. It is unofficially announced that Gens. Botha and Delarey, who, together with Gen. Dewet, are expected to reach England from south Africa next Saturday will be appointed members of the new Transvaal legislative council.

NEW LINER TO BREAK RECORDS.

Kaiser Wilhelm II., Launched at Stettin, Is Expected to Prove the Fastest Liner Afloat.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

STETTIN, Aug. 12.—The steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., the longest vessel in the world, was launched at the Vulcan shipyards today in the presence of the kaiser and a brilliant assemblage, which included the ministers of war, railways, and posts. Miss Elsie Wiegand, daughter of Dr. H. Wiegand, director general of the line, named the vessel. The steamer is expected to break present records.

A number of decorations were conferred on officers of the Vulcan company. Supt. Schluthow received the order of the crown and red eagle of the second class, Director Stahl the red eagle of the third class, and Engineers Hansen and Schwartz the red eagle of the fourth class.

The Kaiser Wilhelm II. is approximately 707 feet long, 71½ feet beam, depth 39 feet, and draft 29 feet. It is of 39,000 horsepower, 19,500 tons displacement, and will accommodate 1,000 cabin passengers. It is expected that the vessel will develop a speed of twenty-four knots an hour.

NATION TO AID CONTRACTORS.

Minister in Ecuador Will Seek Satisfaction for Company That Is Accused of Failing to Pay Employes.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Aug. 12.—Archibald J. Sampson, United States minister to Ecuador, is at present here trying to effect an amicable settlement of a question which is now pending before a local court between the J. P. McDonald company, the American contractors engaged in the construction of the Guayaquil-Quito railroad, and a citizen of Ecuador named Darquea, who claims that the American company failed to pay him for work performed. Jackson Smith, manager of the J. P. McDonald company, was sued by Darquea for the money the latter alleged to be due. Smith, however, escaped from the country and sailed for the United States.

It was announced from Guayaquil Feb. 19 that Jackson Smith had been detained by a police court to answer in the lawsuit of a contractor who claimed several thousand dollars from the J. P. McDonald company, and as a result of which J. P. McDonald was ordered by a police court judge to pay the amount or go to jail.

EARL CADOGAN QUITS IRELAND.

Retiring Lord Lieutenant Says Farewell and Dudley Will Assume His Duties Without Delay.

DUBLIN, Aug. 12.—Earl Cadogan, the retiring lord lieutenant of Ireland, and Countess Cadogan, formally said farewell to Ireland today. The event, which was accompanied with considerable ceremony, took place in the throne room of Dublin castle. A number of loyal addresses were presented. A large guard of honor under command of the duke of Connaught lined the route to the railway station. The earl of Dudley, the succeeding lord lieutenant, will assume office without delay.

BOLIVIA'S SIDE OF THE DISPUTE.

President Pando Explains Concession to Acre Syndicate, Refuting Brazil's Contention.

LAPAZ, Bolivia, Aug. 12.—Congress was opened here on Sunday. President Pando's message said Brazil opposed the proposed lease of territory to the Acre syndicate on the ground that it would be dangerous and would lead to losses. These contentions, however, said the message had not been proved. Bolivia had proceeded correctly, the syndicate had deposited $25,000, and had one year in which to form a company.

The syndicate which seeks to develop the territory under a concession from Bolivia is composed of American and British capitalists. Brazil objected to the concession and Bolivia appealed to the United States.

The efforts of the United States to bring about a settlement have not met with success.

HAYTIAN BLOCKADE IS FUTILE.

Commander of American Gunboat Declares Attempt of Rebels to Cut Off Coast City Ineffective.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—The navy department today received two cablegrams from Commander McCrea of the gunboat Machias, dated Cape Haytian, Aug. 12, in which he reports that the attempted blockade of the port by the revolutionists is ineffective. In the first dispatch he said:

"Have decided blockade spasmodic, therefore ineffective. Notified consuls will protect innocent, neutral commerce."

In the second dispatch, which came later, he said:

"Consider blockade abandoned. American schooner reporting blockader absent."

DOES NOT KISS TOE OF POPE.

Lord Denbigh, Although a Roman Catholic, Does Not Comply with the Vatican Custom.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Globe today rebukes the official organ of the Protestant alliance for publishing a picture of Lord Denbigh, lord in waiting to King Edward, in the act of kissing the pope's toe. The Globe explains that the earl of Denbigh was the king's special envoy to the pope. As a devout Roman Catholic he was personally willing to conform to the custom, but as the representative of a Protestant sovereign he declined to do so. The ceremony was accordingly not performed.

CENSOR BARS NEWS OF KAISER.

Russian Press Is Told Not to Print Information of Movements of Emperor, William.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—[Delayed.]—The Russian press censor warned the press not to describe the German emperor's departure from Reval, where he visited the czar last week to view the Russian naval maneuvers. No explanation of the order was made.

London Choir Sails for America.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The choir which sang at the coronation of the king in Westminster abbey last Saturday sailed today from Liverpool to make a tour of the United States and Canada.

ASSASSIN SHOOTS PRINCE.

GOVERNOR OF KHARKOV, RUSSIA, IS WOUNDED IN NECK.

Culprit Is Arrested After He Also Injures Chief of Police—Secret Society of Enormous Proportions, with Branches in All Parts of the World, Is Discovered—Object Is to Spread Unrest—Anarchist Unwilling to Murder Commits Suicide.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—Prince Obolenski, governor of Kharkov, was fired at four times last night while he was in the main avenue of the Tivoli gardens at Kharkov. One bullet struck the prince in the neck, producing a slight wound. Another bullet wounded Bessonoff, chief of police, in the foot. The culprit was arrested.

Secret Society Is at Work.

VIENNA, Aug. 13.—The Arbeiter Zeitung declares the recent assassination of officials in Russia to be the work of a vast secret revolutionary society which embraces the whole of the empire and numbers 12,000 members, who are drawn from every class of society. The society has ample funds and is well organized, and every member of it has sworn to give his life if required for the cause.

Anarchist Jumps Into Ocean.

ROME, Aug. 12.—The Italian steamer Citta di Milano, from New York July 22, which arrived at Genoa Aug. 9, reports that an anarchist named Sganza of New York committed suicide by jumping overboard while the vessel was off Gibraltar. It is alleged that Sganza had been commissioned to murder a European royal personage, and that he was on his way to Europe for this purpose, but weakened at the last moment and killed himself. Two of his companions disappeared upon the arrival of the Citta di Milano at Genoa.

BRAGG INCIDENT IS CLOSED.

United States to Take No Further Action Against Consul General at Havana Unless Requested.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Unless the Cuban government makes some further representations in the case of Gen. Bragg, the United States consul general at Havana, and indicates that he is not wanted there any more, the United States will not disturb its representative. The complaint of the Cuban minister of foreign affairs over Gen. Bragg's uncomplimentary remarks concerning the Cubans in a private letter to his wife, with Gen. Bragg's explanation that he had a right to say what he pleased to his better half, and that what he said wasn't anybody's business, was sent to President Roosevelt. That was the end of it as far as anybody here knows. President Palma has mentioned the Bragg incident once casually to Mr. Squiers, the United States minister in Havana, but he did not indicate that his government wanted to have Gen. Bragg recalled.

GUARD SISTERS WITH CUDGELS.

Citizens of Finisterre, France, Are Unable to Prevent Closing of Schools by the Gendarmes.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—The commissary at Lesneven, Finisterre, accompanied by a strong body of gendarmes, proceeded today to the village of Geuezec to expel the sisters from schools there. The schools were defended by a crowd armed with cudgels and stones. One gendarme was unhorsed, and the commissary was compelled to retreat, but later he returned with a company of soldiers, who protected him while he closed the schools amid shouts of "Long live liberty."

ALLOT RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS.

Trustees of Will Appoint George Robert Parkin, Upper Canada College Principal, to Prepare Plan.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The trustees of the will of Cecil Rhodes have appointed George Robert Parkin, principal of Upper Canada college, Toronto, to prepare a plan for the allotment of the scholarships provided for in the will.

No Aid for Opponent of Koch.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Dr. Garnault, who is trying to disprove Prof. Koch's theory that human beings cannot contract consumption from bovine tuberculous bacilli, says Drs. Nocard, Richet, and Hericourt have refused to inoculate him again. He adds that he has received letters from eminent German doctors advising him not to drink milk, or he will fall into Prof. Koch's trap.

Lord Salisbury Goes to Homburg.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Salisbury, although ostensibly too ill to attend the coronation, was able to leave for Homburg this morning.

American Lard Is Forbidden.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—A recent Prussian army order forbids the use of American lard in army kitchens and directs that hams must be bought of domestic slaughter houses.

Edelweiss Hunters Die in Alps.

VIENNA, Aug. 12.—Two more Alpine fatalities are reported from Arlberg pass, where two edelweiss hunters fell from precipices and were killed.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25c.

KING HONORS COLONIALS.

EDWARD VII. PRESENTS MEDALS TO THE PREMIERS.

Sovereign Pins Coronation Souvenirs on Breasts of His Subjects from Dependencies and Awards Victoria Cross to Sergeant Lawrence—Troops Pass in Brilliant Review Before the Royal Family at Buckingham Palace—Thanks Them for Services.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 12.—King Edward today received the colonial premiers, who have just completed their labors before the colonial review, and presented them with gold coronation medals.

The review of the colonial troops was brilliant with ceremony. It was a full dress state function and took place in the beautiful gardens of Buckingham palace. There was a large throng of members of the royal family, the prime ministers of the colonies, the Indian princes, and several of the nobility, the attendance embracing practically all the coronation guests.

The troops, numbering in all 1,900, arrived at the palace at 3 o'clock, having marched through streets which were crowded with enthusiastic onlookers. The king's guests assembled on the garden terrace attired in uniform or levee dress. At 4 o'clock the king, wearing the uniform of a field marshal, arrived, accompanied by the queen, who was leading her little granddaughter, Princess Victoria Alexandra of Wales. They were followed by the prince of Wales and two of his sons.

A military band played the national anthem and the king then took the salute. The troops afterward passed in single file by the tent, where the prince of Wales pinned to their tunics the medals, the conferring of which was part of the occasion for the ceremony. The first man to approach the tent was Sergeant Lawrence, who received the Victoria cross. This was affixed by the king. The king said:

"It has afforded me great pleasure to see you here today and to have the opportunity of expressing my high appreciation of your patriotism and the way you distinguished yourselves in south Africa. The services you have rendered the mother country will never be forgotten by me, and I know well, I am sure, cement more firmly than ever the union of our distant colonies with the other parts of my great empire. God bless you all. I wish you a safe and pleasant return to your own countries."

At the conclusion of the ceremony the troops gave three cheers for the king and the queen. The royal family then watched the departure of the troops from the front of the balcony.

MEANS OF REDEEMING LAW FROM DISGRACE DISCUSSED.

Chicago Attorney Tells of the Disrepute Brought on the Profession by Some Dishonest Members.

Niagara, Falls, N. Y., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Means of redeeming the law profession from the disrepute which has fallen upon it through the acts of some of its unscrupulous members were discussed by E. C. Ferguson of Chicago, president of the Law League of America, at today's session of the convention. He pointed out that much could be accomplished in this line by concerted action against the sharks who thrive on the dishonest proceeds of litigation. A certain class of commercial agencies in particular was scored.

In his annual report Mr. Ferguson pointed out that it was not the province of the league to take the initiative in securing legislation, but to aid other organizations which have such an object.

The bankruptcy law Mr. Ferguson characterized as a great protector of the middle classes. It is a protection of the small merchant against overgrasping creditors, he declared. It is also a protection to the small creditor, who thus secures a show of getting his fair share of the assets of a bankruptcy concern.

Laws against trusts were also discussed by the speaker. He made no recommendation for any specific legislation, but declared the courts of the country are the bulwarks which will protect the common people from the kings of finance.

OBJECT TO 'PHONE ASSESSMENT

Long Distance and Illinois Companies Ask Reviewers for Large Reductions.

The Long Distance and the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph companies had an inning before the board of review yesterday and pleaded for a heavy reduction. The assessors had placed a valuation of $183,000 on the property of the Long Distance company in Chicago, of which $100,000 is booked in the south town. The manager gave a list of his south town effects and made the value less than $10,000. He insisted that a mistake had been made somewhere, and the board agreed to look it up. Last year the reviewers put the figures for this company at $107,213. This year the total valuation in the county is $270,680.

Atd. Novak appeared as attorney for the Illinois company to protest against a valuation of $500,000. This sum, however, is equally divided between the telephone and telegraph company, and the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph Construction company.

Mr. Novak insisted that the former has nothing that anybody could assess, and $100,000 would be the right valuation for the latter. The board will investigate.

PLOT TO WRECK INFIRMARY.

Inmate of Adams County, Ind., Hospital Found in Possession of Large Quantity of Dynamite.

Decatur, Ind., Aug. 12.—A plot to destroy the Adams county infirmary and to kill the forty-four inmates was unearthed today.

A. W. Butler, secretary of the state board of charities, was making an inspection of the buildings, and in the room of Charles Echerman he found a pile of rubbish, which he ordered removed. There was found buried beneath the rubbish sixty pounds of dynamite, two two pound dynamite bombs, and 115 feet of fuse. Echerman has been an inmate of the infirmary over twelve years and was recently reprimanded, and since that time has been sulky.

When the discovery of the dynamite was made today Echerman disappeared, but was caught tonight at Chattanooga, O. He had a large dynamite bomb in his pocket.

SILVER MAY RUIN MEXICANS.

Depreciation of Metal and High Gold Premiums Cause Suspension of Many Contracts.

Mexico City, Aug. 12.—Owing to the depreciation of silver and the high gold premium various large contracts are held back and some have been suspended. Many houses that had contracted for machinery or other articles at an exchange 25 points lower than the present rate will lose money. Many business men feel that it is only a question of time when the country will go on a gold basis. No importer can make calculations regarding future prices, and this uncertainty prevents the fullest measure of business activity here.

NEW HEAD AT ADRIAN COLLEGE.

Dr. T. N. Lewis of Maryland Is Chosen President of the Michigan Institution.

Adrian, Mich., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Dr. T. N. Lewis of Western Maryland college, Westminster, Md., was selected by the trustees of Adrian college today to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of President David Jones, who will enter active ministerial work. The new president, it is said, will continue to devote part of his time to Western Maryland college.

ANOTHER TO QUIT BALFOUR CABINET

Resignation of Duke of Devonshire Now Believed to Be Certain.

CHANGE IS IMPORTANT.

New Ministry May Carry Education Bill, but Is Looked Upon as Temporary.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 13, 2 a. m.—The resignation of the duke of Devonshire from the council has not yet been announced, but it is expected with confidence by well informed politicians before October. The king may have urged him to retain the office at the special audience previous to the meeting of the council, but it has been understood in the inner circles of the government supporters for a fortnight that he was bent upon following Lord Salisbury and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach into retirement.

If this resignation comes, Balfour's cabinet will lose, with the exception of Joseph Chamberlain, almost the only member possessing great influence in the country.

The more closely the new cabinet is studied the more artificial and temporary it appears. The series of political compromises that effected it may succeed in carrying the education bill in October by a reduced majority, but it lacks the political authority required for retaining the confidence of the country.

Balfour Will Be Cautious.

There is little in the suggestion that Balfour is riding for a fall. The new prime minister is not likely to attempt to break off his career before it fairly has begun. There is no ground whatever for the suspicion that Joseph Chamberlain is disloyal to Balfour and seeking to take his place when the reputation of the present unstable cabinet is exhausted.

A shrewder forecast, which is made by one of the most promising and best informed men in parliament, is that Chamberlain will be prime minister within three years by virtue of the principle of the survival of the fittest, and the education bill, with which he is not identified, may bring about this result, even at an earlier period.

Colonial Assemblage Disperses.

The colonial assemblage, which has kept the Hotel Cecil in a hubbub since the middle of June, is breaking up. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will start with Sir Gilbert Parker today for the Channel Islands and Paris, and will visit Rome before returning to London in September. He will not discuss the work of the imperial conference, but it is an open secret that he has exerted a decisive influence in keeping the colonies out of what he calls the vortex of European armaments.

There was, without a doubt, a vigorous effort on the part of Chamberlain to concentrate attention on this subject as the most available ground for common action, but there has been a complete failure to commit the colonies to the costly policy of a military and naval defense of the empire.

Subsidies Problem Sidetracked.

This question, apart from the increase in the Australian naval contribution, remains where it was, and the steamship subsidies have not been taken out of the hands of the colonial ministers interested in working out the plans for a fast mail service in the Atlantic and Pacific.

Preferential trade is remanded to the serious consideration of the British and colonial governments and taxpayers. It had been recommended tentatively within the bounds of the existing tariff arrangements.

I. N. F.

DR. WILSON DENIES ARREST.

American Explains Part He Took in Expedition Against Nicaragua—Fighting in Colombian Army.

Columbus, O., Aug. 12.—In a letter written to a cousin in this city, Dr. Russell Wilson of Norwalk, O., who was reported to have been condemned to death by the Nicaraguan government for participating in the filibustering expedition, says he has never been arrested and never was in danger. The doctor says in substance:

"Several months ago I joined the Colombian regular army with the rank of major surgeon. Colombia and Nicaragua were at variance and I was placed on board the gunboat Gen. Pinzon as a surgeon to accompany the expedition. We tried to land at Bluefields at night, but, a high sea suddenly coming up, fifty men only were able to land, and at daybreak we were fired on from the forts and forced to retreat, leaving the fifty there. That may account for the story getting out that I was arrested.

"The expedition I was with was not a filibustering one, but one under the direction of the regular Colombian army."

LAW TO REGULATE FISH STORIES

Wisconsin Legislator Will Introduce Bill to Squelch Tellers of Yarns Regarding Their Catches.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—W. T. Woodward, a La Crosse attorney who introduced into the last Wisconsin legislature a bill containing drastic restrictions against the marriage of people incapacitated by disease from bearing healthy children, has drafted a bill which he will present to the legislature this winter, the purpose of which is to prevent the telling of "fish stories." The bill provides that every fisherman must, under penalty of fine, register the weight of every fish taken exceeding one pound in weight. It provides for the appointment of a state officer with county deputies, with whom register shall be made, and whose duty it shall be to see that the law is enforced.

YE GARDENER'S CORNER

The rudbeckia, the canna, and the dahlia no weather can discourage or dishearten. Something can be done, even now, with cannas in pots.

"Patience, is a virtue" would seem to be the motto forced upon the gardener this season. Much patience is needed when it rains every day or night.

The hardy annuals are gathering strength for next season this summer. This knowledge should comfort the disappointed amateur longing for bloom.

The pot idea is worth noting for those flower lovers who do not care to put new earth in rented gardens, or who have begun too late. A few well selected pots of vivid bloom will transform a lawn or veranda.

Never be afraid to try transplanting, even when experienced plant workers say it cannot be done. If the nasturtiums in the back garden are especially fine take up in the dusk of the morning, shade all the first day, and cover bare spot.

Few people realize the value of the wild cucumber for bouquets, as well as a kindly and most beautiful cover-all. Its feathery white blossoms are admirable with almost every kind of flower and are sweet to see.

The sensitive plants grown from seed should be transplanted to the winter pots now. Place picked moss in the bottom of the pots, then a little good plant food, and fill up with good soil passed through a fine sieve. Shelter from the weather a little, and the delicate beings will do well.

The portulaca—"rose moss" to our mothers—is proving its worth this rainy summer. Blooming as profusely as though the atmospheric conditions were perfect, it needs only a scanty smile of sunshine to show a small sea of color—white, golden, scarlet, crimson, purple, almost what you will.

Liquid fertilizers, made by diluting any good plant food, natural or commercial, with warm water, allowing it to cool, and straining off or straining, will produce blossoms, often, when all else fails. Nature believes in a plentiful supply of nourishment, and it is difficult to offer her too much assistance of this kind.

KANKAKEE BOARD DIVERTS INQUIRY

Prosecution of Witness Causes Delay, but Some Testimony Is Heard.

POLITICAL TAX ADMITTED

H. H. Ball Acquitted and Rearrested—Unable to Get Lawyer in Small's County.

(Continued from first page.)

"The court finds there is not sufficient evidence to bind the defendant over."

State's Attorney Cooper had been used by Trustee Small to prosecute the case, and he and Trustees Small and Murphy at once went before Justice Hanna and swore out another warrant against Ball, charging the same offense of which Justice Nichols had just found him innocent. He was arrested shortly afterwards and taken before the second official, whose son holds a good position by favor of Senator Small.

By this time Mr. Orr had gone back to the asylum to attend the investigation there, and before he could be sent for Ball's case was set for 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, and he was sent to the jail for the night.

Citizens Fear to Sign Bail Bond.

An attempt was made to procure bail for him, but it proved useless, citizens freely acknowledging they did not care to incur Senator Small's ill will by interfering in the case, and there Ball will have to stay until morning. Then if Justice Hanna holds him over an application for a writ of habeas corpus will be sought from some judge in Chicago, and the case transferred to some place outside of this jurisdiction and the peculiar influences of Kankakee county.

Testimony at the Asylum.

In the meantime the investigation at the asylum had dragged. In the morning Attorney William H. Fitzgerald offered Dr. Dewey, the former superintendent, as a witness, and A. S. Wright, one of the members of the state board of charities, at once objected.

"He has not been at the asylum more than a couple of times for ten years," said Mr. Wright.

Dr. Glenn, another member of the board, also objected, saying he was opposed to the investigation being turned into an exploitation of a civil service law, and Ensley Moore, still another member of the board, and Col. J. Mack Tanner, its secretary, joined in the chorus.

"I propose to show by Dr. Dewey, who is recognized all over the country as an expert alienist," said Mr. Fitzgerald, "these things: "The value of female physicians in women's wards of a hospital, it being acknowledged there are none in this one, although there once were; the character of attendants necessary to secure good results in an institution of this kind; the result of allowing the pathological laboratory to go into decay, as it is acknowledged the one here has; generally that the entire institution has deteriorated of late years and is not in so good a condition as it was before the present management took hold."

Four Overrule Judge Gibbons.

Judge Gibbons, however, was the only member of the board who was willing to listen to what Dr. Dewey had to say. The other four members voted against the admission of his testimony and it was ruled out.

Then Mr. Fitzgerald offered Dr. Stearns, now of Lake Geneva, but formerly the head of the medical staff here, to testify to the same things which Dr. Dewey was called for.

He was refused, as four members of the board declared that the question whether the hospital was in as good a condition now as formerly was not a proper matter for the state board of charities to inquire into. Dr. Glenn also made his speech about civil service reform over again.

Supt. Corbus Offers Witnesses.

During the afternoon session the early hours were taken up listening to testimony put in by Supt. Corbus. John Bowen of Chicago, whose wife is a patient, testified that he had visited the institution several times and never found anything wrong. He said he was well satisfied with the treatment his wife had received.

Ora McIntyre, Mary Barber, and Emma Cole, all nurses in the institution, were called and swore they had never seen any abuse of patients. Miss McIntyre and Miss Barber had had charge of Dr. May Weinberg while she was here and testified that she was a troublesome patient, exacting in her demands for attention, and subject to hallucinations. They specifically denied the charges Mrs. Weinberg made of ill treatment at their hands while she was here.

Corbus Takes the Stand.

Then Supt. Corbus was put on the stand, and acknowledging the truth of the charge made by James Hill the night before that he seldom visited the wards, claimed he could do better work by calling to his office patients he wished to see.

"I venture to say," said Dr. Corbus, "I know more patients by sight and name than any man who ever held my position."

"Have you ever collected political assessments from employes?" asked Mr. Fitzgerald.

"I have collected voluntary contributions," replied Dr. Corbus.

"Five per cent a month on each salary?"

"Yes."

"By whose direction?" persisted Mr. Fitzgerald.

"That of Senator Small."

"Whom did you pay the money over to?"

"The state central committee."

"Republican or democrat?" inquired Mr. Fitzgerald jocosely.

"Republican," answered Dr. Corbus solemnly.

Ex-Attendants' Formal Charges.

During the morning James H. Hill and J. C. McKee, two former attendants, filed the formal charges that had been required of them the night before, and Senator Small going on the stand denied the truth of all of the charges except the one that he had a horse on the farm belonging to the state. This horse he claimed he was entitled to use, as it conveyed him from the farm to the asylum.

The charges of Hill and McKee in detail were:

"First—That cruelty was inflicted within a year on a patient by three attendants and witnessed by A. E. Huber of Kankakee.

"Second—That political assessments have been made and all employés drawing $50 a month and over were compelled to pay 5 per cent of their salaries for that purpose. Witnesses, Dr. Hart and Dr. Foster.

"Third—That employés were discharged for failure to pay their political assessments. Witnesses, William McDonald, John Childs, and A. E. Huber.

"Fourth—That a carload of cheese was bought which was unfit for food. Witness, Charles Jewett, Bradley, Ill.

"Fifth—That an engineer of the institution was so drunk within the last year that he had to be put out of the engine room several times. Witness, Charles Jewett, Bradley, Ill.

"Sixth—That Trustee Small has been using a horse belonging to the state since oat sowing time last spring. He brought this horse back on Aug. 6. Witness, Farmer Enos and Engineer Clifford Vicroy.

"Seventh—That liquor has been stolen from the institution. Witnesses, George Chagnon and A. E. Huber.

"Eighth—That cruelty was inflicted on a patient within a year, the patient being kicked by an attendant. Witness, W. J. Elstone.

Employes Used for Politics.

"Ninth—That George Irwin, a stenographer in the employ of the institution, was taken from the institution to Chicago to do political work and drew pay from the state during such time. Witnesses, George Irwin, Senator Small, W. G. Stearns, and V. Podstata.

"Tenth—That political work was done by Attendants W. E. Estes and Mr. Schroeder, Mr. Ghents, Bert Sawyer, Mr. Saltsgiver, J. J. Foraker, and M. Pelittier, prior to the last republican state convention, which took them away from the institution for several days, during which time they drew pay from the state. Witnesses, the above.

"Eleventh—That political work for the benefit of Senator Small was done at the institution prior to the last republican state convention. Witnesses, Miss Lindsley, Charles Rayhorn.

"Twelfth—That Carpenter Munich worked seventeen days on a china closet for Mr. Buck while drawing state pay. Witnesses, Emil Sieffert, W. W. Elliott, James Tennis.

"Thirteenth—That water used for cooking purposes in kitchens is unreasonably dirty during spring and summer and should be and could be filtered at the institution. Witnesses, Trustee Powell and Charles Rayhorn.

"Fourteenth—That the May meat bill for the year 1902 was exorbitant and the money was not judiciously expended. Witnesses, Trustee Powell and Charles Rayhorn.

"Fifteenth—That Mr. Wagner (supervisor) had stated that Mr. Pelitier was useless to the institution, but that they were compelled to keep him because of the political influence behind him. Witnesses, Mr. Rogers and Harvey Sprague."

Supervisor Wagner's Drinks.

William Wagner, the supervisor of the attendants, was called to deny the story that he and Hill had been drunk together in the ward. He acknowledged that he and Hill had been in town together drinking, and on their return to duty had collected $1.25 from the attendants there at work and got more whisky with it, but claimed Hill was the instigator.

"You were Hill's superior officer, were you not?" asked Attorney Cassidy.

"Yes."

"Did you ever report the occurrence?"

"No."

"What did you do after you got back?"

"Went to bed. I was, however, in better shape to put Hill to bed than he was me."

"Kind of a case of horse and horse, was it not?" asked Mr. Cassidy, but there was no reply.

Patient Injured by Attendant.

At the evening session a former employé, W. J. Elstone, testified as to a case where an inexperienced attendant had temporarily crippled a patient named Arthur Babb by too tightly strapping his hands, and that an attendant, Edward Mills, had kicked a patient named James Alexander in the stomach. Mills, however, had been discharged for it.

Before the inquiry was adjourned until tomorrow a long list of nurses and other attendants were all called and asked such questions as:

"Did you ever notice any instances of cruelty to patients?"

"If such had occurred would you not have seen it?"

"Is the hospital conducted in a proper manner?"

All of these the same answers, satisfactory to the management, were given. The witnesses were:

Mrs. Toler, Miss Carroll, Mrs. Gertie Bauer, Miss Fitzgerald, Miss O'Connor, Miss Josie Quinn, Miss Hoffman, Mrs. Osborne.

DESIRES A THOROUGH INQUIRY.

Former Woman Patient at Kankakee Suggests Reforms That Would Prove Beneficial There.

Alton Limited, En Route to St. Louis, Aug. 11.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Having formerly been a patient at the Eastern Illinois Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee, Ill., I am naturally desirous that the pending investigation of that institution should be thorough and to some purpose. Just at present, I am going to St. Louis, from there to Jefferson, O. T., where I have made my residence since March, although I still consider myself a citizen of Illinois, not intending a permanent residence in Oklahoma.

It would afford me great pleasure to be able to help in the smallest manner in a general upheaval at Kankakee, especially if, by any manner of means, Len Small's political power over officials and attendants alike could be broken. I have been committed to Kankakee twice, first in 1895, and again in 1898. Dr. Gapen was superintendent at first, and Dr. Stearns the second time. The latter appealed to me as the more conscientious superintendent.

Dr. Corbus is only known to me as one of the older physicians, who, as far as I know, is competent, were he allowed carte blanche. While no flagrant abuses came under my notice, and I was ill treated but once by an attendant, it would seem a much needed practice, to both patients and attendants, to have this investigation thorough, and strictly under the auspices of state societies that cannot be reached by political influence.

Trained nurses in every department would cost the state too much, probably, which might better be spent in suitable food and better sanitary arrangements, but some instruction should be insisted upon before the attendant enters upon the probationary month, unless she can show credentials of previous experience, or is a trained nurse, who has had the special training in nervous diseases. A strong, healthy minded, kindly person only needs tact to make an excellent attendant, but without kindness and tact a patient is better off under the care of any well disposed servant.

An illiterate attendant, with highly developed ideas of his or her personal attractions or superiority of position can work much harm with a refined or sensitive patient, especially those who have been accustomed to elegant surroundings, considerate attention, or to exercising much authority over others. Food and work should be more closely apportioned to individual needs by competent physicians. Mail and complaints of any kind should not have a censorship by attendants, but the supervisor should hear all complaints about work, food, or abuse, unless the doctor has plenty of time to attend to it.

In any case, all orders should be approved by the physician. Women physicians of irreproachable reputation and high order of intellect should have charge of certain cases among young people and older women, who should never be kept in the same wards or allowed to associate with other patients unless convalescent. A parole system might be devised by which patients might be watched, unknown to themselves while on parole, if they were assigned certain sections of the grounds for exercise, and a guard detailed for parole duty who had a previous knowledge about the patients expected in that quarter at that time.

The cottage system is admirable under correct management, but more competent nurses or matrons are needed in the cottages, who may superintend orderlies or manual laborers, who should attend to furnaces, scrub floors, or clean house. Such work is necessary for all, but I maintain that only those previously accustomed to manual labor should be compelled to perform it, and then only after a thorough physical examination by the physician appointed in their ward.

Men attendants should never be allowed on the women's side, either to visit or walk with patients, and never be allowed to accost women patients on parole. Dances and entertainments seem beneficial to patients in a fairly normal condition, but an attendant who will use ungentlemanly language to a patient with whom he is dancing is no more fit to be allowed admittance than an irrational patient. Words cannot describe the disgust aroused by an official, medical or otherwise, who so far lowers himself as to suggest improper things to a convalescent patient, whom he has reason to know needs moral restraint, not temptation. It will be easier to demand an investigation periodically if insane asylums and all institutions for treatment of nervous diseases were inspected by government officials who could testify before a higher court.

EMMA DYER.

MISSOURI MOB LYNCHES TWO MEN WHO KILLED A FARMER.

Negro and White Man Taken from Lexington Jail by Masked Crowd and Hanged to Tree.

Lexington, Mo., Aug. 12.—Charles Salyers, white, and Harry Gates, negro, were taken from the county jail by a masked mob at 1:30 this morning and lynched. They were charged with killing George W. Johnson, a wealthy farmer, who surprised them at his henhouse a week ago. Salyers made a statement to the mob, saying Gates fired the shot that killed Johnson.

Salyers and Gates were arrested on the day following the shooting, after an exciting chase. Johnson was one of the wealthiest men in the community, and the feeling against the two men was intense. A mob gathered while they were being brought to town, but was quieted by the officers.

Last night armed men came to town by twos and threes, most of them masked. They massed in the court yard. The mob was orderly. A demand on the jailer for the prisoners meeting with refusal, the mob broke in the outer door, and made quickly for the cells of the men. It took thirty minutes to cut through the steel doors.

Salyers was taken out first, then Gates. The mob started for a point half a mile south of town. There Salyers was granted permission to make a statement. He said Gates had shot Johnson, and that when the last shot was fired Gates had hold of Johnson. Johnson exchanged shots with the men, and Gates was wounded. Salyers' statement finished, the men were strung up to a tree. There they were left hanging. Only one shot was fired, and that was to put out an incandescent light in front of a livery stable.

OUTLAWS LOOT CHINESE TOWN.

Oregon Bandits Wreck Houses, Abuse Placer Miners, and Rob Them of Their Treasure.

Boise, Idaho, Aug. 12.—Outlaws at Mormon Basin, in the Malheur country in eastern Oregon, have wrecked a settlement known as Chinatown, occupied by Chinese placer miners. The outlaws set fire to the houses occupied by the Chinese. The latter gathered up their money and rushed out, only to be met by the robbers, who knocked them down and relieved them of their treasure. Twenty-two houses were burned.

TWO SOUVENIR COINS FOR FAIR.

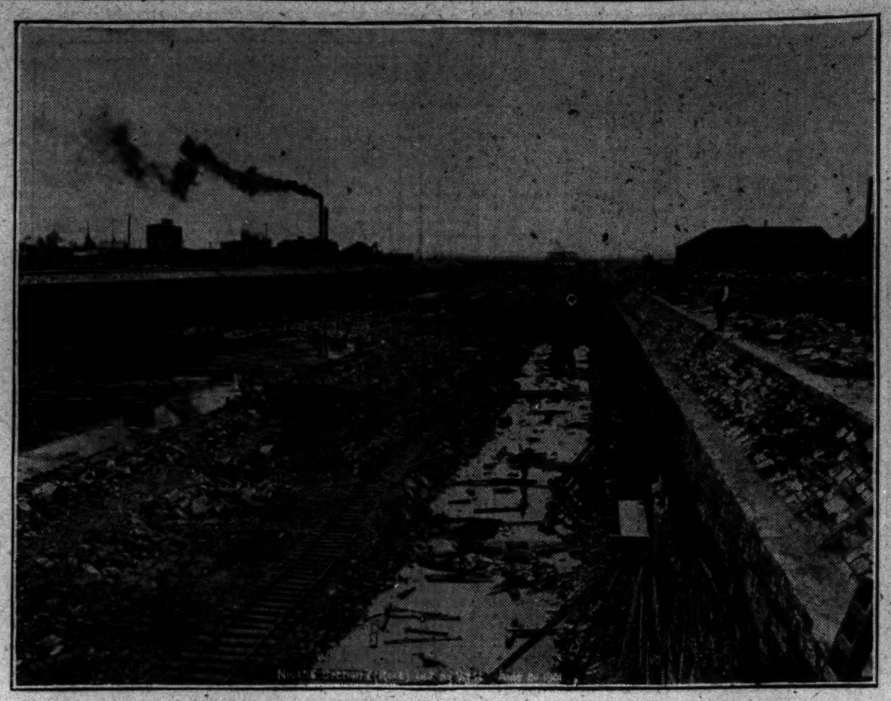
Secretary Shaw Decides to Issue 250,000 Gold Dollars for St. Louis Exposition.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 12.—President Francis of the Louisiana purchase exposition has received a letter from Secretary of the Treasury Shaw saying he has decided upon the coinage of two distinct souvenir coins for the exposition. There will be coined 250,000 gold dollars, and one-half of this number will contain the head of Thomas Jefferson and the other half the head of William McKinley.

Muskellunge Fishing.

Electric lighted sleeping cars leave Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway at 6:30 p. m. each Friday during August for Star lake, Minocqua, etc., the famous fishing waters of northern Wisconsin. Round trip tickets on sale at reduced rates. Reservations and tickets at ticket office, 95 Adams street.

WATER IS TURNED INTO POWER CANAL AT THE SOO.



Sault Ste. Marie, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Water is flowing into the water power canal of the Michigan-Lake Superior Power company. At 10:30 o'clock last night, without a spectator save the workmen, the sluiceway was opened and water began to pour in. When the Soo awoke this morning it was to find the canal partly filled and the tide steadily rising. The filling at the present time is in the nature of a test. It is probable all the water will be pumped out again before it will be used to drive the turbine wheels.

The Michigan-Lake Superior company's water power canal is the largest private enterprise of its kind in the world. Between four and five years have been consumed in its construction, an army of workmen had been employed, and the cost approximates $5,000,000. The first excavation for the canal was made twelve years ago, but the project at that time was insufficiently financed and after expending about $200,000 the company which exploited the scheme failed and its holdings were taken over under foreclosure proceedings.

At the beginning of the present operations F. H. Clergus and his associates bonded the project for $3,500,000 and before a spadeful of earth was removed sold one-half of the power to be developed at a good figure, thus assuring investors a good income from the outset.

The canal is designed to produce 40,000 effective horsepower from dynamos operated by turbines. The fall secured by the building of the canal is nineteen feet, this being gained by the construction of a waterway two and a third miles long, cutting the city of Sault Ste. Marie into two parts, taking the water from a point above the famous Soo rapids and delivering it again to the river at a point a mile below the entrance to the government ship canals.

The canal is on an average twenty-two feet deep and 224 feet wide, deep enough and wide enough to float the biggest vessels that navigate the great lakes.

Of the total length of the canal, 4,100 feet is cut through solid rock. The remainder of the canal, traversing earth, has been lined with the best timber procurable in northern Michigan, the amount used for this purpose being 15,000,000 feet.

The greatest precautions have been taken to secure the canal from possible accident, as a giving way of any portion would mean a disaster of great proportions not only to the company but to the city as well.

The company which has conducted these immense operations was organized by F. H. Clergus and is comprised largely of eastern capitalists. The Michigan-Lake Superior company, the builders and owners of the canal, is a subcompany of the Consolidated Lake Superior company. The latter company has a capital of $117,000,000 and has for its purpose the development of the tremendous resources which are found in the vicinity of the two Soos.

It is the plan of the company to utilize the power developed by the new canal at once. If a sufficient number of plants are not forthcoming to make use of the power the company stands ready to construct plants with its own capital until every horsepower is working twenty-four hours a day 365 days in the year.

ELKS TAKE STATE OF UTAH

SALT LAKE CITY GIVES ORDER A HEARTY WELCOME.

Twelve Thousand Strangers Gather in the Mormon Tabernacle to Hear the Annual Addresses and Reports—George P. Cronk of Omaha Elected Grand Exalted Ruler by Acclamation—Gov. Wells Speaks at the Annual Reunion—All Sections There.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 12.—Utah and Salt Lake City extended a hearty welcome to the hosts of visiting Elks at the Mormon tabernacle today. Facing many thousands of members of that fraternity, representatives of every section of the country, Judge O. W. Powers bade them welcome to the city and all it contained, while Gov. Heber M. Wells laid before them as their own the state of Utah and the riches thereof.

The meeting, which followed an immense military and civic parade, marked the formal opening of the annual reunion of the grand lodge of Elks and was attended by Elks in such numbers that even the capacity of the great hall of worship was taxed to the utmost.

All Sections Represented.

Elks were present from practically every state in the union, and even the Hawaiian islands were represented. Probably 12,000 visiting Elks are in Salt Lake City tonight, forming, according to Exalted Grand Ruler

GEORGE P. CRONK.

[New grand exalted ruler of the Elks.]

Pickett, one of the best and most representative gatherings of the fraternity he had ever seen.

The meeting of the grand lodge was held in assembly hall this afternoon, and after the annual report of Grand Exalted Ruler Pickett had been delivered and other reports presented, the election of grand officers for the ensuing year was taken up. This resulted as follows:

Grand exalted ruler—George A. Cronk, Omaha.
Grand leading knight—W. B. Vrock, Lexington, Ky.
Grand loyal knight—Judge A. H. Pickens, Denver.
Grand lecturing knight—Joseph E. Henning, Anderson, Ind.
Grand secretary—George Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich.
Grand treasurer—E. S. Orris, Meadville, Pa.
Grand tyler—Charles Kaufman, Hoboken, N. J.
Grand trustee—J. D. O'Shea, Boston.

Most of the elections were by acclamation, there being contests for only one or two of the minor offices.

Street Fairs Are Opposed.

Grand Exalted Ruler Pickett took strong grounds against the growing practice of holding street carnivals and fairs. These enterprises, he held, were more productive of harm than good to the order, and he recommended that they be either regulated or even altogether prohibited.

The report of the secretary showed the order to be in an exceedingly prosperous condition. An increase in membership of about 26,000 during the last year was shown, bringing the total up to about 125,000. The number of Elk lodges in the United States was reported at 866, an increase of eighty-five during the year. This without effort to increase either the membership or number of lodges. The treasurer's report showed the organization to be prosperous financially.

An adjourned session of the grand lodge was held this evening, at which a number of minor reports were heard and other routine business disposed of.

Contest for Next Meeting.

At tomorrow afternoon's meeting of the grand lodge the most interesting fight of the reunion will take place when the question of the next annual meeting place will be decided. Baltimore and Saratoga Springs are making a vigorous fight for the honor and the result cannot be forecasted.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEET.

Biennial Convention at San Francisco Opens with Addresses of Welcome.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12.—The biennial convention of Knights of Pythias was formally opened today. Walker C. Graves of California delivered a welcoming speech. Gov. Henry T. Gage sent a message of welcome, which was read by Myron Wolfe. Supreme Chancellor Fethers responded in a humorous speech to the welcome of the governor, assuring him that the knights would make the best of their stay in San Francisco. The first business was the conferring of the degree on twenty delegates who had never attended a supreme lodge. The committee on credentials reported the delegates all entitled to their seats. Supreme Chancellor Fethers, in his annual report, said that on Dec. 31, 1901, the order had 540,138 members.

ORDER OF EASTERN STAR MEETS

Grand Chapter Opens Thirteenth Annual Convention at Joliet, Ill., with Large Attendance.

Joliet, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The thirteenth annual convention of the grand chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star (colored) opened here this morning. The convention will last until Thursday. The delegates represent Illinois and adjacent territory. Chicago has a large delegation, there being seventy delegates from that city. Today's session was devoted to reports of officers. A feature of the morning session was an address by Mrs. Eva Lewis of Chicago. This evening there was a public reception. Mrs. S. J. Blane of Joliet, matron of Ruth chapter, gave the address of welcome, and there was a response by Mrs. Lewis, the worthy grand matron. Mayor Richard J. Barr also spoke.

PLANS FOR M'MILLAN FUNERAL.

Special Train Bearing Body Will Leave Manchester, Mass., Today—Will Lie in State at Detroit.

Manchester, Mass., Aug. 12.—The special train bearing the body of the late Senator James McMillan of Michigan to Boston will leave here at 11 a. m. tomorrow. A slight change in the funeral arrangements has been made. The McMillan residence at Detroit will be open to the public Thursday afternoon and the funeral will be held on Friday from the house. The burial will be private. It has been decided to have no service at Eagle Head before the departure of the family tomorrow.

House Committee Is Named.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—Speaker Henderson has designated the following members of the house as the committee on the part of the house to attend the funeral of Senator McMillan at Detroit next Friday: Speaker Henderson, Representatives Richardson of Tennessee, Babcock of Wisconsin, Burton and Southard of Ohio, Alexander and Belmont of New York, Corliss, W. A. Smith, H. C. Smith, S. W. Smith, Washington Gardner, Hamilton, Sheldon, Weeks, Aplin, and Bishop of Michigan, and Mahony and Hopkins of Illinois.

WALTER A. SCOTT IS BURIED.

Remains of the Capitalist Killed in a Chicago Business Dispute Are Taken to Merrill, Wis.

Merrill, Wis., Aug. 12.—The remains of the late Walter A. Scott, the capitalist, who was killed in Chicago last Saturday, arrived in the city this morning, accompanied by Mrs. Scott and son, relatives, and friends. The funeral was held from the Scott Memorial church this afternoon under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity, the Rev. H. A. Talbot of De Pere officiating. The flags on public buildings were at half mast.

OBITUARY.

THE REV. ELZEAR J. THERIEN, Chicago, assistant pastor of the Church of Notre Dame, died yesterday. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in the church. Interment will be at Calvary.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"MISSOULA." Two New Collars. "TETONKA." E. & W.

E. & W.

YATES REBUKED; TURNER CHOSEN.

Republicans of Fortieth Senatorial District Nominate Vandalia Man.

REFUSE TO AID HOPKINS.

Delegates Take 402 Ballots Before Selecting Candidate, but Unite Against Governor.

Pana, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Judge George Turner of Vandalia, Fayette county, anti-Yates and anti-Hopkins to a bitter degree, was nominated for the legislature in the Fortieth senatorial district by the republican senatorial convention on the 402d ballot late tonight. The battle began at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon and ended at 11 o'clock tonight. Turner's nomination was accomplished by Shelby county's seventeen votes. The Hopkins and administration men in the convention, with the Christian and Cumberland delegations, fought to the last ditch and compelled the convention to vote down a resolution instructing for Hopkins.

C. E. Abrams of Taylorville moved that the nominee be instructed to use all honorable means to secure the election of Hopkins to the United States senate, and the combination that nominated Judge Turner defeated the resolution.

Turner Bitter Against Yates.

After Judge Turner's nomination a motion was made to reconsider the vote by which the convention decided against resolutions. The motion to reconsider was tabled by a vote of 32 to 27. It was after this that Abrams insisted upon humiliating his candidate. Judge Turner went through the preliminary county campaign making bitter attacks upon Gov. Yates and the state administration. Mr. Hopkins cannot expect, nor will he get anything from Turner.

The nominee is Judge Hamlin's candidate, and in the main will be guided by the wishes of the attorney general.

Deadlock Continues for Hours.

For a long time during the afternoon it seemed as if the convention was in a deadlock. There were four counties in the district and each had a candidate for minority member of the assembly, the new district being 2,400 democratic. At the county conventions each candidate was permitted to name his delegates to the senatorial convention. No one county had sufficient votes to nominate and each candidate named senatorial delegates.

For hours Christian county continued to cast its eighteen votes for Walter M. Provine of Taylorville. Cumberland county cast its nine votes for C. M. Connor, Fayette county its fifteen votes for Judge Turner, and Shelby county its seventeen votes for William H. Beem.

This was the vote without a single break for 148 ballots, when the convention adjourned for supper. The calling of the roll was resumed when the convention convened after supper and the delegates again voted as they did through the afternoon.

George D. Chaffee, Shelbyville, was temporary chairman, Judge Grundy of Christian county and John T. Bingham of Lafayette secretaries. Later the temporary organization was made permanent.

Hopkins Has No Chance.

Before the convention began balloting all chances of instructions for Hopkins disappeared. John A. Bingham of Vandalia moved that there be no committees either on contests or resolutions, and that there be no resolutions. After a short fight the resolution was adopted by a vote of 36 to 23. Christian county, instructed for Hopkins, voted 18 votes against the motion. Of the 9 votes from Cumberland county instructed for Hopkins 4 voted for the motion and 5 against it.

Shelby and Fayette counties were not able to combine on a candidate, but they got together on the motion.

Hopkins' friends expected to nominate Provine of Christian county and get rousing instructions for Hopkins. The early action of the convention blasted their hopes.

David Niedbury, Senator Mason's cousin, arrived to get instructions for Mason, and the resolutions put him out of business with Hopkins.

Shelby and Fayette delegates were more bitterly opposed to Yates and the state administration than they were to Hopkins. Neither delegation was instructed.

PRESIDENT HAS ONE GUEST.

William R. Grace of New York Calls at Sagamore Hill—Schedule of Indiana Tour.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—William R. Grace of New York was the only guest at Sagmore Hill at luncheon today. There were rumors that he came on business connected with some of the South American disturbances. This was denied, and it was explained that Mr. Grace had written saying he was going to pass through Oyster Bay on a driving trip, and would like to pay his respects at Sagmore Hill. He was invited to come to luncheon.

Will Spend One Day in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 12.—President Roosevelt will be in Indiana on Tuesday, Sept. 23. Indianapolis will have him for three hours and thirty minutes. The president's train will arrive at Logansport at 6 o'clock and will come on to Indianapolis, arriving at 8 a. m. Leaving Indianapolis at 11:30 a. m., the president will go to Muncie. Thirty minutes after arriving there he will leave for Kokomo, where he will stay thirty minutes, will be off to Logansport, where there will be another stop of thirty minutes.

He will reach Columbia City at 5:30 o'clock and thirty minutes later depart for Fort Wayne. One hour will be spent in Fort Wayne and the president's party will go from there direct to Chicago. The president will speak at each of the seven cities.

Congressional Nominations.

State.	District.	Nominee.	Politics.
Ohio	8	W. R. Nevin	Dem.
Kentucky	1	C. H. Linn	Rep.
Pennsylvania	7	C. E. Ingersoll	Dem.
Wisconsin	8	J. H. Davidson	Rep.

Nervous?

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

quiets and strengthens the nerves, allaying their weakened and irritated condition, which causes wakefulness, nervousness and exhaustion. It improves the appetite, cures stomach ailments and induces refreshing sleep. Insist on having

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Horsford's name on every genuine package

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State-st

Burlington Route

A Sleeping Car Berth Chicago to Denver $2.50

Our 11.00 p. m. train from Chicago, in addition to the standard sleeping cars, will carry a Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car on the following days: August 1 to 14; August 23, 24, 30 and 31; September 1 to 10, all inclusive. The price of a double berth in one of these cars, comfortably holding two persons, is only $2.50 from Chicago to Denver. These Tourist Sleepers are very nice and comfortable, have all the conveniences of a standard sleeper, but of course are not so elaborate in finish—not so luxurious.

Round Trip Tickets to Colorado $25.

For space in the Tourist Sleeper and for tickets, call at

C. B. & Q. Ticket Office, 211 Clark St. Telephone Central 3117.

Lackawanna Railroad

$18 to New York

3 Splendid Trains Every Day

Solid Vestibuled New Pullmans Luxurious Coaches, Smokers, Dining Cars, Observation Cars

The Scenic Line

Tickets, 103 Adams-st. GEO. A. CULLEN, G. W. P. A.

PEREMPTORY SALE

For Underwriters' Account,

One Million Pounds of GRAIN AND FEED

Comprising Corn, Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Chopped Feed, and Bran, damaged by water and smoke in the

BADENOCH ELEVATOR,

17th Street, Near Leavitt.

Sale begins this morning at the elevator. The stock will be sold in large or small lots to suit buyers.

This sale offers a rare opportunity to owners of horses, cows, poultry, etc., to supply themselves with feed and grain at low prices. Sale conducted by

Chicago Grain Salvage Co.

708 Tacoma Bldg.

Telephone Main 1810.

WONDERS OF X-RAY WAVES.

[They cure malignant diseases.]

Cancer, Tuberculosis growth, tumor ulcers, and terrible skin diseases positively cured by pleasant improved X-rays. New discovery prevents all danger of burns.

TUBERCULAR KNEE CURED.

Mr. Henry A. Meyer, the credit man of L. Gould & Co., wholesale woodenware, 50 Wabash-av., Chicago, cured of tubercular knee which had existed nine years.

LUPUS AND CANCER CURED.

R. C. Comstock, merchant, of Barrington, Ill., is being rapidly cured of Malignant Lupus.

Edwin Callender, 243 E. Main-st., Galesburg, Ill., Cancer [Carcinoma] of the breast.

R. M. Miller, 6417 Minerva-av., Woodlawn, Ill., Epithelioma [Cancer] of the lip and cheek, the same kind that caused the death of General Grant. Call for the free X-ray examination. Dr. Bell, Specialist, Master of the New Treatment, recently from the Universities of Europe, Suite 24, No. 91 State-st., opposite Marshall Field's, second floor, stairs or elevator.

Ready-to-wear means more than "ready-made;" some shirts, even made-to-measure, are never "ready-to-wear."

Shirts for all uses, at almost all prices. Cluett and Monarch brands. Good collars for 'em, or any other good shirt. Our name in them is your guide. Ask your furnisher.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

YE CORNER FOR YE COOK

When a cake contains too much flour or has baked too fast it will sink from the edges or rise up sharply with a crack in the middle. If cake has a coarse grain it was not beaten enough or the oven was too slow.

If you desire nice lemon cakes, take a coffeecupful sugar, two-thirds teacupful butter, half teaspoonful soda dissolved in tablespoonful hot water, and flour enough to roll thin; flavor highly with grated lemon peel or extract.

For a yellow cream sauce beat the yolks of three eggs until thick; add three tablespoonfuls milk and three-quarters cup sugar; cook in double boiler, stirring until boiling; remove from fire and add tablespoon vanilla.

Every one likes puffs. Mix a cupful of milk with two well beaten eggs, tablespoonful flour, four tablespoonfuls sugar, two of butter, and the grated rind of a lemon. Beat five minutes and bake quickly in well buttered saucers.

Fish which are best suited for broiling when split open are mackerel, bluefish, shad, young cod, trout, and whitefish. Smelts, perch, and small trout may be broiled whole, while halibut, salmon, and swordfish broil well in steaks. Cod, haddock, whitefish, shad, bass, small salmon, and bluefish may be baked whole, while the best fish for boiling are small whole cod, haddock, and thick pieces of salmon, halibut, and swordfish.

Baked omelette: Put one pint of milk in the double boiler; melt half a tablespoonful of butter, add half a level tablespoonful of flour; when the milk is scalding hot add the butter and flour and stir until boiling and the milk thickened a little; pour this into a dish and when quite cool add the yolks of two eggs beaten, then add the whites of the eggs beaten stiff and dry; bake in a moderate oven until firm in the center, about twenty minutes; serve as an egg dish or with broiled steak and chops.

EXTRA SESSION TO GIVE CUBA AID

Doubt as to President's Calling Senate Together Practically Removed.

TREATY NOW IS READY.

Treasury Officials Make Efforts to Meet Demand for Crop Moving Money.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE }
Washington, D. C., Aug. 12. }

Practically all doubt has been dissipated as to President Roosevelt calling an extra session of the senate for the purpose of ratifying a commercial treaty with Cuba. Official intimations have been received here which indicate that the senate will be convened in November, although no definite conclusion has been reached. Before congress adjourned, and after it became apparent that no legislation for the relief of Cuba would be adopted, President Roosevelt announced that he would call an extra session for the purpose of considering this question.

Extra Session to Aid Cuba Thought Certain.

It was his original intention to convene congress immediately after adjournment, but as the situation became so involved the leaders advised the president that it would be impossible to secure action at that time, owing to the strong opposition to Cuban reciprocity. Col. Roosevelt deferred to the wishes of the leaders, but he is still determined that the question shall be presented to congress before the regular meeting time.

Rumors have been current here to the effect that the president would call the senate in session in September or October. After looking into the situation the president has come to the conclusion that until after the elections it will be impossible to secure the cooperation of the democrats, which is necessary to muster the two thirds vote necessary to ratify a treaty. Already a treaty with Cuba has been practically prepared, only the finishing touches and the signatures of the representatives of the two governments being necessary to put it in shape for presentation to the senate. It is intimated that the session will be called immediately after the elections, although this point has not been definitely decided.

Grave consideration is being given by treasury officials to supplying the circulating medium necessary to move into market more than 3,000,000,000 bushels corn and wheat. It is clear to them, in consideration of the last crop report, that the combined wheat and corn crops alone will exceed by nearly a billion bushels the crop of last year. Secretary Shaw said today that the treasury was making preparations to meet the demand from western banking centers for notes of small denominations to meet the expenses of the crop moving period.

Big Crops Create Great Demand for Money.

Treasurer Roberts said the treasury was never so well equipped to meet these demands as now and that the outlook was most encouraging, with no sign of a distressing stringency in the money market. Two years ago, when the corn crop was large, the crop moving season was a period of great stringency in the money centers, and it was seen then that measures must be devised to avert a repetition of the stringent condition of money.

Last year, on account of the severe midsummer drought, the corn crop was light, and the season of moving crops passed without any severe tax upon the country's circulating medium. Now the prospect is that the corn crop will be a record breaker, while the wheat crop is certainly above the average. The treasury is better prepared to meet the situation, however, and the prospect is that the money stringency will be much less severe than it was two years ago.

Elaborate preparations for this enormous crop movement have been in process for nearly a year. In anticipation of large crops, the treasury has had a number of notes of small denominations printed, and the increased output from the bureau of engraving and printing has gone on so steadily that the total volume of paper currency on hand is now $561,580,000, as against $526,290,000. The number of separate pieces of paper money on June 30, 1902, was 136,721,600, as against 87,111,000 a year ago, so the increase seems to be largely in notes of small denominations.

Notes of Small Denomination Circulated.

The increase represents in large proportion notes of $20 and under, a large number of fives and tens having been printed. Shipments of paper currency of small denominations are now being made from the treasury to Chicago and other money centers of the west adjacent to the crop areas.

During this calendar year the shipments of this kind have amounted to $5,845,000, as against $3,900,000 in the same period of last year. The volume of circulation throughout the country has increased during the last year by a large amount. On the first of last July the total circulation was $2,260,750,242, or nearly $200,000,000 more than it was at the end of the fiscal year of 1901. There is a slightly unfavorable sign, however, in the fact that the total circulation declined during the last two months by about $6,000,000. This is regarded as only a drop in the bucket, when the great volume of the country's paper currency is considered.

It was thought at one time that the withdrawal of circulation by the national banks would have an adverse effect on the money market during the crop moving period. There were withdrawals during the last fiscal year amounting to more than $20,000,000, the cause being, as the secretary of the treasury believed, the advanced price of government bonds, which made it more profitable for the banks to withdraw their bonds from the treasury than to keep them there as security for their own circulating notes.

Banks Not Taking Money from Circulation.

Within the last few months, however, there has been a great increase in the national bank circulation secured by lawful money in the treasury. The net increase in national bank notes has, in fact, kept pace with the increased volume of the general currency. Last week national banks withdrew from the treasury $350,000 worth of bonds, but there was deposited in the treasury in the same week $1,148,050 to secure circulation. The amount of bonds held by the treasury for the security of bank circulation June 30 was $317,086,580, as against $326,-118,580 a year before, but much of the circulation for bonds withdrawn for that period is still outstanding against the cash paid into the treasury.

Incidentally this fact is cited as showing that Secretary Shaw's action in suspending the bond purchase inaugurated by his predecessor has not had the bad effect on national bank circulation that some critics said it had. The treasury officials are naturally hopeful that there will be no necessity for the treasury to come to the aid of the banks by extraordinary deposits of federal revenues, or by any other measure during the coming crop moving season. The increased deposits of federal money during the last few months ought to be of assistance, the officials believe, in relieving any danger of stringency. The deposits of this kind are now $110,002,515, as against $106,390,363 at the beginning of the present calendar year.

Capt. Frank A. Barton, the army officer in charge of the Sequoia National Park in California, has advised the interior department that he intends to prevent depredations on that reservation. It has been charged that the soldiers who are on duty in that place are in the habit of shooting the deer. Capt. Barton has made a report to the interior department in which he says:

Game and Forests in Sequoia Park Protected.

"Forest Ranger Britten reported to me that one camping party had endangered the giant forest by failing to extinguish its camp fire June 26 last. In this case, I believe, the publicity of a reprimand due to the prominence of the offending parties will meet the ends of justice. The tourist travel through the giant forest, which is really the Sequoia park, over the Old Colony mill road will increase from year to year as the road is improved and extended and the park becomes better known, and it seems to me that the first duty of a superintendent is to prevent the forest from destruction by fire, which can only be done by properly impressing on the tourist public the danger of a neglect of the regulations regarding fire.

"I might state here that I have received numerous written communications and have been spoken to by many civilians regarding the alleged killing of game by the soldiers on duty in the park during past seasons, and Forest Ranger Britten furnished me with such data in regard to the matter as he was in possession of, in compliance with instruction. With so many detachments from the main camp in charge of noncommissioned officers it is a difficult matter to prevent an occasional violation of the regulation regarding hunting in the park, but there is a way absolutely to prevent it, and I have adopted it, as I am determined that no such charge shall be made under my administration. I have required and continue to require every man leaving the supply camp here at Keweah to turn in his carbine and carbine ball ammunition before leaving, so that my men on detached service will be armed only with the revolver."

Arrangements are being made to examine the candidates from civil life for appointment to second lieutenancies in the army. The examinations will be held, beginning at 9 a. m., on Sept. 1, before boards which will be convened at Chicago, New York city, Leavenworth, St. Paul, Denver, Omaha, San Antonio, San Francisco, and Vancouver barracks, and any other points where it seems necessary to hold examinations.

Tests for Army Vacancies Set for Sept. 1.

The local board will be governed in this work by instructions which have been prepared by the central board in Washington and the questions to be submitted to candidates will be identical. These questions also have been prepared by the central board, and here the markings will be made. This central board is composed of Col. F. C. Smith of the artillery corps, Maj. E. P. Fuller, Tenth cavalry; Capt. C. C. Clark, Fifth infantry, representing the line; and Maj. L. A. Lagarde and Capt. F. P. Reynolds of the medical department.

The recorder of the board is Capt. C. W. Kutz of the corps of engineers. The medical officers attached to the local boards will, of course, conduct the physical examination and will make a report to the central board. The local boards will also determine the ratings on oral reading, the paragraph to be read being identical in all the examinations, and being designated by the central board. There need be, therefore, under this arrangement no fear that there will be distinctions or disadvantages by reason of these local examinations. The fact that the averages are determined by the board in Washington and that the examinations have also been outlined by that board, gives a uniformity in results which will be impartial.

Naval officials are still in a quandary over the problem of providing officers for the ships which are shortly to be placed in commission. These vessels are the Maine, Arkansas, Maryland, Bainbridge, Adams, Baltimore, Newark, and Texas. There are few officers at present available for these billets and there are no ships which it seems to be possible to transfer from the active list. Of course, the officers who are brought back from the Asiatic station will take the places of officers on shore duty and thus furnish some of the personnel for the ships shortly to be commissioned, but even allowing for the officers thus available, it looks as if the department would have difficulty in furnishing vessels with a full complement of commissioned officers.

Officers for New Battleships Are Scarce.

Today's issue of the patent office Gazette contains record of thirteen patents on apparatus for the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy, granted to Reginald H. Fessenden, an expert of the weather bureau in Washington. The patents include a device for signaling by magnetic waves, a current actuated wave responsive device, and a conductor for a wireless telegraphy apparatus. The apparatus for which patents have been granted to Mr. Fessenden was used by the government in the competitive tests of wireless systems held on the Carolina coast some time ago, in which the government apparatus proved to be superior to all other systems tried.

Weather Official Gets Wireless Patents.

SUPREME BENCH REARRANGED.

Appointment of Judge Holmes Necessitates a Change in the Order of Seating Justices.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—The retirement of Justice Gray and the appointment of Judge Holmes to the bench of the Supreme court will cause a rearrangement of the positions occupied by the members of the court when they meet in October. The associate justices are seated according to seniority, alternately on the right and left of the chief justice. Following this custom, when the court convenes, the present associate justices will move up one seat, with the exception of Justice Harlan, who as senior member of the court occupies the first seat to the right of Chief Justice Fuller. Judge Holmes will occupy the seat to the extreme left of the chief justice.

As now constituted the court will sit in the following order:

To the right of the chief justice, Justices Harlan, Brown, White, and McKenna.

To the left of the chief justice, Justices Brewer, Shiras, Peckham, and Holmes.

Judge Holmes was admitted to the Supreme court bar Jan. 16, 1879. His first and only case before the Supreme court was "United States vs. Amos et al.," Jan. 17, 1879, in which a decision was handed down in his favor.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS AND POLICE RAZE STREETER'S SHANTY; CAPTAIN IN SILK HAT "HIKING" TO THE TALL WEEDS.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

Deputy sheriffs and the police yesterday ejected Capt. George Wellington Streeter from the "District of Lake Michigan" and razed his shanty. The expected resistance by the captain did not materialize further than in a flow of words. The ejectment was in pursuance of a recent order by Judge Chytraus, who held that Streeter had no right on the land.

STREETER OUT, IN, OUT!

"CAPTAIN" IS EVICTED; RETURNS AT NIGHT AND IS LOCKED UP.

Deputy Sheriffs, Police, and an Ambulance Invade the "Deestrick of Lake Michigan," and the Old Warrior and His Following Land in the Street—Maria Gives Friendly Farewell—Her Husband Tries Another Invasion and Is Arrested.

"Captain" George Wellington Streeter and his following were evicted from the "deestrick" of Lake Michigan yesterday afternoon, but the "Cap'n" would not stay "evicted." At an early hour this morning he attempted another invasion, and as a result he is now locked up in the East Chicago avenue police station.

Three policemen guarded the disputed territory through the night. Streeter and two of his lieutenants were encamped in the driveway adjoining. Some time after midnight the officers heard sounds which seemed to demand investigation, and they found Streeter moving furniture from the street to the district.

As the policeman stepped out in sight Streeter reached to his pocket, where he had a revolver, but he was seized by the policeman and disarmed.

What the "captain" denounced as a "high-handed" outrage occurred in the afternoon, when the courts of Illinois again meddled in the affairs of a sovereign state. The result of the afternoon raid was that Streeter, his wife, and Mrs. James McManners and her baby found themselves sitting on the remains of their household effects in Chestnut street.

The "deestrick" was in ruins. The captain's shanty had been pulled down and torn to pieces. His lettuce and beets had been ruthlessly torn up by the roots. Even his woodpile had been carried off, and there was not one brick standing on another to mark the spot where the Streeters ruled, fought, and bled.

Deputy Sheriff Henry Spears, backed by five other deputies, and protected by Inspector Campbell, Lieut. Miller, a squad of policemen, and an ambulance, wrought the devastation on a writ of restitution issued in Judge Chytraus' court in favor of Mrs. Louisa Healy.

Language Fails the Captain.

The police brought the ambulance along to carry off the dead and wounded, but the captain proved docile. A correct report of what he said while the invaders demolished his truck garden would exhaust all the lower case "ds" in a printing shop, and if there were any left they could be used in what "Maria" said, but there were no hostilities.

"Capt." Streeter was found unexpectedly in Chief O'Neill's office when the invading force started, and he marched along at the head in his suit of green flannels and silk hat, nervously biting at a cigar. When the "deestrick" was reached 'Maria" stuck her head out of the door of the shanty.

"What they going to do now?" she asked.

"You jest git back in ther' an' behave yourself," was the ungallant response of her spouse, who asked for a truce while he gave a formal warning to the invaders that he considered their action illegal and several other things.

"That's all you wanted to say, wasn't it?" asked Deputy Spears. The "captain" admitted it was, and the deputies went at the house.

"Please don't hurt my baby," exclaimed the plaintive Mrs. McManners from the inside. She was reassured and appeared with her child in her arms. The warlike Maria also put in appearance, carrying a valise.

Farewell by Maria.

"Good-by, boys," she said. "I'm going to the brickhouse. I've had enough of that shanty anyway."

With that good natured parting she disappeared through the weeds, but presently came back, looking as if she had failed to find the "brickhouse." Meanwhile the shanty was coming down in pieces. The captain and his emaciated white dog trotted forlornly around the scene until a piece of the roof fell on George Wellington and nearly put his silk hat out of business.

The captain skipped skittishly off into the weeds and watched the rest of the destruction from afar. The deputies toiled wearily over the stoves, carrying them from the wrecked house to the street. They wanted the captain to help with the stoves.

"It's not my job," he said.

The ambulance began to look rather sickly standing out in Chestnut street while the peaceful eviction was being made.

Only a Wordy Warfare.

"The last time we were here there was bloodshed," explained Lieut. Miller. "Then we thought that Mrs. McManners might need it for her baby."

The last was palpably an after-thought. The redoubtable police believed there was going to be a pitched battle before the captain left his "deestrick." The only warfare he offered was a wordy one. Attorney Arthur B. Wells, representing Mrs. Healy, was called a "skate" and a few other things. Streeter thanked the deputies for their courteous behavior.

"You are the only gentlemen who have been in the 'deestrick' for a long time," he said.

Sympathy for Mrs. McManners.

A large gallery of fashionable spectators from the north side followed the play. The spectacle of Mrs. McManners and her baby, seemingly deprived of their only shelter, moved several women to pity. One sent her little daughter to offer her home to the evicted woman. Another slipped a banknote into Mrs. McManners' hand.

As soon as the place had been cleaned out carpenters began erecting a fence to inclose the property of Mrs. Healy. This occasioned a fresh outburst from the captain.

As the invaders moved away Streeter and their allies were sitting on their household property. George Wellington loomed up dimly in a cloud of tobacco smoke, with his silk hat somewhat bunged. He was swearing vengeance, uttering warnings, and declaring that he would move back.

As stated, he did move back early this morning, but his stay was of brief duration, and he is now in a police cell.

BANKER HITS AT LAWYER.

TESTIMONY IN THE PETER POWER CASE IS CONTRADICTED.

Camille Weidenfeld Denounces Statements of Attorney Lamb as False—Says He Never Met Complainant, but Believed Him Wealthy and Honest in His Desire to Test Legality of Railroad Merger—Much Wanted Man to Appear Tuesday Next.

New York, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Camille Weidenfeld, banker and broker at 45 Wall street, formerly Thomas W. Lawson's business associate in the firm of Lawson, Weidenfeld & Co. of New York and Boston, was the chief witness today at the hearing before Examiner R. A. Mabey in the famous suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific road.

Lawyer George A. Lamb had testified yesterday that Power was merely a dummy employed by Weidenfeld and Lawson. Today Weidenfeld swore point blank that Lamb's testimony to that effect was false. He had never met or seen Power, he said; had never paid or employed him, and was under the impression, conveyed to him by Lamb, that Peter Power was a wealthy man inspired by an honest desire to test the legality of the merger that resulted in the formation of the Northern Securities company.

Power to Appear Next Tuesday.

When the proceedings began Lawyer Lamb asked for an adjournment to enable him to take United States Marshal Henkel and show him Peter Power. Lawyer Guthrie refused to consent. Later on Lamb told Marshal Henkel that Power would appear in the federal building at 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning, Aug. 19.

Mr. Guthrie's examination of Lamb was largely devoted to questioning him as to his clients in the Power litigation. The names of C. Weidenfeld, H. Content, and Harry Stern were all brought up again, and Lamb would not make any admissions as to who the clients are. Lamb said $10,000 or $12,000 had been paid him since the Power suit began, but he declined to tell who paid him. He did say that not one of the brokers mentioned ever gave him a dollar.

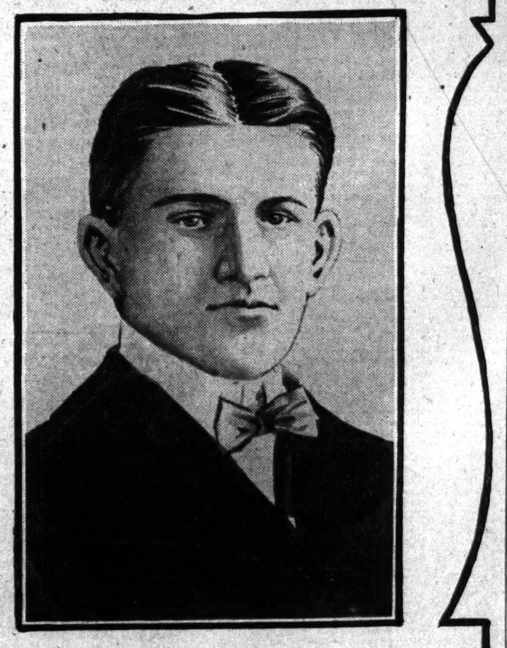
Wall Street Tips as Pay.

Lamb declared that he had paid Power nothing, that Power had needed no money; he had been "tipped off" to several good things in Wall street and had all the cash he needed.

"Did Mr. Weidenfeld ever tell you he wanted somebody punished for the panic of May 9?" asked Mr. Guthrie.

"He has expressed his indignation of the matter," said Mr. Lamb in reply. "He said they ought to be gotten after, but that they were too strong."

SEEKS COLORS WHICH ATTRACT MOSQUITOES.



W. G. SACKETT.

What color is most becoming to the mosquito? That is a problem that it being worked out in the laboratories of the University of Chicago by one of that school's young scientists, W. G. Sackett. The problem has a practical as well as a scientific value, for if it can be shown that some colors do not appeal to the mosquito's sense of the beautiful, a suggestion is at once given how to paint summer cottages, and what color clothes should be worn when the New Jersey pest is in evidence.

In a large glass cage containing mosquitoes Mr. Sackett has placed twelve cups covered with cloth of different colors—red, black, white, green, and various shades of blue and pink. At certain times of the day he counts the mosquitoes assembled on the various colors. So far the red and black have attracted the most.

Mr. Sackett goes next week to Raleigh, N. C., to become instructor in zoology in a school of mechanical arts. He will continue his investigations there. He says an eastern scientist has carried out a similar series of investigations and has prepared a table showing the number of mosquitoes alighting during a period of seventeen days on surfaces of fifteen different colors. They run in part as follows: Navy blue, 108; reddish brown, 81; scarlet, 59; slate gray, 31; leaf green, 17; pearl gray, 9; light blue, 3; white, 2; orange, 1; and yellow, none. He says the inference is obvious—wear yellow gowns and shirts and paint your houses the color of the Chinese flag.

DEADLY RECORD OF RAILS

TWO KILLED, FOUR INJURED, IN ONE DAY'S ACCIDENTS.

Steam Roads Claim Six Victims Within Twenty-four Hours at Hammond, Ind., a Series of Casualties Which Startles Citizens There—Contractor Makes Fatal Jump from a Fast Express—Farm Manager Attempts to Board Moving Train, Being Killed.

Within twenty-four hours a series of railroad accidents at Hammond, Ind., resulted in the death of two men and the injury of four others. The six were victims of five distinct accidents in the town, a record that has startled the citizens there.

The Dead.

CAHILL, JOHN, Hammond, Ind.
DAVIS, WARREN M., Sterling, Ill.

The Injured.

Muth, John, Lowell, Ind.; seriously injured by falling from train.
Stein, John, Crown Point, Ind.; skull fractured and injured internally.
Walker, Samuel M., Hammond; both legs taken off; taken to St. Margaret's hospital; may die.
Williams, Thomas, Hammond; skull fractured and body cut; taken to St. Margaret's hospital.

Fatal Jump from Express.

Cahill was a contractor for the Michigan Central railroad company. He was returning on the fast western express of that road from Niles, Mich., where he had attended the funeral of his father. The train does not stop in Hammond, and Cahill jumped while it was going at a high rate of speed. He was found by pedestrians unconscious near the tracks and expired before he could be moved.

Davis was a farm manager, formerly of Sterling, Ill. In going from Hammond to Highland, Ind., he attempted to board the Erie freight train, and slipped and fell under the wheels. He was beheaded and dismembered by the cars, which passed over him.

Falls from Moving Train.

Williams and Walker, on their way from Indiana Harbor, alighted from a Lake Shore train while it was in motion. Both were drawn under the wheels. Walker fell backwards and had both legs cut off. Williams saw his companion fall and jumped after him, also receiving serious injuries.

Stein is in the hospital at Crown Point in a serious condition. He was walking down the Erie track and sat down on the rail to rest. He evidently went to sleep and failed to hear the approach of the New York limited, westbound, which struck him and hurled him fifty feet.

Muth fell from an Erie flyer just inside the city limits at night, and his body was not discovered until the next morning. He will recover, and was sent home to Lowell.

Wreck Ties Up a Railway.

Warsaw, Ind., Aug. 12.—An expensive wreck on the Pennsylvania road between Winona and Warsaw happened late last night, smashing two locomotives and twenty freight cars, loaded with farming machinery and merchandise, entailing a loss of about $75,000.

The wreckage impeded all traffic until the tracks were cleared this foreman, the limited passenger east being compelled to make a detour around the wreck via Plymouth, Argos, South Whitley, and Columbia City over the Vandalia and Nickel Plate roads.

The wreck was caused by a broken axle on a westbound freight, which broke while the freight was passing the Winona passenger special standing on an adjoining track near Winona. Both engines were nearly demolished and the cars were thrown down an embankment into adjacent fields 200 feet away. No loss of life resulted.

BURGLAR AWED BY A WOMAN.

Mrs. L. W. Schwab, 449 Forty-third Street, Commands Intruder to Turn Pockets Inside Out and He Does.

Mrs. Leslie W. Schwab, wife of a south side physician, commanded a burglar who had entered her house to empty his pockets and he obeyed. Then she ordered him off the premises and made a report to the police.

The burglar, a negro, had entered the Schwab residence at 449 Forty-third street through a rear window. Mrs. Schwab was in the front part of the house. When she heard a noise in her bedroom she went back to investigate. The burglar started to run away. Mrs. Schwab commanded him to remain and he obeyed. Then she told him to empty his pockets.

He turned all his pockets wrong side out and there was nothing in any of them except a revolver. He explained that he was looking for work and was permitted to go. An attempt had been made to break Mrs. Schwab's jewel case open.

Midday burglars who entered C. J. Linden's house, 5210 Hulbert street, Morton Park, and then went to Clyde and ransacked the home of C. Vosberg, taking $5 in cash and a good bundle of clothing, are thought by the police to have made their way to Chicago.

BIG MEETING AT MASON PARK.

North Side Republicans Expect Senator Hanna or Attorney General Knox as the Star Speaker.

Republicans of the north side will open their campaign at Mason park on Sept. 20, with Senator Hanna or Attorney General Knox as the star speaker. Arrangements to this effect were made yesterday at a meeting of party leaders and candidates at county headquarters.

At this meeting were Congressman H. S. Boutell, Fred A. Busse, candidate for state treasurer; Carl Mueller, and Joseph Medill Patterson, candidates for the legislature in the Thirty-first district; Harry Oldham and E. J. Brundage, legislative nominees in the Sixth district; B. F. Clettingberg, in the Twenty-ninth district, and others.

Congressmen Boutell and Foss and Luther Laflin Mills will be the principal home talent orators at the park.

The county executive committee also met and fixed the following dates on which it will call the officers of the several ward and precinct clubs in conference, six wards to be disposed of at each sitting.

Aug. 18—Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, and Twenty-sixth wards.

Aug. 19—Thirteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Thirty-fourth, and Thirty-fifth wards.

Aug. 20—Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Twenty-seventh, and Twenty-eighth wards.

Aug. 21—First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, and Tenth wards.

Aug. 25—Eleventh, Twelfth, Twenty-ninth, Thirteith, Thirty-first, and Thirty-second wards.

Aug. 26—Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, and Thirty-third wards.

The republican nominees were requested to unite with the democratic candidates in asking the supreme court to give an early decision on the application for a rehearing of the case in which the new law changing the time for electing judges was declared unconstitutional.

SAY FOWLER WILL HELP MASON.

Waukegan Republicans Think Alderman-Editor Plans to Oppose Hopkins' Candidacy.

Some of the republicans of Waukegan hurried to state headquarters yesterday with a story that Editor Frank T. Fowler would come out in his paper for Senator Mason. Mr. Whitney reported that he had evidence of Mr. Fowler's intention to declare war on Congressman Hopkins' candidacy for the senatorship and to fight for Mason's reelection. It was rumored also the Chicago alderman had purchased a Waukegan paper with a view to landing himself in congress as the successor of George E. Foss in 1905.

RIOT CLEARS WAY FOR CARS.

Blows Struck and Two Men Arrested When Wagon Blocks a Cable Train.

A small sized riot ensued at Forty-seventh and State streets last evening when a delivery wagon failed to move out of the tracks to allow a north bound cable train to pass. Edward Kruger, 3717 Dearborn street, was struck on the head with a brick, and L. D. Wiemiller and Alec Arhuthot were arrested. William Hary, gripman of the train, is the complainant and the prisoners are charged with disorderly conduct. Kruger, the injured man, was an onlooker. He was knocked down and dazed by the blow.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

DISAGREE OVER CAMPAIGN FUND.

County Committee Objects to Giving the State Body a Large Slice.

QUESTION IS LEFT OPEN.

System of Making Chicago Furnish Most of Cash Declared Out of Date.

Whether the republican county committee shall divide its campaign fund with the state committee is the question. There was trouble over it yesterday between the two bodies. Representatives from both met at the Great Northern hotel and wrangled for more than an hour. The matter was left practically unsettled.

It seems that the county people could discover no good reason for giving the state organization any large part of the money collected in Chicago. The finance auxiliary of the state campaign committee started out on the proposition that it would be able to get practically all the funds it needs without going beyond the limits of Cook county. According to Secretary Hoy, the state committee will manage to get through with its end of the fight on $30,000 to $35,000, while the county campaign, it is estimated, will cost in the neighborhood of $100,000. Reports from the last off year battle in 1898 show that the state committee spent $26,000. It is claimed that there are many reasons for spending more money in this campaign.

County Leaders Want New System.

While the county leaders make no formal charges, at the same time some of them complain that the state committee has come to regard Chicago as its special prey, and never thinks of saddling portions of the campaign expenses upon other counties. They believe the system should be broken up and something better inaugurated in its place—some plan which will provide for an assessment equitably spread over the whole state. One of the complaints is that the several county committees keep all the money they collect for home consumption, and expect Cook to take care of the state committee and the debts it incurs. The demand, therefore, is for a radical change. A member of the county machine said:

"We have no objections to contributing our fair share and more, but we do not feel like carrying the whole load any longer. Since all the responsibility for conducting campaigns in Chicago and Cook county has been taken off the shoulders of the state committee and thrown upon the county committee, I cannot see why we should be called on to give the state committee a greater sum than other counties give.

"However, as we have two Chicago citizens candidates on the state ticket, it is our duty to vote liberal appropriations for the state campaign, but not half, nor 40 per cent, of all the money we collect by any means."

Session of the Committees.

Chairman E. S. Conway, Fred Wilkes, and Noble B. Judah comprised the delegation to take up this matter with the finance body of the state committee. As Mr. Conway could not attend the conference he designated W. H. Baldwin to represent him. So Baldwin, Wilke, and Judah met Chairman Fred Rowe, Randolph Smith, and William J. Moxley at state headquarters. The state people thought they should have half of the funds received by the county committee. The county people thought differently. Then there was talk to the effect that the state committee could get along with 40 per cent. This did not suit the local leaders any better than even division. Finally the basis of division was brought down to 25 per cent for the state on a certain sum to be agreed on later. There the problem was left.

The state committee will have to look elsewhere for contributions. It was suggested that enough money to supply the committee's wants could be raised through assessments of candidates and the best paid placeholders.

Col. Randolph Smith, head of the finance committee, stated last evening that assessments would be made on the candidates at once. The amounts would be $4,000 for candidate for clerk of the Supreme court and $2,000 for superintendent of public instruction.

Mackinac Island and Return. 7 Days Lake Trip. $25
Meals and Berth included. Leave Chicago Saturdays 8:30 p. m. STEAMSHIP "GEORGIA."
Escanaba, Mich., and return. 4 Days Lake Trip. $13
Meals and Berth included. Leave Chicago Wed., Fri. and Sat. 6:00 p. m.
GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS
$1.50 Muskegon or Grand Haven
7:45 p. m. Daily.
Finest service on the Lakes. For complete information, address
R. C. DAVIS, G. P. A.,
Docks foot Michigan-av., Chicago. City Tkt. Office 108 Adams-st.

STUDEBAKER MICH. BOUL. ADJ. AUDITORIUM HOTEL
Evgs. 8:15, Mats. 2:15
POPULAR MATINEE TODAY 25c, 50c, 75c.
ONLY FOUR WEEKS MORE.
5TH MONTH IN CHICAGO.
KING DODO
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
Cheridah Simpson, Flora Zabelle, Greta Risley, Margaret McKinney, Arthur Deagon, Arthur Wooley, Wm. Corliss, Chas. W. Meyer.
100—SUPERIOR SINGERS—100
TOMORROW, AUG. 14—SPECIAL GALA NIGHT.
Coronation of King Dodo I.

HARLEM JOCKEY CLUB—Six Races Each Day Beginning at 2:30 P. M.
Music by Banks Gregier's Orchestra. Admission $1.
Special Illinois Central Trains leave Randolph st., at 12:30, 1:00, 1:15 and 1:40 p. m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row, Halsted and Ashland; returning first train after fifth race; others after last race.
Lake-st. Elevated leaving Clark and Lake sts., stopping at all loop stations, leaving Randolph st. at 5th-av. 14 minutes later direct to track without stop, at 12:40, 12:54, 1:09, 1:24, 1:39, 1:53, 2:08 and 2:11. Returning first train after 5th race stops at all stations; other trains after last race, stopping at Ashland-av. and Halsted-st.
Metropolitan L leaves La Salle and Van Buren-sts. at 1:11, 1:21 and 1:31.
Twelfth-st. electric from Van Buren and State-sts. from 12:45 to 1:30 at short intervals. Madison-st. cable to 40th-st., connecting with surface electric direct to track.
Fare on specials, round trip, 25 cents.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
75th TIME MATINEE TODAY.
The Merry, Melodious, Magnificent
$40,000 Spectacle,
THE WIZARD OF OZ
STAGED BY JULIAN MITCHELL.
Summer Prices—Lower Floor $1 & $1.50; 1st Balcony, 75c; 2d Balcony, 50c, 25c. Mat. Wed., 25c, 50c, 75c

DEARBORN
MOST ORIGINAL OF ALL
CAN BE FOUND IN THE STORKS
A MUSICAL FANTASY.
MATINEE TODAY at 2:00
Entire Main Floor RESERVED 50c.
Entire First Balcony RESERVED 25c.

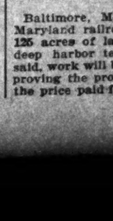
CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
Only Summer Theater in Chicago.
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Frank Bush. 4 Flying Banvards.
Preisch & Hemmi. Madame Emmy.
Homer Mason & Co. Rainbow Four.
Juggling Drawee. Adolph & Susie Levino.
Delmore Sisters. La Moths Brothers.
Harry Moore. Baby Mildred.
De Coma & Anzo. Morgan & Crone.
Hattie Frue. The Kinodrome.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

EDELWEISS GARDEN
51st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.
Concert Every Evening by 35 Members of
THEODORE THOMAS' ORCHESTRA.
Under the leadership of ALBERT ULRICH.
Take Cottage Grove-av. car or South Side Elevated to 51st-st.

Sans Souci Park.
COTTAGE GROVE AV. & 50TH ST.
FOUR ONRIS—MUSICAL KLEIST.
THE ROSALLOS—HIGH & REARD ARNO.
COMEDY TRIO—DEBAUGH'S BAND.
"KEEP YOUR HANDS IN THE BOAT."
Loop-de-Loop and other features. Afternoons 10 cents. Evenings and Sundays, 25 cents.

10c 20c 30c ALHAMBRA 10c and 20c Mats. Tues., Thurs., and Sat.
"THE MINISTER'S SON."
—NEXT WEEK—
"Over Niagara Falls."

GREAT NORTHERN TONIGHT 25,50,75. 25c MAT. TODAY.
All Laughs and Happy Thoughts.
WILLARD SIMMS. PICKINGS FROM PUCK.
Next Week—"BROWN'S IN TOWN."



SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., near State. Tel. Cen. 2191
2 Big Shows Every Day, 2 & 8.
BELLES OF BAGDAD, LIVING PICTURES.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

TROCADERO State and Van Buren-sts. Tel. Har. 2097.
Mat. Daily. Prices—10, 20, 30, 50. Smoke if you like.
ORPHEON EXTRAVAGANZA
TUTTI-FRUTTI
With enough spice to give it a gingery flavor
Same Cast—Nat Fields, Alex. Carr, Howard & Emerson

TONIGHT and every night until Aug. 23. (Sunday excepted.) American League Ball Park, 39th & Wentworth-av.
THE MASSIVE SPECTACLE,
PAIN'S POMPEII
300 People Grandly Costumed.
$1,000 PAIN'S FIREWORKS NIGHTLY.
ADVANCE SALE AT LYON & HEALY'S

MASONIC TEMPLE PAULINE HALL.
JOHN C. RICE AND SALLY COHEN
And Seven Other Big Acts
NEXT WEEK { Marshall P. Wilder, Lucille Saunders.

COLUMBUS COOL AS THE SEASHORE.
10 20 30 50 THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME
SUN. MATS., All seats reserved 25c
Daily Mats. 10-20 Eve. Seats
Week Aug. 17—Joseph Arthur's STILL ALARM

EXCURSIONS.
St. Joseph and Benton Harbor. Daily 9:30 a. m., 12:30 noon, 11:30 p. m. Fare, 50c; round trip, $1. Best way on the steamers. Free vaudeville show. $1.50 to Grand Rapids, $1.20 to Saugatuck, $1 to Holland. Daily 9:30 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. $8.50 round trip. Buffalo Niagara Falls and Toronto, Aug. 13th.
GRAHAM & MORTON LINE.
Dock foot Wabash-av. 'Phone Cent. 2102.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

AHERN—Aug. 11, 1902, John Ahern, aged 86 years, beloved husband of Bridget Ahern, nee Brady, and father of John J. Ahern and Mrs. M. G. Vuschill; native of Mona Bocka, county, Limerick, Ireland, first employe at Chicago-av. water works, serving fifty years. Funeral Thursday, at 9 a. m., from his late residence, 81 Pearson-st., to the cathedral of Holy Name, thence by carriages to Calvary. Cleveland, Toledo, and Buffalo papers please copy.

GAYNOR—Mae Gaynor, dearly beloved and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gaynor, nee Sullivan, and sister of Frank, John, Peter Jr., James, and William Gaynor. Funeral from her late residence, 1204 W. Adams-st., Thursday, Aug. 14, at 10 o'clock sharp to Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary.

ROAD GETS HARBOR TERMINAL.

Western Maryland Secures 125 Acres of Land in South Baltimore and Will Make Big Improvements.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 12.—The Western Maryland railroad company has purchased 125 acres of land in South Baltimore for deep harbor terminal purposes, and, it is said, work will be begun immediately on improving the property. It is understood that the price paid for the property was $900,000.

BASEBALL PEACE NOW IN SIGHT.

Ban Johnson Predicts Decisive Overthrow of the Brush Clique.

PET SCHEME IS FOILED.

Story of Consolidation on Twelve Club Circuit Basis Branded as Absurd.

"There is not the slightest chance of the Brush amalgamation scheme going through," said President Johnson of the American league yesterday. "On the contrary, there is every possibility that John T. Brush's baseball days are numbered and that the game will at last be rid of the man who has done more than any other two men to injure the sport."

In these words Ban Johnson disposed of the story, emanating from National league sources in Boston, to the effect that plans were on foot for the consolidation of the National and American leagues on a twelve club circuit basis, to include the present twelve cities in the two big circuits, and providing for the consolidation of the opposition clubs in Chicago, Boston, St. Louis, and Philadelphia.

"That has been the National league's plan," continued Johnson, "but it was another of Brush's dreams and has been thoroughly exploded. I cannot understand what object Hart had in giving it out—for it bears all the earmarks of Hart. It is plain that the old leaguers have abandoned it, for they would never have given away their hands in advance if they thought the plan feasible. It is true that the plan was started, and in at least two instances club owners of the American league were approached with a view to selling out to the old league, as was done in Baltimore. But Brush agents received a slap in the face and their plans effectually blocked. I was aware of them all the time.

Majority Now Against Brush.

"Brush is no longer a power in baseball, and with the surrender of the Cincinnati club by him to the new syndicate next Saturday he will lose the control of the old league, and one of the chief obstacles to a compromise between the two leagues will be removed. There will then be five votes against Brush in the league councils, and whatever seeming power he is allowed to exercise will be governed by the Brush-Freedman faction but by the old Spalding faction and the new Cincinnati syndicate, which is opposed to Brushism.

"What would the American league gain by amalgamation? The old league has nothing to offer us, and if we had wanted consolidation we had plenty of opportunity to amalgamate with either of the warring factions last winter. No, sir, there is room for two big leagues working in harmony, and there is no other outcome possible. When it will come, of course, say."

President Johnson disposed for all time of the report that the Boston club or any part of it was owned by Auten, one of the former Pittsburg magnates, or any National league sympathizer by the statement that four-fifths of the stock of the Boston club was in his own possession.

Auten Holds No Stock.

"Auten went to Comiskey at the time we were planning to go into St. Louis," said Han, "and said he wanted to be interested in an American league club. He was promised a chance, and when we were ready to put the transfer through I sent word to Auten that he could have the franchise. He backed up once and said the manager whom we had picked out had signed with another club, so he did not care to take hold. That is as near as Auten ever came to owning stock in any of our clubs."

President Johnson disposed of the story that the Boston National league club had signed Anderson of the St. Louis browns for next season by the statement that the player in question had signed his present club. He supplemented it by the announcement that in nearly every club in the league the players whom the managers wished to retain had been resigned, and that it would be a matter of only a few days before the roster of the clubs for next year would be practically complete. He instanced the case of the Boston players who were signed for Collins' team next year in one day by Henry Killilea, as showing the attitude of the majority of the players toward the American league.

Brings Out Attendance Book.

Regarding the National leaguers' efforts to convince the public that the American league is losing money, Mr. Johnson said seven of the eight clubs were making money in spite of the "enormous salaries" the old league talks about, and produced figures tabulated from the attendance reports of the eight cities on which 10 per cent of the receipts is paid into the league treasury. These show that the American league has drawn 180,078 more people up to and including last Friday's games than it drew up to the same time last year. This is in spite of increased prices of admission and the bad weather that has prevailed nearly everywhere. In Baltimore, where McGraw made the club a losing proposition, the attendance at thirty-four games this year has exceeded the attendance at the same number of games last year by 20,202.

Another interesting bit of information imparted by the American league executive was that there is every likelihood of a post season series between the champions of the National and American leagues. The American leaguers are a unit in favor of it, and Barney Dreyfuss has expressed a desire for the series, the only hitch possible being over the minor details.

Soden Enters a Denial.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 12.—A. H. Soden, president of the Boston club, when asked today about the proposed consolidation of the American and National leagues, said there was absolutely no truth in the report. The meeting of the National league officials in Boston, he said, had no reference at all to any combination or consolidation with the American league.

FREEDMAN WILL HOLD STOCK.

New Yorker Asserts He Will Not Sell Out to Brush—Latter Will Be a Director.

New York, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Following the story that there was a well defined rumor about that John T. Brush is after Freedman's stock in the New York baseball club came the one today that Brush will be made a director of the New York club. Freedman again declared, however, that he will continue to retain the controlling interest in the club. All Brush had to say on the subject today was that he would like to see a winner here. Freedman was quoted as saying: "I shall retain the controlling interest in the club, but Mr. Brush will be associated with me. I have the utmost faith in his knowledge of the game." It is surmised that Brush may represent the New York club at league meetings if made a director. There is also talk of his being the next president of the league.

Cleveland, 6; Baltimore, 3.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 12.—Cleveland defeated Baltimore easily today, making ten victories out of the last twelve games. Moore pitched a strong game and was well supported. Pitcher Bernhard rejoined Cleveland today. Score:

Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E	Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E
Hay, cf	0	2	1	2	0	McFarland, cf	0	1	4	0	0
Bradley, 3b	1	2	0	1	0	Selbach, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	2	3	2	3	0	Williams, 2b	1	1	1	1	0
Hickman, lf	1	1	2	0	0	Arndt, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Flick, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Howell, 3b	0	2	2	1	0
McCoy, ff	0	0	0	0	0	Gilbert, ss	1	1	2	3	1
O'Connor, ss	1	1	2	4	0	Robinson, c	0	1	7	1	0
Bemis, c	0	0	7	0	0	Smith, 1b	0	0	8	0	0
Moore, p	0	1	0	0	0	Butler, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	6	12	27	10	1	Totals	3	6	24	9	4

Cleveland	1	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	*—	6	9	3
Baltimore	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	3

Two base hit—Flick. Three base hits—Lajoie, Williams, Selbach. Sacrifice hits—Howell, Bradley. Stolen bases—McFarland, 2. Double plays—Lajoie-Hickman; Gilbert-Smith. First base on balls—Off Butler, 4; off Moore, 1. Struck out—By Butler, 1; by Moore, 4. Passed ball—Bemis. Time—1:40. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—2,000.

COLTS LOSE TO BROOKLYN

KITSON'S LONG HIT WINS HIS OWN GAME IN EIGHTH.

Selee's Men Profit by Bunch of Errors in Fifth Inning, but After Beating Down Early Lead of the Home Team Kitson Comes Along with Three Bagger, Which Clinches Issue for Hanlon's Men—Pittsburg Beaten 11 to 0 at Boston.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.	NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	52	39	.571	Pittsburg	67	32	.733
St. Louis	51	39	.567	Brooklyn	64	43	.597
Boston	50	44	.567	Chicago	60	43	.528
Philadelphia	46	40	.535	Boston	47	49	.329
Cleveland	46	49	.484	Cincinnati	42	57	.424
Washington	42	48	.467	St. Louis	39	59	.398
Detroit	39	49	.443	Philadelphia	37	61	.294
Baltimore	33	53	.400	New York	30	67	.309
AMERICAN ASSN.	W.	L.	Pct.	WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Louisville	67	33	.670	Omaha	59	37	.615
Indianapolis	64	36	.640	Kansas City	56	42	.571
St. Paul	62	43	.576	Denver	55	45	.561
Kansas City	48	51	.485	Milwaukee	51	48	.515
Columbus	47	53	.470	St. Joseph	48	51	.485
Milwaukee	44	55	.454	Colo. Springs	46	48	.484
Minneapolis	38	59	.392	Des Moines	37	49	.430
Toledo	34	64	.347	Peoria	24	67	.264

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Rockford	57	37	.606	Bloomington	45	50	.474
Ced. Rapids	50	39	.562	Rock Island	43	49	.467
Terre Haute	51	41	.554	Decatur	40	50	.444
Davenport	46	47	.495	Evansville	41	56	.423

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 6; Baltimore, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 4.
St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 9 [ten innings].
Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 0.
New York, 8; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Louisville, 8; Kansas City, 6.
Milwaukee, 11; Indianapolis, 4.
Minneapolis, 6; Columbus, 2.
St. Paul, 8; Toledo, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Des Moines, 7; Peoria, 4.
Kansas City, 5; Denver, 4.
St. Joseph, 5; Colorado Springs, 1.
Milwaukee, 8; Omaha, 2.

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.

Evansville, 3; Rock Island, 2.
Rockford, 5; Terre Haute, 4.
Davenport, 2; Davenport, 1.
Cedar Rapids, 5; Bloomington, 0.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at Boston.
Cleveland at Baltimore.
St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at Boston.
Cincinnati at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

New York, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Brooklyns should have defeated the Chicagos easily today, but they struck an error-making fit in the fifth inning and Chicago took advantage of this to lessen Brooklyn's lead materially. In the next inning the visitors tied the score, but Brooklyn made one more run and won out.

Six hits bunched in the second and third innings, together with a sacrifice and an error, gave Brooklyn four runs. Kitson was serene until the fifth when, after Tinker had been retired, Lowe and Kling hit safely. Then came a shower of misplays. Dahlen fumbled a grounder, Farrell made a wild throw, Ward muffed a fly, and Kitson fumbled Slagle's tap. When the Brooklyns returned to earth they were barely ahead.

Kitson won his own game in the eighth. Irwin drew four balls and Flood sacrificed. Farrell was thrown out at first, and Kitson split the air with a three bagger to center, scoring Irwin. Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Jones, rf	0	2	1	0	0	Keeler, rf	0	2	1	0	0
Slagle, lf	0	1	2	0	0	Dolan, cf	0	1	0	0	0
Chance, 1b	1	1	15	1	0	Dahlen, ss	0	0	3	6	1
Dobbs, ss	0	1	1	4	0	Ward, 2b	1	1	1	2	0
Tinker, ss	0	2	0	4	0	M'Creery, lf	2	2	8	1	0
Lowe, 2b	1	2	1	4	1	Irwin, 3b	1	2	1	2	0
Kling, c	1	2	5	0	0	Flood, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Schaefer, 3b	0	0	0	4	0	Farrell, c	0	0	5	3	1
Menefee, p	0	0	0	2	0	Kitson, p	1	2	0	0	1
Totals	4	8	24	16	1	Totals	5	12	27	12	4

Chicago	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	—4
Brooklyn	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5

Two base hits—Keeler, Kitson. Three base hit—Kitson. Sacrifice hits—Dahlen, Tinker, Menefee. Double play—Flood-McCreery. Sacrifice hits—Keeler, Irwin. Flood. First base on balls—Off Kitson, 2; off Menefee, 3. First base on errors—Chicago, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Passed ball—Farrell. Wild pitch—Menefee. Time—1:33. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance 2,800.

ST. LOUIS DEFEATS PHILLIES.

Cardinals Win a Ten Inning Battle by Heavy Batting by a Score of Twelve to Nine.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 12.—St. Louis defeated Philadelphia today in the ten inning game, which was chiefly remarkable for the heavy hitting of the visitors. Yerkes was hit on the head by a liner from Duggleby's bat and compelled to retire. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Phil'd'phia.	R	B	P	A	E
Brash'r, lb	1	2	15	1	0	Thomas, cf	2	1	2	0	0
Smoot, cf	0	1	1	0	0	Selbach, lf	0	2	2	0	0
Barclay, lf	0	1	2	0	0	Barry, rf	0	2	3	0	0
Donovan, rf	2	3	1	0	0	Douglass, c	1	0	3	2	0
Farrell, 2b	2	2	2	3	0	Flynn, 1b	2	0	9	0	0
Kruger, ss	4	2	4	3	1	H'lswitt, ss	1	1	1	1	0
Hartm'n, 3b	1	3	4	2	0	Jenn'gs, lb	0	2	7	4	0
Ryan, c	1	2	4	1	0	Krug, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Yerkes, p	0	0	0	0	0	Clay, lf	0	0	1	0	1
Currie, p	0	1	0	4	0	White, lf	1	1	1	0	0
O'Neill, p	0	0	0	0	0	Jackl'tsch	0	1	0	0	0
						Duggleby, p	2	2	0	2	0
						Fraser, p	1	2	0	2	0
Totals	12	19	30	21	1	Totals	9	18	30	15	2

*Batted for White in tenth.

St. Louis	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	—12
Philadelphia	0	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0—9

Two base hits—Brashear, Farrell, Hartman, Jennings. Sacrifice hits—Smoot [2], Hartman, Thomas, Wolverton [2]. Stolen bases—White, Fraser. First base on balls—Off Yerkes, 2; off Currie, 2; off Duggleby, 3; off Fraser, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Jennings. Struck out—By Yerkes, 1; by Currie, 2; by O'Neill, 1; by Fraser, 4. Time—2:20. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance—2,198.

Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 0.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 12.—Pittsburg was shut out by Boston in a one sided game today. Doheny's errors, with timely hitting, gave the home team seven runs in the fourth inning, and two errors, a pass, and a hit sent in three more in the seventh. Pittenger was a mystery to the visitors. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E
Dexter, ss	2	1	1	4	1	Clarke, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	2	0	10	0	0	Bl'mont, cf	0	1	0	0	0
Cooley, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Leach, 3b	0	1	1	2	0
Carney, rf	2	1	1	0	0	Wagner, rf	0	0	3	0	0
Ginger, 2b	2	0	1	1	0	Ff'field, 1b	0	0	16	1	0
Demon, 2b	1	0	3	4	0	Ritchey, 2b	0	1	1	1	0
Lush, cf	1	2	3	0	0	Conroy, ss	0	1	0	4	2
Moran, c	1	1	4	0	0	Smith, c	0	1	3	0	0
Pinger, p	1	1	0	3	0	Doheny, p	0	0	1	6	3
Totals	11	7	27	12	2	Totals	0	6	24	16	5

Boston	1	0	0	7	0	0	3	0	*—	11
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0

Two base hits—Dexter, Clarke, Cooley, Stolen bases—Leach, Dexter, Beaumont. First base on balls—Off Pittenger, 3; off Doheny, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Carney. Struck out—By Pittenger, 2; by Doheny, 3. Time—1:50. Umpire—Irwin. Attendance—2,500.

New York, 8; Cincinnati, 2.

New York, Aug. 12.—New York beat Cincinnati today, scoring the winning run in the ninth inning. Lauder's two bagger, an attempted sacrifice by Smith, and a safe hit over second base by Cronin won the game for the home team. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Kelley, lf	1	2	2	0	0	Browne, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Beckley, 1b	0	1	8	0	0	McGraw, ss	1	2	2	5	0
Crawf'd, cf	0	1	2	0	0	Bresnan, c	0	1	5	2	0
Seymour, cf	0	1	2	0	0	McGann, 1b	1	1	13	1	0
Pietz, 2b	0	0	1	2	3	Brodie, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Corcor'n, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Dunn, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Steinf't, 3b	1	2	1	2	0	Lauder, 2b	1	2	0	1	0
Bergen, c	0	0	1	8	2	Smith, 2b	0	1	2	2	0
Poole, p	0	0	0	2	0	Cronin, p	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	2	9	24	10	2	Totals	3	8	27	14	0

*None out when winning run scored.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	—3

First base on balls—Off Cronin, 1; off Poole, 5. Struck out—By Cronin, 6; by Poole, 3. Two base hits—Kelley, Lauder. Sacrifice hits—Bresnahan. Stolen bases—McGann, Dunn, Steinfeldt, McGraw [2]. Double play—McGraw-McGann. Hit by pitcher—By Poole, 1. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1:45. Attendance—2,400.

Slap at Brooklyn Club.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 11.—The executive committee of the National league met here today and reaffirmed the ruling made at the spring meeting that the several clubs have an open field in signing any players in the American league, irrespective of reserves prior to 1902. This was deemed necessary on account of the protest made by the Brooklyn club against Joe Kelley's going to Cincinnati. It is in accordance with this decision that the Boston club opened negotiations with Anderson of St. Louis without recognizing the claims of the Brooklyn club.

RESULT IN WESTERN LEAGUE.

Graham Is Easy for Milwaukee, Which Defeats Omaha by a Score of Eight to Two.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Graham was easy for Milwaukee today and the locals pounded out a victory by a score of 8 to 2. Neither team made an error. Score:

Milwaukee.	R	B	P	A	E	Omaha.	R	B	P	A	E
O'Brien, 2b	1	2	0	2	0	Carter, rf	0	0	2	1	0
Vaughn, rf	1	2	1	0	0	Hickey, 2b	0	1	1	2	0
McVicker, lf	2	1	2	0	0	Genins, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Thornton, 1b	0	1	10	0	0	Stone, M	0	1	1	1	0
Dolan, cf	2	2	1	0	0	Dolan, ss	0	1	1	2	0
Gatins, ss	0	1	2	4	0	Stewart, 2b	1	0	3	6	0
Horn, 2b	0	0	4	2	0	Thomas, 1b	0	1	8	1	0
Lush, c	0	0	4	0	0	Gondling, c	0	1	3	2	0
M'Pher'n, p	1	1	0	3	0	Graham, p	0	0	2	0	0
						Pears, 1b	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	8	13	27	11	0	Totals	2	7	*25	15	0

*McPherson hit by batted ball.

Milwaukee	2	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	*—	8
Omaha	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0—	2

Two base hits—Dolan, Gatins, Vaughn, Thornton, Dolan. Stolen base—Carter. Sacrifice hits—Vaughn, McVicker, McPherson, Dolan. Bases on balls—Off McPherson, 3; off Graham, 4. Hit by pitched ball—Thomas. Passed ball—Thomas. Struck out—By McPherson, 4; by Graham, 2. Double plays—Gatins-Horn; Pears-Stewart-Hickey; Carter-Thomas-Hickey. Umpire—Bone. Attendance—500. Time—1:42.

Des Moines, 7; Peoria, 4.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Des Moines won from Peoria in an uninteresting game today. Score:

Peoria.	R	B	P	A	E	Des Moines.	R	B	P	A	E
O'Brien, 2b	1	1	2	1	0	Clark, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Hanford, 1b	0	0	7	1	1	Quinn, 2b	0	1	2	4	0
Leaste, rf	1	1	2	0	0	O'Leary, ss	0	1	4	3	0
Wilson, c	0	2	7	0	0	Davis, 1b	0	0	14	2	0
Tibald, 3b	0	1	1	1	0	Backoff, lf	2	2	0	0	0
Maloney, lf	0	1	0	0	0	Warner, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Reed, cf	0	1	0	0	0	Burg, 3b	0	1	1	3	2
Ball, ss	0	1	1	2	2	Lobeck, c	0	0	1	1	0
Schafst'll, p	1	1	0	3	0	Feeney, p	0	0	1	6	0
Totals	4	8	27	9	3	Totals	7	9	27	20	0

Peoria	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—	4
Des Moines	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	0—	7

Two base hits—Clark, Burg, O'Brien. Sacrifice hits—Ball, Stolen bases—O'Leary, 2. Bases on balls—Off Schafstall, 3; off Feeney, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Schafstall, 1; by Feeney, 1. Struck out—By Schafstall, 2. Double plays—Davis-Burg; Quinn-O'Leary-Davis; O'Leary-Quinn-Davis. Umpire—Strauss. Time—1:30. Attendance—300.

St. Joseph, 5; Colorado Springs, 1.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 12.—St. Joseph dropped on to Foreman in the eighth inning today and pounded out five runs after it looked like the home team would be shut out. Score:

St. Joseph	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	—5
Colorado Springs	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	1

Batteries—Foreman and Baerwald; Glade and Roth.

Kansas City, 5; Denver, 4.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 12.—Weimer pitched a great game and his timely single in the ninth inning brought in the winning run. Score:

Kansas City	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1—	5
Denver	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—	4

Batteries—Weimer and Messitt; Lempke and Wilson.

Muskegon, 4; Jackson, 2.

Muskegon, Mich., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Muskegon won today from Jackson in a hard fought battle. Luther pitched effectively for the locals. The features were the fielding of Fox and Luther of Muskegon and Foy of Jackson. Score:

Muskegon	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	*—	4
Jackson	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—	2

Batteries—Luther and Mahan; Kennedy and Kelb.

Southern Association Games.

Nashville, 9; Birmingham, 1.
Shreveport, 10; New Orleans, 4. Shreveport, 3; New Orleans, 2.
Atlanta, 9; Chattanooga, 10. Atlanta, 1; Chattanooga 1. (Tie.)

Summer Baseball at Urbana.

Urbana, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The University of Illinois summer team beat the Champaign Crescents by a score of 9 to 6.

PLAY FOR FARWELL CUP.

Six Women Compete at Glen View Golf Club in First Round, in Which Eight Could Qualify.

Judging from the entries for the Bartlett and Farwell cups there is not much enthusiasm at present among the women golfers of the Glen View club. On Aug. 4 only seven players took part in the qualifying round for the former trophy when eight could qualify. Yesterday only six competed in the qualifying round for the Farwell cup, for which eight could qualify. Those who played were: Miss Janet Hibbard, Miss M. Bokum, Mrs. J. N. Lapham, Mrs. Perkins, Miss E. Congdon, and Miss Mary Lewis. The first round at match play is scheduled for next Tuesday.

Mrs. G. E. Vanvoort won first prize in the nine hole handicap against bogey at the Midlothian Country club, finishing 1 up. The scores were as follows:

Mrs. G. E. Vanvoort, 1 up; Miss I. Taft, even; Mrs. J. Hunter, even; Miss Fitzgerald, Mrs. J. C. Mosser, and Mrs. E. A. Hunter down; Mrs. T. E. Donnelley, Mrs. F. H. Scott, Mrs. D. E. Hartwell, Mrs. J. C. Holmes, Mrs. J. Black, Mrs. W. L. De Wolf, and Mrs. R. H. Donnelley, 2 down.

The approaching and putting contest was won by Mrs. F. H. Scott after a triple tie at 10 with Mrs. W. L. De Wolf and Mrs. E. S. Hunter. In the play off the winner scored 11, Mrs. De Wolf 13, and Mrs. Hunter withdrew.

Miss Ruth Steele won the approaching and putting contest at the Homewood Country club. Miss J. E. Hibbard and Mrs. Henry M. Bates tied for second prize, the former winning the play off. Mrs. F. W. Bently finished fourth and Mrs. L. Richardson fifth. Miss Mildred Wells finished first in the third day's play for the Wallace cup and qualified for the match play rounds.

Hoyt Fox won the boys' handicap at the Skokie club with a score of 122—50—73. Robert Alton was second with 115—40—75.

President Cutter of the Exmoor club was host to a number of local fire insurance agents who play the royal and ancient game with more or less skill. J. A. Waller of the Riverside club made the best score of the day, getting an 85 in the morning. The best scores were:

	Out.	In.	Tot.
J. A. Waller, Riverside	43	42	85
J. M. Cutter, Exmoor	51	44	95
C. M. Rogers, Evanstsia	47	48	95
B. N. Anderson, Hinsdale	47	53	100
B. F. Rogers, Owenstsia	54	58	112
E. Waller, Riverside	58	56	100
C. F. Wurts, Exmoor	55	59	114
C. T. Whitney, Edgewater	60	55	115
F. F. Holmes, Auburn Park	61	56	117
H. C. Dana, Hinsdale	61	56	117

H. Chandler Egan and Miss Frances Everett defeated J. E. G. Ryan and Miss J. A. Carpenter in the playoff of their tie in the open mixed foursome handicap of July 24 by four strokes. The winners, who played from scratch, made the eighteen holes in 98, their opponents, who had an allowance of four strokes, getting 97. Miss Carpenter, in driving from the eighth tee, sprained her left wrist, the accident handicapping her enough to cause the loss of the match. She will be unable to play for some time.

Play for the men's midsummer handicap prize will be commenced this afternoon at the Homewood Country club.

Maroon Golf Tournament.

The second round of the university of Chicago golf tournament was played off yesterday on the links of the Auburn Park club. As a result four men are left in the semi-finals, which will be played this afternoon. The features of the match were the consistent playing of Prof. Stagg and the clever uphill work of Buck, the latter winning his match after his opponent had won the first three holes. Buck made both his rounds in 46; Stagg made his in 45 and 46. A close match between them is expected today. Results: Stagg [scratch] beat Thomas [3], 6 up and 5 to play; Buck [4] beat Miller [2], 4 up and 2 to play; Magee [2] beat Eastman [4], 6 up and 4 to play; Howe won from Gaud by default.

Race Results at Highland Park.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 12.—Favorites fared badly at Highland Park this afternoon. Weather fine; track fast. Summary:

First race, 6 furlongs—Maria Bolton, 80 pounds [Treson], 20 to 1, won; Jake Weber, 4 to 5, second; Bellwether, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14⅘.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Trapezist, 107 pounds [Hayden], 10 to 1, won; Pirate, 4 to 5, second; Reeves, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:04⅘.

Third race, 1 mile—Ross Fama, 94 pounds [Louden], 10 to 1, won; Zonne, 3 to 1, second; Justice, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:41⅘.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs—St. Daniel, 107 pounds [Hayden], 7 to 5, won; Lorina, 8 to 1, second; P. G. Good, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:09⅗.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Pillbuster, 102 pounds [D. Gilmore], 6 to 1, won; Firing Line, 2 to 1, second; Pregravyr, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:48⅖.

Sixth race, steeplechase, short course—McManus, 136 pounds [Gaylor], 7 to 5, won; Terry Range, 8 to 1, second; Pat My Boy, 5 to 1, third. Time, 3:31.

Declare Bets Off at Terre Haute.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The 2:23 trot today was won by Amarilla Belle in straight heats; Francis and Catherine R. second and third. Best time, 2:26. The last heat was trotted in 2:27½, which the judges thought too slow, and declared bets off. The Derby running race was won by Barcica, 2 to 1, going the mile and a quarter in 2:10⅘, but the judges thought Fair had not ridden Gold Standard, the 2 to 5 favorite, to win, and declared bets off. Gold Standard was second and Hub Prather third. Randolph Jr., the 2 to 5 favorite, won the two heats in the five-eighths mile. Best time, 1:01⅘.

Ships Yearlings to Hawthorne.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Ed Corrigan today shipped to Chicago six yearling colts purchased a few weeks since from Milton Young of McGrathiana stud for a reported price of $7,500. They will be placed in training at the Hawthorne track. Corrigan is negotiating for a Kentucky farm, which he will maintain for his horses in training and mares which he may purchase in future. He will retain his California establishment.

JOCKEY HURT AT HARLEM TRACK.

Three Horses Fall in the First Race—Meade Taken to Hospital.

FAVORITES ARE BEATEN.

Burnie Bunton, Bon Mot, and John Bright Bowled Over in Rapid Succession.

Jockey Tommy Meade on Senor, Helgesen on Goody Twoshoes, and Knight on Licorice went down in a jam near the half mile pole in the first race at Harlem yesterday. Meade was seriously injured, sustaining a fracture of the left colar bone, a dislocation of the right shoulder, and an ugly gash across the forehead.

The event was a five furlong dash for 2 year olds with an unwieldy field of fourteen. King's Lady, the favorite, was off first and had clear sailing. Meade, who was among the tail enders, tried to squeeze his mount through a small opening and in doing so stumbled and went down. Knight on Licorice, who was close up, fell over Senor, and Helgesen, going at top speed, also went down. Knight and Helgesen escaped injury, and immediately went to Meade's aid. The boy was unconscious and bleeding.

Boy Taken to Hospital.

A hasty examination disclosed injuries as stated. He was quickly removed to the Garfield Park sanitarium for treatment, and late last night was resting quietly. Flash of Lightning, a filly by Prince of Monaco

CHEN ENDS VISIT; OFF FOR CANADA.

Goes Through Chinatown and Tells His Countrymen to Mix With the People.

AWED BY SKYSCRAPERS.

Cannot Understand Why They Do Not Fall Down—Thanks the Nation.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 12.

Prince Chen had a day of sightseeing in New York today, and after the busy whirl ended left at 7:30 in the evening for Montreal. The prince and his suite saw high buildings, bridges, aldermen, and other things, but all these were unimportant compared with the visit to Chinatown. That visit lasted about five minutes, but there had been days of preparation for it, and the scene was a remarkable spectacle while it lasted.

Prince Chen Leaves for Montreal.

Among the strange features of the event was that while the prince proceeded through the block into which thousands of his own countrymen had packed themselves there was not a sound beyond the stately beating of the joss-house gong. The Chinese, lining the route, looked on in mute wonder. When the last carriage had gone by a string of firecrackers was set off from in front of the Merchants' association in Mott street, and the crackling of them could be heard by the prince's party until they were more than two blocks away.

Prince Chen, from the moment he entered Mott street, stopped talking to the members of his party in his own carriage and addressed himself to the Chinese on each side of the vehicle.

The prince remarked on the congested living quarters of the people. His advice to those he passed was:

"Move out of here and mix more with the people. Learn their language and their customs. Improve your industrial condition."

The prince several times remarked to his listeners that he regretted that Chinese laborers had not always lived in peace with their neighbors.

Chinatown was never more impressively or fantastically bedecked. From almost every window in the settlement there obtruded a yellow flag decorated with the Chinese dragon. There were lanterns of every description and all colors and all new. The people, too, had clothed themselves with bright, new garments.

The party, escorted by police, drove to the city hall in the afternoon. Acting Mayor Formes received them and made a short speech, to which Prince Chen replied through Sir Liang. The party next visited the post-office and the downtown office building section. The high buildings elicited the greatest amount of wonder.

"The prince shook his head time and again," said Sir Liang, "saying he could not understand why those buildings did not fall down. But I explained to him that they were made of steel, and that seemed to satisfy him."

He was also greatly impressed with the Brooklyn bridge.

Sir Liang said: "His highness has been writing a diary of his trip, and each week's account has been forwarded to Pekin. There it will be elaborately engrossed, so that by the time the prince arrives a copy may be presented to the emperor and another to the empress dowager."

Sir Liang, speaking for the prince, said:

"His highness desires me to tell you that it is with deep gratitude in his heart that he now bids farewell to the hospitality of the nation. He is sorry that his stay here has been so brief, and says that if it is possible he will visit this country during the St. Louis exposition. He desires me to thank you, gentlemen, personally, and the people of the United States and its noble chief executive, President Roosevelt, in general for their hospitality. He desires that you again express his gratitude and that of his government to President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay for the friendly feeling which this country has felt toward China."

It was announced today that John W. Gates, J. J. Mitchell, and U. A. Blair, as proxy committee of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, had received proxies for 200,000 shares. As the entire outstanding capital stock is only 200,000 shares, this will give the Gates following apparent control of the affairs of the company at the annual meeting, which will be held Aug. 20.

Senator Hanna's talk at Chautauqua last Saturday on the efficacy and desirability of arbitration brought a reply today from Walter W. Ross, counsel for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railway.

Railway Man Disputes Hanna as to Unionism.

Referring to the contests between labor unions and employers, Senator Hanna said: "The civic federation is trying to establish a condition of absolute confidence between employer and employé. That end is to be accomplished by arbitration."

To this Mr. Ross replies: "It has never been held that an individual is justified in demanding that an arbitration board shall decide whether his employer shall retain his services upon his own terms, nor is a union composed of a number of individuals justified in demanding that an arbitration board shall fix the terms and conditions of employment.

"When such a rule is enforced we will not have a free government. Enforce arbitration morally or legally and it goes hand in hand with the ratio of 16 to 1, and the American people will never stand for either.

"The tendency of unionism is to destroy individual development and to create class conditions, which is un-American."

Esther Shepard, who was married twice in 1897 to Elliot Fitch Shepard, a grandson of W. H. Vanderbilt, has sued him for divorce. The two marriages of young Shepard to Mrs. Esther Potter, formerly Esther Wiggins, daughter of a grocer of Greenport, L. I., caused something of a stir in 1897. The bride was considerably more mature than the bridegroom.

Suit for Divorce Recalls a Romantic Marriage.

Shepard had no money in his own right. He left Yale in his freshman year, owing to an escapade with some theatrical young women.

Young Shepard met Mrs. Potter in Philadelphia and at several places in this city where she lived. Shortly after their marriage they went to Paris. Reports reached this country that the young man had tried the liquor business and then the banking business in that city without success.

It is understood that the action is for absolute divorce. The defendant put in an answer through Lawyer James C. De la Mare denying the charges made against him. The lawyers on each side consented to a reference to prevent the publicity of a trial in open court. The parties to the suit have been living apart for a considerable time.

Bishop Thomas O'Gorman of South Dakota arrived in New York today on the Hohenzollern, after a three months tour abroad, during which he visited Rome and saw the pope. He brought back with him a beautiful piece of mosaic, a present from Pope Leo to President Roosevelt. He also brought a letter from the secretary of state for the pope addressed to Secretary of State Hay. The bishop said he did not know when he would see the president and Mr. Hay, his plans not having been made. He did not know the import of the letter from the pope's secretary of state, he said.

Bishop Brings Gift from Pope to President.

The Bethlehem Steel company was formally transferred to the United States Shipbuilding company, the new shipbuilding combine, and the organizers of the combination stated that it was now completed and would at once start in business. The capital has been increased from $20,000,000 to $45,000,000. The original issue of $16,000,000 5 per cent first mortgage bonds will stand, but another bond issue is planned in connection with the acquisition of the Bethlehem Steel company. The combine will not take in Vicker's Sons & Maxim, Daniel Le Roy Dreaser, president of the Trust company of the Republic, is authority for the last statement.

Shipbuilding Combine Gets Bethlehem Works.

"Suicide," the Boston police say of the death at Marblehead of Gilbert G. Taillander, chief steward of the steam yacht Anita of the New York Yacht club. Anita is chartered to William B. Leeds, the tinplate millionaire. Mrs. Leeds was ill on the yacht at Marblehead, and, to conceal the manner of the steward's death from her, the case was described at Marblehead as one of heart disease. When the body got here from Marblehead with bullet wounds in it the police and the coroner's office were much stirred up.

Suicide of Yacht Steward Causes Stir.

The Boston police say the steward went ashore to buy supplies, went to a hotel, and killed himself. The family of the man received so many conflicting reports they did not know what to think.

Private advices of an authoritative nature from Washington state that one of the largest shipbuilding concerns in Great Britain is about to be absorbed by American interests. It is said that the shipbuilding trust formed by Lewis Nixon, which yesterday acquired the Hallan & Hollingsworth company of Wilmington and Crescent iron works at Elizabethport, has been and is now trying to get control of Vickers, Maxim & Vickers. Negotiations are said to be progressing so favorably that definite announcement of their consummation may be expected.

American Trust Is After British Shipyards.

At Mr. Nixon's office an attempt was made to verify the report, but it was said that he was out of town, and none of the other officers of the company would confirm or deny the rumor. An effort was made by the Cramps to obtain control of the Vickers, Maxim & Vickers company years ago. Its acquisition by the Nixon interests would greatly increase the importance of the new shipbuilding combination.

Bella Reisch, one of the best looking girls on the east side, was taken to the insane ward of Bellevue hospital today. Her delusion is that she is surrounded by hundreds of boys, each of whom is trying to kiss her to death. She is 17 years old and lived with her sister, Mrs. Sarah Solomon, at 227 East Second street. The youths of that district threw themselves at her feet.

Girl Imagines All Boys Seek to Kiss Her.

Three or four days each week she went to summer resorts and picnic grounds, and the round of pleasure, pursued as she was by so many ardent wooers, turned her head. She imagined she was married to every one she knew, and thought they were killing her with violent kisses. Fearing that some harm might come to the girl, her sister called a policeman.

The Hamburg-American liner Moltke, which arrived today from Hamburg, Boulogne, and Southampton, reports that on Monday night it ran into a heavy thunder storm, during which a bolt of lightning shattered the main topmost and stunned one of the men at the wheel. A dance was in progress at the time in the main saloon, when there came a blinding flash of lightning and the steamship quivered from the shock. Many of the passengers hurried on deck to see if any damage had been done, but it was not until some time later that they knew that the ship had been struck.

Liner Is Struck by Lightning.

There will be no strike on the Manhattan Elevated railroad. The trouble between the company and its motormen, engineers, and firemen was amicably settled today after a two hour conference between Vice President Skitt and the grievance committee of the men. The conference was held in Mr. Skitt's office and was attended by Vice Chief Youngson of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Vice Grandmaster Wilson of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. At its close this typewritten statement was given out:

"L" Company Averts Strike by Concession.

"The matters in dispute were finally narrowed down to the question of hours for a day's work and the question of a limit of ninety miles per day. The engineers raised the question of miles and the company conceded the nine hour day. An agreement was signed and the conference ended."

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list 2,310,000 rubles state 4 per cent certificates on rent and of the interior Russian government.

"WITH YOU OUT OF THE WAY WE WOULDN'T NEED HIM."

—New York Herald.

MERCHANTS AND TRAVELERS HEAR OF KANSAS VS. TEXAS.

Banquet at Auditorium Enlivened by Claims of Two Speakers of Supremacy for Their Respective States.

A Kansan and a Texan claimed agricultural and industrial supremacy for their states at the fall meeting of the National Association of Merchants and Travelers, held at the Auditorium hotel last evening. Their claims were received with applause by the 500 members of the association, who listened to their addresses on "The Great Southwest."

"Floods and cyclones and simoons may devastate our crops," said James A. Troutman, the Kansan, "but the faithful cow and the loyal hen will be found doing business in spite of the fury of the elements. Kansas has a greater diffusion of education and a smaller percentage of illiteracy and crime than any political division of its size on the face of the earth."

"Texas holds one-fourth of the shore line of the Gulf of Mexico, which is destined to become the Mediterranean of the new world, and monopolize its best outlets to the Atlantic," said Louis J. Wortham, the Texan. "Of all the states it alone is a miniature of the United States, producing nearly every variety of agricultural and fruit and mineral product known to the western hemisphere, and an infinitely wider diversity of raw material than any of its rivals.

"Texas as an individual state comprises more of the potential area of the southwest than any other. It is the most stupendous agricultural area with an adequate seacoast in all the world. More miles of its area confront a mighty waterway to the markets of the world and of the far east. Russia for centuries has devoted the best of its superb diplomacy to the acquisition of a coast no longer than that of Texas on the Gulf of Mexico. The resources of Texas yet undeveloped are even now the marvel of the age. In a single year Texas exported cattle, sheep, and hogs to the value of $79,133,327."

Mr. Wortham then gave some statistics of the products of the state.

MAKE WAR ON DEAD TRACKS.

Lawndale Residents Organize to Remove Old Rails and Cedar Blocks from the Streets.

Encouraged by the success of Ald. John E. Scully in removing dead car tracks and improving streets, residents of Lawndale will begin a similar crusade. Their efforts will be directed against the tracks of the Chicago General railway in Lawndale avenue. They also will give attention to the cedar blocks in Millard avenue, which are said to make the street impassable.

Two hundred of these residents met last night on the lawn at 1141 South Millard avenue to put their plans in shape. They organized the Lawndale Improvement club and elected these officers:

President—J. J. Petit.
Vice President—L. J. Colburn.
Secretary—S. F. Brannan.
Treasurer—H. H. Piddetts.

MANY BUSINESS HOUSES BURN.

Fire Destroys Large Section in Princeton, Ky., and Causes the Loss of One Life.

Princeton, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—A large part of the business section of this city was burned today, causing the loss of one life and $100,000 worth of property. The fire was caused by the explosion of gasoline in the Terry & Frayer drug store. Dr. W. B. Terry was so badly burned that he died tonight. Besides the drug store, the Urey block, the opera house, the dry goods store of A. Cash & Bro., the Henry & Butler dry goods store, the telephone exchange, and the Postal Telegraph office were destroyed. For a time it seemed as if the whole town was in danger and aid was secured from the Paducah fire department.

MAN OF 60 WEDS YOUNG WOMAN.

P. J. O'Sullivan of 3122 Prairie Avenue Marries Miss Agnes Egan of Wilmette.

A groom of 60 and a bride in the twenties were united in marriage in St. Joseph's church at Wilmette yesterday. They were P. J. O'Sullivan, 3122 Prairie avenue, Chicago, and Miss Agnes M. Egan of Wilmette, who had been employed to teach the O'Sullivan children music before the first Mrs. O'Sullivan died a year ago. Before her death the O'Sullivans lived in Wilmette.

$35 SALT LAKE CITY.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

$35 round trip Chicago to Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, account meeting the B. P. O. E., Aug. 1 to 14, good to return until Oct. 31. These low rate tickets are good on the famous Overland Limited, and provide for trip going one way and returning another if desired. Stopovers permitted. Two fast trains daily from Chicago to Salt Lake. Tickets, 212 Clark-st. and Wells-st. Station.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

MINERS APPEAL TO QUAY.

URGE SENATOR AND COLLEAGUE TO SECURE STRIKE SETTLEMENT.

Thousands of Letters, Through an Endless Chain System, Are Poured In Upon the Politicians—Strikers Offer to Return to Work if Small Concessions Are Given and Support for Legislative Measures Promised — Men Accused of Contempt Released.

Pottsville, Pa., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Senators Quay and Penrose have been besieged for ten days by republican politicians in the anthracite region, urging them to use their influence to secure some small concessions to the miners which would be sufficient to end the strike. More than 200,000 letters are now on their way to the senators making the same request. These have been written by business men and manufacturers, as well as by organized miners, who have used the endless chain system.

A proposition has been made to Senator Quay that the miners will return to work upon the granting of certain small concessions, if the senator will promise to secure the passage by the next legislature of four bills, which have been drafted by William Wilhelm, a lawyer of Pottsville. The measures, if they become laws, will practically secure to the miners all they have been demanding during the strike, it is said.

Will Appeal to Senators.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—George J. Llewellyn, a politician of this city, returned today from Philadelphia, where he made arrangements for Senators Penrose and Quay, through the former, to receive a committee of twenty-four business men of this region next Saturday or Monday. They are to ask the senators to use their best endeavors to have the strike settled by arbitration. The plan is engineered by the People's alliance.

While it is thought by all who know strike conditions that the efforts cannot succeed, far more powerful influence having failed, the effort will be carried through, and there is not the least doubt here that Senators Penrose and Quay, in the interest of the republican party of the state, will make as much of it as they can. The committee will probably be headed by State Senator Drury, who has a large grocery business.

Several Miners Are Set Free.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Thomas Haggerty and six other members of the United Mineworkers, who were serving sentences of from sixty to ninety days for contempt of court, were released by Judge Jackson this morning.

The prisoners filed a petition for release, alleging that they had not known they were violating the injunction when they did so, and promising not to do so again. Attorneys for the coal companies opposed their release, but it was granted subject to rearrest to complete the original sentence if the injunction again is violated.

Contempt Trial in Progress.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 12.—The case of John Richards and others charged with contempt for violating an injunction issued from Federal Judge Keller's court, was argued today by counsel and will be decided by Judge Keller tomorrow.

National Secretary W. B. Wilson of the Mineworkers of America, who is here, stated today that the object of his visit was to direct the movement of the strikers, and that he would observe the injunction order of the court so far as he believed the court had a right to go. If it became necessary to violate the court order to carry on the business of the strike he would do so, he declared.

PRINTERS HEAR PEACE TALK.

Commissioner of the American Newspaper Publishers' Union Urges Arbitration and Is Applauded.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 12.—Frederick Driscoll, commissioner of the American Newspaper Publishers' association, delivered an address on arbitration, contracts, and the relations between publishers and the printers' unions at the International Typographical convention today. Mr. Driscoll asked for the enactment of several amendments to the general laws of the union, which would promote the best interests of the publishers as well as members of the union.

It was decided that the Typographical Journal should hereafter be published monthly, instead of semi-monthly, so as to make the official organ self-supporting.

The committee on laws reported unfavorably on the plan of limiting machine men to six days per week, and other restrictions, so as to give better opportunities to substitutes, but the convention reversed this action, and the law committee was instructed to construct a new law on restriction in compliance with the action of the convention.

The international convention of Stereotypers and Electrotypers' union, also in session here, today appointed its committees.

HARD COAL FAMINE IS FELT.

Supply of Anthracite in Omaha Is Almost Exhausted and in New York Prices Are Advanced.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 12.—The visible supply of anthracite coal in this city and in most of the smaller towns which depend on Omaha for a supply is practically exhausted. At the coal exchange it was given out that there was less than 25 per cent of the amount usually on hand at this time, and dealers ar booking no orders. It is feared prices will go upward before a sufficient supply can be secured.

Price Advanced in New York.

New York, Aug. 12.—The price of domestic sizes of anthracite coal was today advanced to $9 a ton, an increase of $1 above the price of yesterday. The sizes affected are stove, egg, nut, and broken coal.

WILDCAT "RISKS" FLOOD COUNTRY.

Paper Capital Being Put Into Insurance Companies by the Promoters.

MAY RESULT IN A CRASH.

Withdrawal of Many Fire Concerns Leaves Open Field for the Schemers.

A great deal of paper capital is being put into insurance companies. Fire insurance seems to be the favorite among the promoters, owing to the unusual demand for indemnity created by the retirement and reinsurance of so many prominent companies during the last year, and the reduction of lines on the part of those that have remained in the field.

Owners of large lines have not been able to get as much insurance as they needed, after exhausting all legitimate resources, and their willingness to "take chances" has given the insurance schemer his opportunity.

Since the first of the year thirty-seven fire insurance companies have been projected, not counting the numerous Lloyds which have sprung up, of which Chicago alone is responsible for a dozen, with still others in process of organization. But life insurance, too, is prosperous, although it has not the excuse that the demand exceeds the supply. Fourteen life insurance companies have reached various stages of promotion since the first of the year.

In addition there are four fraternal orders based on legal reserve plans, four surety companies, and as many casualty companies. Beside these there have been scores of fraternal orders with high sounding names, and other variations of the assessment idea.

Many Concerns "on Paper."

Practically all these fire insurance companies are still on paper, and most of them will never get to the stage of actually putting up more money than may be required for organization purposes. Most of them owe their origin to the increases in fire insurance rates that have been made so generally by the stock companies this year.

The favorite argument of the men who are making a fight against what they regard as an unjustifiable increase in rates is that they will start a company of their own, carry their own risks, and "keep the profits at home." The insurance men cheerfully advise them to go ahead.

There are a number of "specialty" insurance companies which are pronounced all right, among which are the Grain Dealers' National Mutual Fire, organized in this city last week by elevator owners, who insist that their rates are too high, and which has secured one of the most expert grain insurance men in the west for its manager; the Lumber Fire and Marine of New York, organized by the lumbermen; the Southern Manufacturers' Mutual of South Carolina, floated by the cotton mill men; and the company which the independent cotton seed oil men of the south are organizing this week.

Big Business; Small Capital.

But the great majority of the new fire insurance concerns, some of them already doing a large business, has little back of them. Insurance men are viewing the multiplication of Lloyds with alarm, and predict a crash when once they start to collapsing which will recall the similar Lloyds craze of ten years ago, which led to the prohibition of any new charters to such institutions by New York state.

In Illinois such companies are absolutely without restriction. All that is necessary is for a few men to allow the use of their names as "underwriters," and with a manager with power of attorney to sign for the underwriters, and a stock of policies, the Lloyds is ready for business. The state throws rigid restriction around stock insurance companies, but the constitution guarantees to every individual the right to insure property if he wants to and can find any one who will take his guarantee.

The Lloyds contend they are merely an aggregation of individuals, and that there is no law that can touch them. The Illinois insurance department has gone over the question carefully, and admits that its hands are tied. There have been so many complaints, however, that it realizes the necessity for some measure of regulation for such concerns, and the department is preparing a bill to be presented to the legislature this winter which will give it such power.

There are a few Lloyds that have good men back of them, that are well managed, and take in enough to pay their losses and expenses, with a little profit for the underwriters. But this is true of only a few concerns.

Where the "Profit" Comes.

If they ever pay any losses it is only because they hope to get enough advertising out of it to get it all back, and much more besides, in extra premiums. One was started here a few months ago with ten underwriters, of whom three had taken advantage of the bankruptcy act in the last few years, while several of the others were judgment-proof.

Another which began business a fortnight ago never has given out its list of underwriters, and the manager says he does not know who they are, and does not care, so long as he can sell policies without them, on the name of the concern. He admitted that it had begun issuing policies when his concern had only three anonymous underwriters, the ultimate number to be fifteen or twenty.

And yet such concerns are able to sell their policies, and some of them are taking in thousands of dollars a month. They work largely by mail, spreading their circulars in sections where there have been rate increases, and offering to write business which the regular companies fight shy of, and at reduced rates.

There are plenty of people who will buy anything, so long as it is cheap, and from these the bogus Lloyds reap a rich harvest. If the insured ever has a loss, and the manager cannot figure out that it would be to his advantage to pay it, the property owner finds, if he is not shut out by the manifold clauses of a cunningly devised policy, that to get anything he must sue each of the underwriters individually, only to find in the end that they are judgment-proof.

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners has sent out blanks to all the states, and intends to prepare an authorized list of the wildcats, to be sent out from its annual convention at Columbus, O., next month.

NEWS OF THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Companies Whose Devices Are Not Approved Promise to Fight the Underwriters.

The fire insurance companies maintain a testing laboratory in Chicago, in which all devices likely to affect the fire hazard are tested and, if found satisfactory, are put on the approved list. If not, a charge is added to the insurance rate for their use.

For instance, in rating a frame row at Wheaton last week five gasoline lamps of an unapproved pattern were found, and as the risks all communicated the charge of 25 cents for each made a tax of $1.25 on each hundred dollars of insurance carried on the row.

Some of the companies whose devices are not approved are disposed to fight, and one has just begun suit at Covington, Ky., against the insurance companies and the secretary of the local board, charging that it has been blacklisted and asking for damages.

Col. J. W. Patterson, for four years collector of internal revenue for the district of northern Iowa, retired this month, and has gone with the Equitable Life, with headquarters at Dubuque.

Judge Amidon in the United States court at St. Paul has decided in favor of the Minnesota Mutual Life in the suit brought against it by former policy holders. He rules that the company was being persecuted and lays costs upon the plaintiffs.

A new "floater" policy is being issued on automobiles, specially for the touring cars, covering against damage by fire anywhere in the United States, at 3 per cent for gasoline machine and 2½ per cent for electrics.

Unless the firebug arrested in Peoria turns out to be the only one operating there, further reductions in lines there are assured. The city is having trouble with the water company, and as there is but one main connecting with the source of supply there would be serious danger of a conflagration should anything happen to this while a fire was burning. Last week all the water had to be shut off for several hours while a break was being repaired.

Louis Becker, who was credited with an intention to organize a stock plate glass insurance company in Chicago, denies the report absolutely.

McKinley Postal Cards on Sale.

Postmaster F. E. Coyne will place on sale today the McKinley postal cards. The cards arrived some time ago. They are much like the old cards, except they show the face of President William McKinley.

We eat
Malta-Vita
"The Perfect Food"
For
Brain and Muscle

Perfect health, sound, restful sleep, clear complexion, bright eyes, clean white teeth, sweet breath; these are the blessings that follow a diet of **Malta-Vita.**

Malta-Vita is justly entitled to be styled "The Perfect Food" for old and young, sick or well.

Being perfectly cooked, pleasant to taste, easily digested and assimilated, **Malta-Vita** is an ideal food. Leading grocers everywhere.

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD CO.
BATTLE CREEK, MICH., AND TORONTO, CANADA.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED TRAINS
To ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.
Great Western Limited
The Newest and Most Sumptuous Train of Compartment and Standard Sleeping Cars, Club, Dining and Free Reclining Chair Cars
Low Rates All Summer
Inquire at City Ticket Office, 115 Adams St. or Grand Central Depot, corner Fifth Ave. and Harrison St.

Gently Howl
and your Hotel will serve
Grape-Nuts
some hotels refuse to put on Menu because it is not given free.
They serve if you Demand.

Your Nose Is Not at Fault.
You'd **rather** wear nose-glasses if you **can.** You **can** wear nose-glasses if you'd **rather.** It's all in the **Nose-Glass Clip.** The "ALMER COE" Clip is a **new** Clip and a **different** Clip. It Clips effectually, but doesn't pinch. You forget you have glasses on. No extra charge on new glasses; can be fitted to your old ones at a nominal cost—nickel, 50c; gold, $1.00.
We can **measure and duplicate** any lens.
Almer Coe, Optician,
74 State-st. Opposite Field's New Building.

The Shoe of Today
Women agree from one end of the country to the other that
Queen Quality
Shoes, made exclusively for women, are incomparable, most perfect fitting, absolutely comfortable, and possess all the essential features that usually bring fancy prices for elegant footwear elsewhere.
$3.00 for Boots
Some Specials at $3.50.
$2.50 for Oxfords
Some Specials at $3.00.
Queen Quality
205 State-st.

Little Children
can safely take this famous well-known remedy. Made entirely of herbs, warranted free from mercury, and poisonous substance, that is why everyone likes
Beecham's Pills.
Sold Everywhere—In boxes 25c. and 50c.

PANAMAS STRAWS | A. Bishop & Co. 156 State-st. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

FOR NEWS OF THE SPORTING WORLD READ THE TRIBUNE.

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

To prevent cakes from burning dust a little bran at the bottom of the tin.

The water in which rice has been boiled should be saved for starching muslins.

Use boiling water as soon as it boils, or the gases escape, and the water becomes flat.

It is easy enough to take the eyes out of a pineapple. Slice the fruit, cut off the skin, and that is about all there is of it.

If the skin of a beetroot has got broken sear the part with a redhot iron before cooking it. This will prevent the beet from bleeding.

A company of young housekeepers is taking a course in domestic science by indicating the course as it proceeds, the teacher arranging each course according to the decision made at the preceding one. By this means the class gets the practical knowledge its members are conscious of needing in their inexperience.

The juice of an ordinary lemon is about a tablespoonful. A breakfast cupful of breadcrumbs well pressed in equals about four ounces. Finely chopped suet slightly heaped up weighs about the same. A heaped breakfast cupful of brown sugar represents half a pound, and stoned raisins well pressed in weigh about the same.

Any clever woman can easily have an exceedingly handsome portiere next winter by making it her piece of summer fancy work. Get the required length of velour or taffeta in the desired shade and have stamped on it a dragoon or the royal arms of Turkey or Persia. Then outline this in narrow gold braid and you will have duplicated an exceedingly expensive curtain at about one-third the price. Of course, it will have to be lined afterward.

LESSON IN THE TYPHOID DEATHS

Health Department Finds Contaminated Foodstuffs Largely Responsible.

LITTLE BLAME ON WATER

Districts Where the Supply Is the Best Are Having the Greatest Mortality.

Do not eat raw and unclean vegetables; do not buy cheap dairy products; sterilize the milk.

The foregoing injunctions, if observed by the public, will contribute as much toward the prevention of the spread of typhoid fever, according to city health officials, as the boiling of the city water.

Charts compiled by the health department showing the distribution of the water supply reveal the fact that the majority of the deaths resulting from typhoid during the first eleven days of August occurred in the district supplied by the most sanitary of the tunnels, and hence receiving the purest water.

Not a death is recorded in the district supplied from the notoriously bad Lake View tunnel, and only two mortalities occurred in the Hyde Park district, the water supply of which never has been good.

Best Tunnels, Largest Mortality.

The largest mortality is recorded in the district supplied jointly by the three best tunnels in the city, the Carter H. Harrison, the Chicago avenue, and the four mile tunnels. In this district occurred twenty-seven of the forty-five deaths by the fever recorded up to noon yesterday.

Five deaths occurred in the district supplied jointly by the Carter Harrison and the Chicago avenue cribs, although none was recorded east of Clark street.

Three mortalities are recorded in the district supplied by the four mile crib, which includes the downtown and levee districts. None of these deaths occurred in the best residence section of the district, and only one of them in the territory lying east of State street.

Blame Vegetables and Milk.

From these statistics the health officials have concluded that the water is only partly blamable for the large mortality from typhoid, and hence it is reasoned that contaminated vegetables and dairy products share in the responsibility.

In the ghetto district, where the largest mortality has been recorded, large amounts of raw vegetables are consumed daily and the dairy products are in many cases unwholesome. Raw cabbage and celery is eaten without being washed, and the milk is kept in foul ice boxes.

In the rural districts outside of Chicago, where many of the vegetables consumed in Chicago are grown, the recent rains have spread contamination from barnyards to the fields. Thus the greenstuffs which are sold in the Chicago market come in contact with germs before they reach the consumer. The chart made by the health department shows conclusively that the greatest number of deaths have occurred in the districts supplied by the cheapest and most unsanitary farm products.

Deaths occurring in the hospitals are not marked on the chart in the district of the hospital, but in the area where the disease originated, and this fact precludes the possibility of a wrong deduction so far as the water distribution is concerned.

Health Commissioner Reynolds made a personal inspection of the conditions in the ghetto district yesterday afternoon, after which he sent thirty department inspectors to instruct the residents as to the precautions necessary to prevent typhoid fever. They will be shown the proper way to clean vegetables for consumption and also how to sterilize milk.

Typhoid in the Hospitals.

Thirteen additional typhoid fever patients were reported at the county hospital last evening. They brought the total up to 296. At the Mary Thompson hospital eight patients were turned away because of lack of room. The report of various hospitals follows:

	Monday.	Yes'day.
Alexian Brothers	30	30
Chicago Baptist	3	3
Cook County	283	296
German-American	6	6
Hahnemann	4	3
Mercy	25	27
Presbyterian	29	29
St. Luke's	13	16
Michael Reese	69	74
Provident	7	7
Passavant Memorial	6	6
Mary Thompson	19	21

Death Rate for August.

Following is the August typhoid mortality up to noon yesterday:

Aug. 1	8	Aug. 7	8
Aug. 2	0	Aug. 8	3
Aug. 3	7	Aug. 9	3
Aug. 4	5	Aug. 10	4
Aug. 5	5	Aug. 11	10
Aug. 6	2		

Now that the malady in many instances has reached the critical stage it is expected that the mortality rate will grow larger.

TELLS HOW TO FALL IN LOVE.

Dr. Andrews Advises Students to Be Deliberate About It and Not to Marry in Haste.

"It is better not to marry," said Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews yesterday while his audience waited in suspense, "until 25 or perhaps a little after. Mature and proper marriages are made at that age."

This statement was made during a lecture at the University of Chicago on "Foes of the Family."

Prof. Andrews, in discussing the foes that work harm, laid most of the blame upon hasty marriages. "People rush into marriage," he said, "without knowledge of each other's tastes or characteristics. Soon they wonder why misunderstandings arise, and then away they rush, often hand in hand, to the divorce court."

Hasty courtships were denounced by Dr. Andrews in as strong terms as early marriages. Ocean voyage courtships and summer flirtations came in for their full share of condemnation. "One year of courtship," he said, "is better than three months, and two years are still better than one. If you think that young people will become sick of each other, I say that it is better to become sick of one another before marriage than after. Take plenty of time before falling in love."

While Prof. Andrews' afternoon lecture was devoted to telling how the marriage relation should be entered into, his morning talk was concerned with an unqualified disapproval of "single blessedness." According to the chancellor's views the bachelor man or the bachelor maid amounts to next to nothing.

TEST FOR GOVERNMENT PLACES.

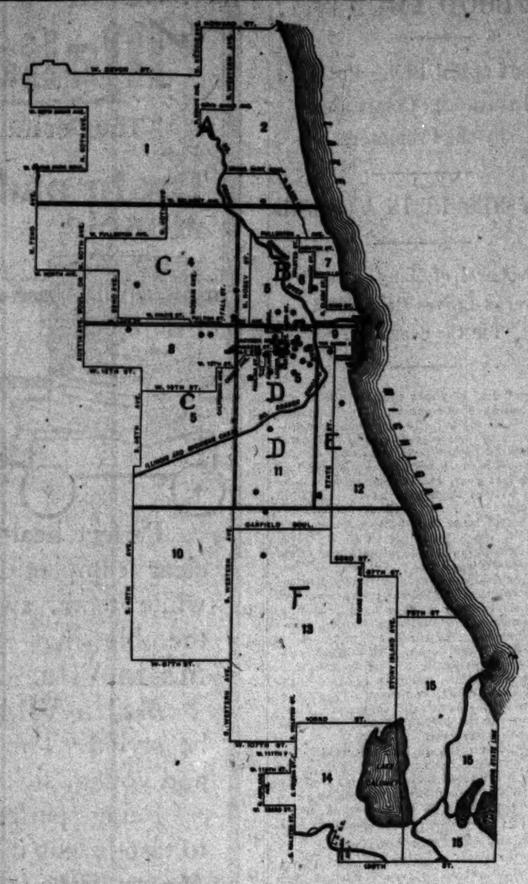
Civil Service Examination Held for a Number of Positions on Uncle Sam's Pay Roll.

Examinations were held yesterday for clerks and custodians in the Chicago subtreasury, for teachers in the Indian service, for midshipmen at the naval academy, for interpreters, and for nautical experts by Peter Newton, secretary of the United States civil service board, assisted by John T. McGrath. Vacancies in the subtreasury pay $1,200 a year for the clerical and banking positions, while positions in the custodian's service pay from $600 to $720 a year. Teachers in the Indian service secure not less than $600 a year and the other positions are worth more.

Titled Woman an Honorary Nurse.

The Chicago Hospital Training School for Nurses has just conferred its first honorary degree on La Vicomtesse Baudoin de Jonghe of Brussels. The degree is in appreciation of the active interest the vicomtesse took in a patient two years ago when the founder of the hospital and training school, Dr. J. T. Brinkley, was spending the summer in Italy. The patient was a servant.

WHERE THE TYPHOID IS FINDING VICTIMS.



The accompanying chart, showing the typhoid mortality up to noon yesterday, reveals that the greatest number of deaths have occurred in cases which originated in districts where the water supply is the best. From this the health department officials reason that contaminated vegetables and milk have much to do with the prevalence of the fever.

The water supply distribution is given by the health department as follows: A, from Lake View tunnel; B, mixed from Chicago avenue and Carter H. Harrison tunnels; C, from Carter H. Harrison tunnel; D, mixed from C. H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels; E, from four mile tunnel; F, from Hyde Park tunnel.

It is explained that the boundaries of these areas fluctuate three or four blocks in either direction from the dotted lines, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

TWO HELD TO GRAND JURY IN THE BABY FARM CASE.

Mrs. Campbell Charged with Criminal Negligence and Mary Dietrich Accused as Accessory.

Mrs. Nellie Campbell was held to the grand jury yesterday afternoon for criminal negligence, and Mary Dietrich, woman doctor, 695 Wells street, was held as accessory. Thus Inspector John Wheeler began his efforts to avenge the death of the infant child Louisa, who died from supposed starvation while under the care of Mrs. Campbell. The inquest was held at the undertaking rooms of John Conboy, 621 Grand avenue. There was a crowd, both outside and inside the place.

The police had expected to convince the jury that Mrs. Campbell was guilty of murder, but the jury decided that criminal negligence was a more proper charge. Mrs. Campbell gazed in silence at the coroner when he read the verdict. She did not appear to be greatly affected, and Mrs. Dietrich seemed less concerned. Neither woman spoke.

Inspector John Wheeler recited the story of the alleged baby farm. The girl Viola repeated the story she had told to the police. She said that the babies brought into the house by Mrs. Campbell not only had suffered from lack of food but that they had been mistreated.

Mrs. Dietrich, as a witness, said she conducted a hospital, and swore that Dr. Hunter of the city health department had told her that she did not need a license.

"The mother of the baby told me she was from St. Louis," testified the witness, "but she refused to give me her name. I told her it was absolutely necessary that I keep some record. Then she said her name was Hall. I was not at home when Mrs. Campbell called and requested an infant. The baby was given to her by the mother personally. While the child was in my care I fed it with prepared food and milk. I did not give the mother any medicine.

Mrs. Campbell, however, had said the infant was given to her by Mrs. Dietrich herself.

Dr. Leininger testified that he found a fracture of the baby's skull, but gave it as his opinion that the infant died from starvation.

The jury recommended that both women be held without bail, and they were taken away to jail in a patrol wagon.

Mrs. Dietrich has been in trouble before and on several occasions has attracted attention. The state board of health has prosecuted her on several occasions for alleged violations of the state laws.

Church to Indorse Stebbings.

Members of the Pilgrim Congregational church, Sixty-fourth street and Howard avenue, will adopt resolutions expressing "the utmost confidence in the Christian character and trustworthiness" of Walter L. Stebbings, and hoping for his early discharge from the accusation of manslaughter.

WARRANT FOR A CONDUCTOR WHO EJECTED CAR BAITER.

H. W. Phelps Complains Against Employe Who Forced Him to Leave Cable for Refusing to Pay Second Fare.

As a result of a conductor's ejection of H. W. Phelps of Rogers Park from a North Clark street cable car, Mr. Phelps yesterday appeared before Justice R. M. Scholes and swore out a warrant for the arrest of "Conductor No. 255" on the charge of assault and battery. The warrant was given to Constable H. W. Laudenheimer for service and he is looking for No. 255, whose name is not known.

On the morning of Aug. 6 Mr. Phelps, coming into the city on the electric line north of the car barns, boarded a North Clark street cable car armed with a home made "Rogers Park, Edgewater, and Argyle" transfer. The conductor demanded another fare. Mr. Phelps presented his transfer and refused to pay. Thereupon the conductor made him leave the car.

A number of persons rode to the city yesterday from Rogers Park and paid only one fare.

SOLDIERS IN WASHINGTON PARK

First Infantry Will Give Exhibition Maneuvers and Band Concert Next Saturday.

The First infantry, Illinois National guard, will give exhibition maneuvers, closing with dress parade, at Washington park next Saturday afternoon. The regiment will be reviewed by Gen. George M. Moulton and staff.

The exercises will open with a band concert at 2:30 o'clock by the First regiment band, opposite Fifty-third street. The soldiers will begin their maneuvers at 3 o'clock and continue until 4:30, concluding with evening parade and review. The appearance of the regiment in the park is an acceptance of an invitation from the South park commissioners.

Following is the program of the band concert:

1. March—"The Invincible Eagle".....Sousa
2. Overture—"Raymond".....Ambroise Thomas
3. Piece de Salon—"The First Heart Throbs".....Ellenberg
4. Cornet solo—"Fantasia Brilliant".....Arbar
   C. H. Wolf.
5. Invocation to Battle—"Rienzi".....Wagner
6. Austrian Hymn to the Emperor.....Arranged by Godfrey
   With original variations by Haydn.
7. (a) Serenade—"Rococo" [new].....Meyer Helmund
   (b) Dance of the Sultans.....Daniels
8. Selection from the musical comedy, "The Royal Rogue".....Francis
9. Divertisement for piccolo and clarinet, "Two Little Bullfinches".....Kling
10. Scenes popular, "Loop the Loop".....Smith

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

August Clearing Sale of Men's Stylish Clothing.

Men's Business Suits

In blue, black and fancy mixtures, both light and medium weights, also Summer Outing Suits of the very best materials, are now being sold

At Marked Reductions.

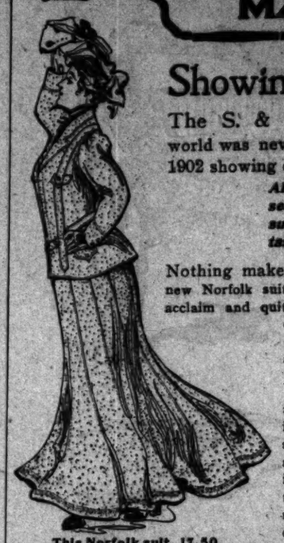
Some a third less than regular early season prices. There remain about 875 of these, and in workmanship, fit and fabric they cannot be surpassed.

Semi-Annual Sale of Fine Trousers.

This Semi-Annual Sale of Trousers offers many splendid bargains, as a general reduction of 20% has been made in all fancy mixed worsteds and stripes. These Trousers are conspicuous in their absolute correctness of style.

Second Floor North Room.

SCHLESINGER MAYER



This Norfolk suit, 17.50.

Showing of new fall suits.

The S. & M. leadership in the fashion world was never better exemplified than in our 1902 showing of new fall suits.

All the jaunty effects of the season are here, and they are such as appeal to the critical tastes of fashionable women.

Nothing makes a more pleasing picture than our new Norfolk suit, which has been received with popular acclaim and quite outrivals anything else to be seen in Chicago. It evinces a distinctive style touch, a daring originality that attracts unstinted admiration.

We also invite attention to our new and jaunty styles in "Rough Riders" traveling suits, walking suits, etc.—all in the most stylish effects—see the S. & M. Norfolk suit as illustrated—pretty combinations of modish colors and white—in the new "coronation" and snowflake materials—a splendid suit for— $17.50

Swell new autumn street hats.

An engaging ensemble of chic conceits in autumn run-about hats—whites, tans, dainty grays, all that's first in fashion favoritism, are here in an abundance—and very low priced.

The assortment consists principally of the rich, elegant, light-weight felts that are coming more and more into vogue as the fall season approaches—some in all white, some white and black, others in pretty pearl grays, tans, castors, etc. Many bear the imprint of our own designing, hence, have the charming feature of exclusiveness, they're wonderful values, for what we ask—$3.50, $7.50 and up,

$3 1/2 $7 1/2

Interesting inducements in furs.

Just before the fall fur season we've decided to offer an immense assortment of our choicest furs very much below customary mid-season prices. No need to go into details—the values outrank anything Chicago has ever before shown.

August fur offering.

Genuine Alaska seal coats, London dye—made to your measure for present or future delivery in any of our leading styles—plain or fancy trimming—$140, $200, $235, and an extra choice lot (the best coat, made from selected pelts), at $300. $140

Persian lamb coat—length, 22 inch—made from Leipzig dyed pelts, $85—same style with handsome marten collar and revers—$105. $85

Hudson Bay otter coats, length 24-in.—in dark or light shades, $135. $135

Electric seal box coats, blocked collars—22-inch, $22; 24-inch, $23. $22

New chinchilla neck novelty—very handsome—special val., $12.50. $12 1/2

Russian blue or sable fox scarfs, with two handsome brush tails, 12.75 $12 1/2

Choice single sable fox scarf, with two natural brush tails, $7.50—muffs to match, $7.50. $7 1/2

25% discount on all repairing and remodeling during the month of August.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

REVELL & CO.

GREAT SALE THIS WEEK.

A New York Importer's entire stock of fine Lace Curtains.
A Manufacturer's entire sample line of Parlor Tables.
A Manufacturer's entire sample line Couches, Davenports, etc.

REAL SAXONY LACE CURTAINS.

Price for Full Size—5¼ and 60 in. wide, 3½ and 4 yds. long.	Price for Sash Size—36 inches by 3 yards.
$20 values for..$10.00	$10.00 values for $5.00
$25 values for.. 12.50	12.50 values for 6.25
$30 values for.. 15.00	15.00 values for 7.50
$35 values for.. 17.50	17.50 values for 8.75
$50 values for.. 25.00	20.00 values for 10.00
$60 values for.. 30.00	Etc., etc.
$75 values for.. 35.00	

FRENCH LACE CURTAINS.

Meaning the many varieties made in France. In this assortment you will find all the novelties in dainty Curtains, and the prices just half.

$5.00 values for. $2.50	$20.00 values for. $10.00
7.00 values for. 3.75	22.50 values for. 11.25
10.00 values for. 5.00	25.00 values for. 12.50
12.50 values for. 6.25	30.00 values for. 15.00
15.00 values for. 7.50	35.00 values for. 17.50
17.50 values for. 8.75	50.00 values for. 25.00

VESTIBULE PANELS

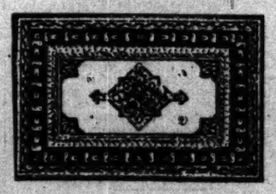
for vestibule doors in Arabian and Renaissance.

Value $1.50 at, each	50c
Value 2.00 at, each	60c
Value 2.50 at, each	75c
Value 3.00 at, each	$1.00

SWISS LACE CURTAINS.

$4.00 values for. $2.00	$10.00 values for. $5.00
5.00 values for. 2.50	12.50 values for. 6.00
7.50 values for. 3.75	13.50 values for. 6.50
8.00 values for.. 4.00	15.00 values for. 7.00
9.00 values for.. 4.50	

MADE-UP CARPET RUGS.



BARGAINS!!!

Made from fine remnants of fine carpet borders and balance of close-out carpet patterns.

Size 9x6 Axminster Carpet Rug	$9.25
Size 8x6 Wilton Velvet Rug	$8.00
Size 6.6x6 Tapestry Brussels	$5.25
Size 11.6x8.3 Tapestry Brussels	$10.75
Size 11x8.3 Wilton Velvet Rug	$13.50
Size 12x10.6 Body Brussels Rug	$18.50
Size 12x10.6 Wilton Velvet Rug	$22.50
Size 12x10.6 Tapestry Brussels	$16.25

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.

Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

COST A LITTLE MORE.

WEBER PIANOS

266 WABASH-AV.

BUT LAST A LIFETIME.

THE TRIBUNE—ALWAYS RELIABLE.

ONLY ONE WAY TO REMOVE FOREVER

HAIR ON THE FACE

BUST, ARMS OR BODY

My scientific treatments never fail. Thirty years' practical experience. No charge for consultation and book.

JOHN H. WOODBURY D. I.
163 State Street, Chicago.

THE TRIBUNE—ALWAYS RELIABLE.

MANDEL BROTHER'S DAILY STORE NEWS.

Our ladies' tailoring section

is now prepared to take orders for fall suits. We are showing new models and new materials. Special prices during August.

The new Norfolk suits.

For your fall tailored suit get a Norfolk—that's what the fashion editors all say—all over America women are eager to get a first glimpse of the new effects that are going to set the standard of fashion.

And where, but to Mandel's, should Chicago people turn for their first view of the smartest of these new costumes?

New Norfolk suits with new shaped skirt and jacket, the snowflake effect beautifully brought out in black and white, green and white, blue and white and brown and white. The price—remarkably low for this ultra-modish suit—$15.

Handsome blouse suits in the new shaped blouse and skirt—both trimmed with stitched velvet, fancy revers, postilion back. Extremely stylish—32.50.

A charming assortment of fancy suits in blouse, Norfolk and fitted shapes—all the various materials in mixtures and plain—skirts effectively trimmed or plain—prices range from 17.50 to $65.

An extensive showing of the new silk skirts—all the new tucked, corded, braided and hemstitched effects in peau de soie or taffeta—some with handsome taffeta drop skirt—$10 to $30.

Exclusive autumn dress goods.

The choice of the world's factories was ours. Months ago, across the water, we selected designs we knew fashion's most captious arbiters would approve for autumn wear.

Yards upon yards of soft and elegant woolens were turned out for us by the busy looms—a peerless exposition of this season's fashions in dress goods.

The new mirror zibelines—the handsomest of the new fall dress goods—heavy weight, shaggy materials with highly polished surface—beautiful shading—new castors, tans, emeralds, royal blues, cadets, navies, beavers and golden browns—54 inch wide zibelines—per yard, 1.50, $2, 2.50 and upward to as high as $4.

The new Scotch tweeds in exclusive patterns—new heather mixtures—the season's fad for fashionable skirts and suits. The new boucles, Bannockburns, Kilmarnocks and Inveraries—swell black and white, brown and white, navy and white and green and white mixtures—54 inches wide—per yard, 4.50, $4, 3.50, $3, $2 and 1.50.

August sale "mended" kid gloves, 50c.

There's not another glove sale like this the whole year 'round—for 50c you can get a pair of dress or street gloves that it would take very close examination to tell from perfect, new $1, 1.50 and $2 goods.

A stitch or two missed in the making, or some other little imperfection equally insignificant, brought them back to us—our skilled repairers remedied the difficulty.

All these, together with several thousand pairs of mended gloves secured from the manufacturers, are now on sale at one price—men's and women's gloves in all styles—glace, suede, mocha, etc., many with 2-clasp wrists, your unrestricted choosing, 50c.

"Le Negri" toothpicks

An entirely new creation, and exclusive with us, as they have just reached us from our Paris house.

Antiseptic and sterilized toothpicks—these two qualities are surely recommendation enough.

The "Le Negri" toothpicks are absolutely clean—each toothpick is put up in a sealed envelope and the points blackened with permanganate of potash.

Price, per dozen picks	10c
Package of 10 picks	10c
Package of 50 picks	40c
Package of 100 picks	75c
Package of 500 picks	3.75
Package of 1,000 picks	4.50

Gold lockets at 4.75.

When we started our new jewelry store we had some pretty clearly defined notions about how to build up a snug business in lockets.

We now have three sizes of ladies' solid gold lockets in the rich, full Roman gold finish, whose pricing gives the key to our success.

Plain, 4.75; diamond center, 8.75.
Plain, $6; diamond center, $15.
Plain, 13.50; diamond center, $25.

Final clearance imported wash goods and linen suitings.

Main floor, Wabash-av.

The greatest valves ever offered in imported wash goods.

We'll have plenty of summer dress weather yet, and if you lay in a supply for next summer you'll save more than half.

All the ends of printed Irish dimities, French corded lawns in handsome two and three toned effects—Scotch madras, tissues, zephyrs, mercerized ginghams, percales, plain colored lawns, lace stripe chambrays, etc., worth to 60c per yard at 10c & 15c.

10c 15c

All the ends of linen suitings and piques 2 to 7 yards in length, to be closed out at a fraction of their real worth—suitable goods for fall wear that formerly sold at $1 per yard reduced to 25c.

400 remnants of white cotton damask, fancy white madras, plain and fancy Panama weaves, mercerized striped cheviots, fancy lace stripes in heavy weight lawns, etc.—to close at about half price.

Silk waist clearance, 2.85.

Because there are only a few of a style and size, we are offering some of our finest and most stylish silk waists at less than one-third.

It won't do for us to have our waist section full of odds and ends, you know.

A great many women are going to get big bargains in these the next day or two.

These are odd lots of our very best silk waists, in latest modes—during the season just passed we sold waists just like them for as high as $12, but we will close them out now at 2.85.

All the white waists in our stock that have sold as high as $7, including all the choicest creations of the season, will be closed out now at 1.95.

Colored shirt waists that have sold during the season as high as 4.50 are now marked at 95c.

ER'S
WS.
ion
re showing
g August.
uits.
k—that's what
ca women are

goods.
ours. Months
knew fashion's
umn wear.
d out for us by
s in dress goods
v Scotch
lusive patterns—
xtures—the sea-
shionable skirts
ew boucles, Ban-
rnnocks and In-
black and white,
navy and white
ite mixtures—54
r yard, 4.50,
$2 and 1.50.
nded"
gloves,
50c.
not another
like this the
r 'round—for
an get a pair of
it would take
tell from per-
oods.
aking, or some
insignificant,
skilled repair-
eral thousand pairs
the manufacturers
en's and women's
mocha, etc., many
ed choosing, 50c.
ts at 4.75.
When we start-
ed our new
jewelry store
we had some
pretty clearly
defined notions
about how to
build up a snug
business in lock-
ets.
ee sizes of ladies'
s in the rich, dull
sh, whose pricing
our success.
nond center, 8.75.
ond center, $15.
nond center, $25.
d wash
ngs.
ed wash goods.
d if you
an half.
cotch
ams,
ham-
15c.
ants of white
ancy white madras,
nama weaves, mer-
geviots, fancy lace
eight lawns, etc.—
alf price.
, 2.85.
y of a style and
finest and most
one-third.
r waist
n know.
get big bargains in
f best silk waists, in
ssed we sold waists
we will close them
tock that have sold
est creations of the
ve sold during the
at 95c.

DEATHS.

Deaths or death notices will be cabled, in confirmation, without extra charge, for publication in the edition of the New York Herald, if sent as requests by writing on their notices, "Cable to the New York European edition."

Maggie, | Hines, Annie,
Catherine, | Henning, Frederica,
John, | Hynes, James,
Timothy, | Maskell, Michael,
Ernestine, | Montfort, Clemence,
Margaret, | Mullen, Cornelius,
Charles E., | McNally, John H.,
Judith W., | Repenning, Louise,
Patrick, | Rose, Mary,
Milton B., | Schofield, Mary,
William F., | Struebing, Dora,
Sullivan, James,
Therien, Rev. E. J.,

COLLINS—Maggie, wife of Thomas Collins. Funeral Wednesday at 10 a. m. from 9712 Artesian-av. to Jesse church, to Mount Olivet.

CROADACK—Aug. 12, 1902, David Hammond Croadack. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 14, 1902, at 2 p. m. from 63 N. Ada-st., to Rosehill.

CUMMINS—Catherine, beloved sister of Thomas Michael, Annie, Ellen, Marie, and Mrs. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 12, at 9, from 245 W. Congress-st., to St. Patrick's. Interment at Madison, Wis.

DUNNINGHAM—John, aged 63 years, formerly of Arlington, Wis., suddenly of neuralgia of the heart, on Thursday, Aug. 14, at 1:30 a. m., residence, 55 Grant-pl., to St. Vincent's church and Calvary.

DEVINE—Aug. 12, Officer Timothy Devine, beloved husband of Ellen Devine, nee Cronin, and father of Timothy, Catherine, Margaret, Thomas, Ellen, Eleanor, Mary, Myles, and John Devine. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m. from his late residence, 241 W. Ohio-st., to St. Malachy's church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary cemetery. Member of Police Benevolent association and Columbian Lodge No. 108.

DOOLEY—Jeremiah, aged 38. Funeral Wednesday at 8 a. m. from 4607 Wallace-st. to St. Gabriel's church. Thence to Mount Olivet.

FELGER—Ernestina. Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m. from 1230 N. Halsted-st. to Waldheim.

FITZGERALD—Aug. 11, Margaret, beloved wife of J. F. Fitzgerald and daughter of Margaret and the late Patrick Culloton and sister of John, Thomas, and William F. Culloton and Mrs. A. J. Hogan, aged 52 years. Funeral Thursday at 8:30 a. m. from residence, 46 Orchard-st., to St. Paul's church, where requiem high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary.

FLANAGAN—Timothy Edward, son of Charles and Ellen Flanagan, aged 7 weeks and 3 days. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. to Mount Carmel.

GANES—Bethiah W., Aug. 12, aged 87 years, relict of Capt. John Ganes, Harvey D. Ganes, Funeral Thursday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m. from the residence of Mrs. Harvey D. Ganes, 800 Belden-av.

GREENE—Patrick. Funeral Wednesday at 9:30 a. m. from Chesterton's church to Mount Olivet.

HANSON—William F., husband of Stella Jones Hanson of 806 S. Paulina-st., at Las Vegas, N. Mex. Funeral notice later.

HOYED—Milton B., aged 43 years and 2 mos. Funeral Wednesday at 1:30 p. m. from 231 Lexington, to Rosehill.

HINES—Annie, wife of Joseph Hines. Funeral Wednesday from 1850 49th-st. to St. Rose of Lima church, to Mount Olivet.

HENNING—On Monday, the 11th inst., Frederick, wife of William Henning and mother of Charles, Herman, Alvina, Bertha, and Minnie. Funeral from late residence, 4517 Indiana-av., to Forest Home, Wednesday, 2 p. m.

HYNES—Aug. 11, James Hynes, aged 2 years 7 months, son of Dr. J. and Kitty Hynes (nee McDonnell). Funeral Thursday, Aug. 14, at 10 a. m., from parents' residence, 1710 W. Chicago-av., by carriages to Calvary.

HASKELL—Michael. Funeral Wednesday at 7 p. m. from 4636 Wabash-av. to La Salle, Ill.

MONTFORT—Clemence, aged 1 year and 8 mos., son of William and Maggie Montfort. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. from 8009 37th-st. to Calvary.

MULLEN—Cornelius. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 383 Polk-st. to St. Patrick's church. Interment at Mount Olivet.

MCNALLY—John H., aged 37 years. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m. from St. Elizabeth's hospital, to Mount Olivet.

REPENNING—Louise, aged 56 years and 10 mos. Funeral Wednesday at 1 p. m. from 4720 Ogden-av. to First German Reformed church, to Forest Home.

ROSE—Mary Rose, beloved mother of Conrad, Barbara, Frank, Lanna, and Lena Rose, aged 54 years and 8 months. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 14, from late residence, 522 Larrabee-st., at 1:30 p. m., to Mount Olivet.

SCHOFIELD—Mary. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m. from 1304 Fulton-st., to St. Matthew's church. Thence to Calvary.

STRUEBING—Dora, aged 50 years. Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m. from 38 Haddon-av. to Elmwood.

SULLIVAN—James. Funeral Wednesday at 9:30 a. m. from 136 W. Curtis-st. to St. Stephen's church, to Calvary.

THERIEN—The Rev. E. J. Therien, Aug. 11, at Notre Dame rectory, 16 Sibley-st. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 14. Solemn mass at Notre Dame church at 9 a. m., thence by carriages to Calvary. Montreal and Quebec papers please copy.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed and to lay in the grave yesterday the couples living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Payne, Margaret Foley ..... 26—10
Payne, Florence E. Bell ..... 21—19
Payne, Mary Blank ..... 55—29
Wilder, Deane ..... 30—18
Grewe of St. Paul, Minn., Millie ..... 29—20
Greene of Washington, D. C., ... 41—32
Devine of Sacramento, Cal ..... 21—21
Bartels of Madison, Wis., Margaret ..... 24—21
Lillian Ullrich ..... 24—21
Shilo of Whiting, Ind., Julia Secay ..... 49—40
Bercier, Margaret L. Haynes ..... 29—23
Straley, Mollie Hanell ..... 23—22
Connor ..... 22—22
Sorensen, Laura S. Sinus ..... 20—20
Nickodem, Annie Nerud ..... 23—20
Sander ..... 27—21
Griffin, Nellie Prendall ..... 26—23
Chelowski, Maryanna Wanka ..... 23—23
Zotnek, Josie R. Zarwesky ..... 24—20
Sawyer, Grace Beck ..... 21—21
Metzinger, Annie R. Kelly ..... 24—21
Clayton, Eva Prey ..... 29—20
Augustyn, Antonina Nedza ..... 20—20
Richardson, Oma B. Hilton ..... 20—20
Gordon, Barbara Mais ..... 20—20
Starke, Augusta Burmeister ..... 25—20
Wagner, Anne N. Beall ..... 32—23
Miller ..... 27—22
Bates, Minnie L. Zeruel ..... 31—26
Hoppe of St. Louis, Mo., Clara ..... 29—19
Glasmann ..... 22—22
Houston, J. Edna P. Van Guilder ..... 27—25
Brown, Frances Krueger ..... 25—24
Horlock, Alice Gorman ..... 24—22
Francois of Broken Bow, Neb., Mathilda Forrmann ..... 26—24
Lucy, Margaret Bradyr ..... 21—21
Sonne, Grace Munson ..... 27—20
Nelson, Ida S. Nelson ..... 35—28
Stone Jr. Klude Winkelbleck ..... 22—22
Denison of Milwaukee, Wis., Rosie ..... 25—23
Wickersham of Boise, Idaho, Grace ..... 32—26
Harris, Mamie M. Morasque ..... 35—28
Zwickiewicz, Helena Steczka ..... 38—28
Kuchinda Niemeyer ..... 21—18
Brudigam, Louise Griesbach ..... 27—21
Kerry, Sophia G. Christey ..... 26—24
Ward ..... 24—21
Warner, Marie A. Siecker ..... 22—22
Kilbrow, Lulu Magel ..... 26—22
Taylor, Mary Jane ..... 32—25
Connor, Lillian McDonnell ..... 23—23
Leary ..... 35—21
Graham of St. Paul, Minn., Josephine Dougherty of Fort Wayne, Ind ..... 29—29
Hasse, Annie ..... 27—21
Cline, Ernestine Kingston ..... 27—21
Englehardt, Ida B. Draheim ..... 27—22
Sanborn, Jennie Wilkerman ..... 45—32
Gasajek, Nepomocin Szustkothe ..... 24—20
Kennedy ..... 49—40
Miller ..... 21—21
Heiperin, Amy Cohen ..... 21—18
Saylor, Kathyrne M. Leahy ..... 27—22
Kaplan, Rose Madison ..... 22—22
Davis, Anna Patterson ..... 26—24
Sawyer, Ethel N. Abbott ..... 28—28
Magana Sterzer ..... 24—22
Fiestus, Laura Schmidt ..... 24—22
Silverman, Helen M. Flanigan ..... 23—19

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Frank, 55; 909 31st-pl., Aug. 10.
Jacob, 73; 27 Center-st., Aug. 10.
Frank, 61; 1040 Wilton-av., Aug. 10.
Sadie, 7; 40 Julian-st., Aug. 12.
Joseph, 26; 4047 Wallace-st., Aug. 10.
Johanna R., 29; 2949 Bradley-pl., Aug. 8.
Mary, 29; 433 W. 42d-st., Aug. 10.
Catherine, 33; 1230 61st-pl., Aug. 11.
Catherine, 83; 549 Congress-st., Wallack).
Wood-st., 200 s of 40th, e f, 48x124, Dec. 19, 1901 [W. R. Braunan to Timothy Lyons].
Same ppty, July 31 [T. Lyons to C. R. Wallack].
Horne-av., n w cor 31st-pl., e f, 51x124, and other ppty, Dec. 19, 1901 [W. R. Braunan to Timothy Lyons].
Same ppty, July 31 [T. Lyons to C. R. Wallack].
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD GOODS — MUST BE sold at once. Goods are new and very high grade. Include parlor, dining room, library and chair and rockers, mahogany couch and tables, large hand carved desk, parlor suits, oil paintings, rugs, curtains, and draperies, brass and bed springs, and hair mattresses, large dressers and chiffoniers in oak, Steinway piano, and music cabinet. Great chance to buy a complete outfit cheap. Will sell separate. Call any time. 3435 S. Park-av.
ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE COMPANY — Are making a great success of their new line of "CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS," because: It does not chalk or blister. It is not affected by acids. It covers as much surface as other paints. It may be washed to look as good as new. Come in and see samples of work it has done or send for Color Card and Booklet—FREE. ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE CO., 74 and 76 Randolph-st., Chicago.
FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF 6 ROOM FLAT; north side; walking distance; cost $1,400; price $400; nearly new; rent $30; can be removed any time or assume lease there. WHITCOMB & BROWN, 1425 Unity Bldg.
KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store, or buy h. h. furniture. 3145 W. Polk-st. Tel. Oak. 80.
I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNITURE of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. Phone Monroe 592. DEWAR, 351 W. Madison-st.
WILL SACRIFICE CONTENTS OF BEAUTIFUL-ly furnished flat, including mahogany upright piano. Call any time, 3233 Vernon-av.
HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPECIAL sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 79 E. 31st-st. PHALEN, BENNETT & CO.
NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE; rugs; 800 yards carpet; iron beds, $1.50; dressers, $4.50. KREITZER, 3118 Cottage Grove-av.
MY 3 HOGANY PIANO. FINE FURNITURE, carpets; rent free. Address O 152, Tribune office.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE B, 2 THREAD, $20 to $25; or the B. Eldredge single thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machine made. National Sewing Machine Co., 46 Madison-st. M. G. GLEASON, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or phone Cent. 2256.
AKAM'S, 12 ADAMS-ST., PULLMAN BLDG., sell all best grade machines at wholesale price. Wheeler & Wilson, Homestead, New Home, Singer, etc. Can save you $10 to $20 on each machine.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.—Forecast:
Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Upper and Lower Michigan—Local rains Wednesday and Thursday. Increasing southeast winds.
Ohio—Partly cloudy and warmer Wednesday, with showers in north and west portions. Increasing southeast winds, Thursday showers.
Minnesota—Local rains Wednesday and Thursday, fresh and increasing to northwest winds.
Iowa and Missouri—Local rains Wednesday and Thursday.
North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska—Fair in west, local rains in east portion Wednesday, Thursday fair.

Place of observation. | Direction of wind. | Max. temp. | Precipitation last 24 hours. | State of the sky. | Thermometer 8 a. m.

Time taken:

Aug. 12, 8 p. m.

Abilene		92	94		Clear
Albany		62	72		Clear
Alpena		60	66		Cl'dy
Atlanta		70	82		Clear
Amarillo		74	88		Clear
Battleford		54	66		Cl'dy
Bismarck		56	66		Clear
Buffalo		62	68		Clear
Boston		66	74		Clear
Cairo		78	82		Cl'dy
Calgary		50	58		Cl'dy
Charlotte		74	86		Clear
Cheyenne		70	82		Clear
Chicago		70	78		Cl'dy
Cincinnati		70	76		Fair
Cleveland		66	70		Fair
Concordia		72	86		Clear
Davenport		68	76		Cl'dy
Denver		86	86		Fair
Des Moines		68	70		Cl'dy
Detroit		68	70		Fair
Dodge		92	96		Clear
Dubuque		66	74		Rain
Duluth		56	74		Fair
El Paso		80	92		Clear
Edmonton		48	56		Fair
Galveston		84	86		Fair
Grand Haven		66	70		Cl'dy
Green Bay		62	72		Cl'dy
Havre		72	74		Cl'dy
Helena		68	84		Cl'dy
Huron		66	68		Clear
Indianapolis		70	74		Fair
Jacksonville		76	84		Clear
Kansas City		80	88		Cl'dy
Lander		50	68		Cl'dy
Little Rock		76	86		Clear
Los Angeles		68	74		Clear
Marquette		60	68		Cl'dy
Memphis		76	86		Clear
Milwaukee		66	70		Cl'dy
Minnedosa		50	68		Clear
Montgomery		76	86		Clear
Montreal		56	62		Clear
Nashville		74	84		Clear
New Orleans		78	86		Clear
New York City		66	74		Clear
Norfolk		72	80		Clear
North Platte		74	88		Clear
Oklahoma		84	88		Clear
Omaha		74	86		Clear
Oswego		62	68		Clear
Palestine		76	94		Clear
Parkersburg		70	74		Clear
Philadelphia		68	74		Clear
Pittsburg		68	72		Clear
Pueblo		90	92		Clear
Qu'Appelle		52	62		Clear
Rapid City		80	92		Clear
San Francisco		64	66		Clear
St. Louis		76	82		Clear
St. Paul		58	68	.30	Rain
Salt Lake City		84	86		Fair
Ste. Marie		58	66		Clear
Springfield, Ill.		70	74		Cl'dy
Springfield, Mo.		78	80		Cl'dy
Sault Ste. Marie		58	70		Clear
Vicksburg		84	92		Clear
Washington		68	76		Clear
White River		60	70		Clear
Williston		70	80		Clear
Winnipeg		60	70		Fair
Wichita		90	92		Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 North Madison, in Tribune building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 68; 9 a. m., 68; 10 a. m., 69; 11 a. m., 70; 12 m., 71; 2 p. m., 73; 4 p. m., 73; 6 p. m., 73. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.68; 6 p. m., 29.60.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord on Tuesday, Aug. 12, 1902:
Grand-blvd, 100 n cor 44th-st, e f, 86½x147, Aug. 11, incumbrance $12,000 [Sarah A. Cochran to Hattie E. Harris] $36,500
45th-pl, 190 1-3 e of Grand-blvd, n f, 16.6x124.9, Aug. 11, incumbrance $8,500 [H. E. Harris to Sarah J. Cochran] 6,500
79th-st, s e cor Kingston-av, s f, 137x106 1-2, Aug. 11 [H. E. Harris to Sarah J. Cochran] 2,800
Warren-av, n e cor Sacramento-av, n f, 30.82x120, July 1 [E. Roberts to the Grace Baptist church] 8,500
76th-st, 170 w of Coles-av, s f, 30x37, July 29 [T. C. Phillips to Nettie Jones] 5,200
76th-pl, s w cor Coles-av, s f, 28x30, Aug. 1 [I. Poorbaugh to James W. Henry] 4,250
Sangamon-st, 198 s of 64th, w f, 27¼x124.69, Aug. 1 [C. Nyhan to Joseph Devine] 3,700
14th-st, 260 e of Throop, n f, 24x124, June 28 [Ellen Henretty to Mary J. Henretty] 1
14th-pl, 86 e of Lentile-st, s f, 86x134, June 23 [same to same] 1
N, 424-av, 258 s of Dickens-av, e f, 50x125½, June 10 [C. Lundberg to Frank Masopurt] 2,600
Hermitage-av, 140 n of North-av, e f, 24x132½, incumbrance $2,500, Aug. 11 [H. F. C. Eggert to Friedrich Thoms] 3,700
Milton-av, 170 e of Oak-st, e f, 24x125, Aug. 11 [T. V. Mooney to Paul Anderson] 1,500
Hamlin-av, 197 n of Hurpn-st, e f, 25x121, June 20 [J. Mackinson to Emil Borchert] 1,800
Same ppty [same to Emil Borchert] 1,500
Warren-av, 266 w of Paulina-st, s f, 24x125, Dec. 19, 1901 [W. R. Braunan to Timothy Lyons] 1,600
Forquer-st, 340 e of Halsted, n f, 26x125, Aug. 11 [T. Parnell to Edmond Chane] 2,600
Sangamon-st, 168 n of 14th, e f, 24x100, Aug. 11 [A. M. Hanbrich to Samuel Nachenberg] 3,000
Yorktown-st, 96 n of 33th, w f, 24x125, Aug. 7 [W. Hoy to John Youngbrent] 1,000
Princeton-av, 132 s of 39th-st, s f, 25x125, July 1 [W. C. Hall, trustee, to Thomas S. Walker] 1,000
Same ppty, Aug. 7 [T. S. Walker to Olof Soderlund] 1,000
Emerald-av, n e cor 76th-st, w f, 60x125, Aug. 11 [H. E. Harris to Sarah J. Cochran] 3,500
Indiana-av, 23 s of 36th-st, w f, 75x162, May 1 [C. H. Sowden to Kaufman Heirs] 1,000
102d-pl, 46 e of Prairie-av, s f, 92x126½, incumbrance $1,000, Aug. 11 [C. R. Cooper to Fred Meinhardt] 4,125
Blackhawk-st, 238, 50x48, Aug. 8 [C. Molinski to John Goebel] 1,800
Diversey-av, 59 s of Monticello, s f, 26x125, July 30 [J. Crotty to Martin J. Olsen] 1,800
49th-pl, 283 e of Lathin-av, s f, 25x125, Aug. 11 [F. Samec to Jan Satava] 1,400
Rogers Park, L. S., 38, July 25 [G. C. Pryor to Geo. Khalil] 1,900
Dickson-st, 48 n of Blanche, e f, 24x124 3-10, incumbrance $1,800, Aug. 7 [A. Spetz to Gust Wachsweil] 2,000
Madison-st, 50 w of N. 47th-av, n f, 25x124, July 28 [J. P. Sloan to Ernest E. Stone] 1,600
Union-av, 220, 25x124 86-100, July 8 [F. Jeo to C. W. Hohl] 1,900
Walnut-st, n e cor Paulina, w f, 20x100, incumbrance $4,000, July 1 [Reo S. Chaffee to C. W. Hohl] 15,000
S. 42d-st, 281 n of Colorado-av, e f, 25x125, Aug. 11 [Augusta Stoalker to Elsbeta Salatka] 1,200
Cheltenham-st, 125 w of Coles-av, s f, 25x37, July 2 [A. Morrison to Elizabeth B. Morrison] 2,650
Sawyer-av, 165 n of 24th-st, e f, 25x125, Aug. 8 [C. Frank Chane] 1,600
324-st, s e cor Mospratt, n f, 24x124, Aug. 11 [F. M. Wojtalewicz to Valerian Polmierski] 1,700
5th-av, 418 s of 47th-st, e f, 26x141, Aug. 11 [C. Halfray to Wm. Conahan] 2,500
Indiana-st, 76 e of Pine, s f, 25x100, May 23 [M. Adler to Edward McDonnell] 6,200
Troy-st, 187 s of Division-av, e f, 25x100, incumbrance $1,000, Aug. 5 [C. Lane to Anna Asmus] 1,800
Walnut-st, 24 s of Robey, e f, 16½x122, July 23 [E. S. Brewer to Olive L. Fletcher] 1,800
Walnut-st, 60 s of Robey, e f, 16.9x122.83-100, July 23 [E. S. Brewer to Susan McMahon] 2,000
Fullerton-av, 100 e of Central Park-av, n f, 25x124¼, May 1 [A. Murray to Lauretta Beta] 1,800
Throop-st, 48 n of 80th, e f, 50x126, Aug. 8 [E. J. Simpson to Albertina Ottoson] 2,000
Sangamon-st, 344 s of 64th, w f, 64½, and used less than four months, consisting of solid mahogany davenport, very elegant five piece parlor suit, odd chairs, fancy tables, parlor rugs, leather couch, large chairs and rockers in leather, beautiful oak dining set, large oak and Dresden beds, box springs, mattresses, dressers, and chiffoniers in oak, bird's eye maple, and mahogany, beautiful oil paintings, hall rugs and hall runner, curtains, rugs, and drapes. These goods must be seen to be appreciated. Will sell separate. Call at once, 3037 Ellis-av. Also high grade mahogany upright piano.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD GOODS — MUST BE sold at once. Goods are new and very high grade. Include parlor, dining room, library and chair and rockers, mahogany couch and tables, large hand carved desk, parlor suits, oil paintings, rugs, curtains, and draperies, brass and bed springs, and hair mattresses, large dressers and chiffoniers in oak, Steinway piano, and music cabinet. Great chance to buy a complete outfit cheap. Will sell separate. Call any time. 3435 S. Park-av.
ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE COMPANY — Are making a great success of their new line of "CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS," because: It does not chalk or blister. It is not affected by acids. It covers as much surface as other paints. It may be washed to look as good as new. Come in and see samples of work it has done or send for Color Card and Booklet—FREE. ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE CO., 74 and 76 Randolph-st., Chicago.
FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF 6 ROOM FLAT; north side; walking distance; cost $1,400; price $400; nearly new; rent $30; can be removed any time or assume lease there. WHITCOMB & BROWN, 1425 Unity Bldg.
KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store, or buy h. h. furniture. 3145 W. Polk-st. Tel. Oak. 80.
I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNITURE of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. Phone Monroe 592. DEWAR, 351 W. Madison-st.
WILL SACRIFICE CONTENTS OF BEAUTIFULly furnished flat, including mahogany upright piano. Call any time, 3233 Vernon-av.
HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPECIAL sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 79 E. 31st-st. PHALEN, BENNETT & CO.
NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE; rugs; 800 yards carpet; iron beds, $1.50; dressers, $4.50. KREITZER, 3118 Cottage Grove-av.
MY 3 HOGANY PIANO. FINE FURNITURE, carpets; rent free. Address O 152, Tribune office.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE B, 2 THREAD, $20 to $25; or the B. Eldredge single thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machine made. National Sewing Machine Co., 46 Madison-st. M. G. GLEASON, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or phone Cent. 2256.
AKAM'S, 12 ADAMS-ST., PULLMAN BLDG., sell all best grade machines at wholesale price. Wheeler & Wilson, Homestead, New Home, Singer, etc. Can save you $10 to $20 on each machine.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the building department yesterday:
Mrs. Dacnak, 2 story brick flat, 754 Dickson-st ..... $ 5,000
Chris Jimmoe, 1 story frame cottage, 3558 N. 51st-st 1,100
Julia Samuelson, 2 story brick flat, 1479 Ballou-st 4,000
Albert Anderson, 2 story brick flat, 1442 N. Kimball-av 3,000
George F. Harding Jr., 1 story brick addition, 9469 State-st 1,000
Adolph Johnson, 1 story frame cottage, 154 113th-pl 1,500
Frank Suchan, 2 story brick flat, 1108 S. Sacramento-av 2,500
Fred Bulkema, 2 story frame flat, 11576 State-st 2,200
L. C. Bode, 1½ story brick dwelling, 1288 N. 42d-av 1,000
A. Neilsacker, 1 story frame cottage, 3555 41st-ct 1,500
A. Tiedeman, 2 story brick flat, 3000 S. 41st-av 2,200
William H. Clinton, 2½ story brick livery, 815 E. Kedzie-av 2,500
John Neekeburg, 1½ story frame cottage, 2847 S. 41st-ct 1,100
G. F. Morie, 1 story frame cottage, 834 N. 53d-av 2,800
William Dreiske & Co., two 2 story brick power houses and offices, 146 Clybourn-av. 3,000
Mr. Mathieson, 2 story brick flat, 1100 Newport-av 4,500
Mrs. E. Davidson, 2 story brick flat, 7404 Kimbark-av 5,000
Illinois Car and Equipment Co., four 1 story frame mills, Hegewisch 4,000

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—D. M. B.: COME HOME AT ONCE; everything satisfactorily arranged. SISTER H.
PERSONAL—E.F.I.N.K.—L. LOW WITH CONsumption. E.D.A.L.B.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL.

"HOW TO BUY A DIAMOND."

RIGHT WAY. RIGHT PRICE.

Our new booklet is worth $10 to an intending diamond or jewelry purchaser.

IT'S FREE.

100 points to guide you in diamond buying. Sent on approval, express paid. Pay money buys diamonds by our charge account system. Write today.

GEO. E. MARSHALL, 103 STATE-ST.

PERSONAL—BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO. REMOVED TO 147 STATE-ST.
We bought $200,000 BANKRUPT STOCK and all unredeemed pledges of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, and CLOCKS.
We offer for sale at SACRIFICE PRICE.
BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO.,
147 State-st., next to Schlesinger & Mayer.

PERSONAL—
Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their furnishing with us. "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything you may be in need of, from kitchen to parlor to kitchenet.
Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—IF YOU HAVE THE PURCHASE of a diamond in mind now is the time to act; prices were never so low and terms easy; you need help in establishing a credit with us; our new book explains everything; write for a copy. It's free.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,
second floor Stewart building.
92-98 State-st.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING according to Nature's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos, Temple Magazine, 25 cents; complexion brushes, 75 cents. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 324 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL—MANICURING.
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTONE,
Suite 502, 203 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM — IF INTERESTED CALL OR SEND YOUR ADDRESS TO THE DE LAURIER INSTITUTE OF HYPNOTISM AND OCCULT PHILOSOPHY, 2908 WABASH-AV.

PERSONAL—AMERICAN CHRONIC AND epileptics association, 231 Hudson-av., S. F. (Cleveland), wants business manager. See ad. in Sunday paper under Business Personals.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call or address ANTI-VERMIN CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL — CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONbons, and chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for illustrated price list and catalogue. C. F. Gunther, Confectioner, 253 State-st.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; years in present office; only permanent physician. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—KINDLY SEND ADDRESS OF boys and girls, ages 14 to 16 years. JAMES F. SMITH & Co., 79 Dearborn-st., Chicago. Ill.

PERSONAL—HAVE SMALL AMOUNT TO INvest in manufacturing scheme; manufacturing preferred. Address O 129, Tribune office.

PERSONAL — SCALP AND FACIAL TREATment a specialty and manicuring. Mme. Mehuron & Brill, Suite 1004 Auditorium Bldg., 25 State-st.

PERSONAL SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red noses, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — WRINKLES REMOVED AND traces of old age removed permanently; acne cured. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electricity. MME. A. KALMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — FACIAL BLEMISHES AND DEformities removed, scientific methods. Dr. S. B. Masten, Dermatologist, Suite 601, 40 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—MRS. L. SANFORD, SCALP AND facial treatment, manicuring, chiropody. Room 34 Times Building, cor. Washington and 5th-av.

PERSONAL — KELLBERG INSTITUTE, LATE of Grand Opera House Building, 1881, removed to 103 State-st. Tel. 2632 Central. Dyche Bldg., 65 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—SWEDISH MOVEMENT HYDROTHERAPEUTIC CURE. ANNA L. FORSBERG INSTITUTE, 57 Washington-st., 9th floor.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, SCALP TREATment, and chiropody; entire 3d floor. 161 East Washington-st.

PERSONAL — SPECIAL FOR GENTLEMEN: Manicuring and scalp treatment. Room 52 McVicker's Building.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY AND TURKISH BATHING TREATMENT. ALICE LIND, R. 2-3, 95 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—BERLIN MANICURING PARLORS Chiropody, scalp treatment. 130 Dearborn-st., Suite 317.

PERSONAL—PHYSICAL CULTURE CURATIVE breathing, electricity, curing diseases. Face, scalp, dandruff treatment. Viola Utt, 87 Auditorium.

PERSONAL—CHICAGO SANITARY INSTITUTE for manicuring, scalp treatment. 507 Chicago Opera House Building.

PERSONAL—SPECIAL FOR GENTLEMEN: scalp treatment. Room 52 McVicker's Bldg.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK REGARDLESS of sacrifice, everything remaining of a magnificently furnished home. Steinway baby grand piano, mahogany parlor suits and odd pieces, parlor tables, rockers, mahogany and leather couch, Turkish leather chairs and rockers, leather couch, mahogany library table and desk, combination mahogany and oak dining set, with leather seat chairs, brass beds, with box springs and hair mattresses, mahogany and bird's eye maple chiffoniers and chiffoniers, oak folding bed, Wilton rugs and carpets, oil paintings, pictures, mirrors, bric-a-brac, lace curtains, draperies, ornamental clocks, etc.
These goods show scarcely any wear, having been used but a short time and were bought when money could be had at a low rate of interest, which makes it necessary for owner to break up housekeeping, and sacrifice everything at once. Private sale now in progress. Goods in storage. A personal inspection must be made to give one an adequate idea of the marvelous bargains. Sale positively will not limit until disposed of. Must positively be sold at once. Call today. 261 Ashland-blvd.

LEAVING CITY; MUST SACRIFICE CONtents of beautiful and nearly new flat; flat used less than four months, consisting of solid mahogany davenport, very elegant five piece parlor suit, odd chairs, fancy tables, parlor rugs, leather couch, large chairs and rockers in leather, beautiful oak dining set, large oak and Dresden beds, box springs, mattresses, dressers, and chiffoniers in oak, bird's eye maple, and mahogany, beautiful oil paintings, hall rugs and hall runner, curtains, rugs, and drapes. These goods must be seen to be appreciated. Will sell separate. Call at once, 3037 Ellis-av. Also high grade mahogany upright piano.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD GOODS — MUST BE sold at once. Goods are new and very high grade. Include parlor, dining room, library and chair and rockers

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

YOUNG MEN—TO RUN ON RAILROAD trains. Union News Co., 987 5th-av.

Employment Agencies.

LEDGER CLERK $12
Stenographer, railroad office 12
Bookkeeper 20
Bookkeeper and stenographer 15
Bookkeeper, North Side 15
Stenographer, Rem. 13
Stenographer, temporary 15
Cashier, exp., freight, billing 15
Bookkeeper and stenographer 10
Stenographer, Oliver, temporary 10
Cashier and asst. bookkeeper 10
Stenographer 8
Boys ..... $3.50 to $5.50
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
184 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

MEN SEEKING STEADY EMPLOYMENT, call; collectors, bookkeepers, shipping, receiving, railroad, stock, grocery, shoe, hardware, gents' furnishing, dry goods, bill, entry, general office clerks, cashiers, stenographers, telegraphers, salesmen; TIMEKEEPERS, WATCHMEN, janitors, flats, office buildings, elevator runners, engineers, machinists, helpers, farm managers, men driving a car load, firemen, WIPERS, oilers, men WHOLESALE HOUSES, warehouses, freight depots, useful men, distributing samples and carrying signs; dairy helpers; positions paying $8, $9, $10, $12, $15, $25 weekly.
GUARANTEE AGENCY, 105 LA SALLE-ST., Room 14. LICENSED BY STATE.

MEN LOOKING FOR WORK CALL—POSITIONS secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, callers, packers, wholesale and warehouse men, $10 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator men, $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers, telegraphers, collectors, cashiers, billing, entry, shipping clerks, and office assistants, $9 up; farm managers, caretakers, men for street car lines, railroad wipers, oilers, engineers, firemen, distributing samples, and other tacking signs, other work. RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.
Licensed by state. 309 State-st., Room 57.

ACCOUNTANT—A1 MAN $20
Bookkeeper, Oliver 15
Stenographer—Good 12
Stenographers—Eight ..... $10 to 15
Youngster clerk—Railroad 5
Car record clerk 50
Office man—Night work 10
Office man—Rapid figurer 15
Collectors—Three 12
Office men and assistant bookkeeper $8, 10
Office and stock boy ..... $4 to 6
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

Nurses.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY is not an employment agency, but a reputable, reliable firm which makes a SPECIALTY of finding the right place for every one who applies.
1007 JOURNAL BLDG., 100 WASHINGTON-ST.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 107 Lake-st., has a large number of temporary and permanent positions open. Competent stenographers please call.

HOUSEMAN FOR PRIVATE FAMILY; BRING refs. for that kind of work; wages $30 monthly. 586 N. Clark-st.

BOYS—FOR ALL KINDS OF POSITIONS, OFfice factories, etc. Morrell Agency, 146 State.

OFFICE JANITOR AND WINDOW WASHERS—Downtown building. Morrell Agency, 146 State.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST,
THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST,
DR. W. F. BRINEY,
214 State-st., 84 floor.
Phone Loomis 1071. Hours, 9–5; Sunday, 10–1.
Ladies married, and discouraged, hopeless and despondent, from any cause, don't become reckless. Don't give up. Dr. Briney has saved more women's lives, and relieved more suffering than all the other doctors in the city combined. Wonderfully gifted and skilled in treatment of all diseases of women. Thousands testify to his wonderful reputation unclouded by a single failure, he inspires all with hope who consult him and never disappoints. He has a guarantee in every case undertaken. Come and be examined. Get a diagnosis that will forever put at rest the tormenting anxiety of your mind, or by a speedy hour of relief will come like magic under the skill of this specialist, no matter what the cause or how obstinate the case. Patients from out of the city have all the privileges of his private sanitarium extended free to them, or they can return home the same day.
Write for booklet, terms, etc. Help extended. His greatest successes treating obstetrics, long standing, abdominal suppressions, delayed periods, etc. Consultation and examination free. Free consultation and examination.
LADIES! $500 REWARD!
for a case Dr. Briney's Regulator fails to relieve. This applies to all obstinate, long standing, abnormal cases, from any cause. This compound contains vegetable fluid extract in a perfect home treatment. Office or mail. Sealed particulars free.

DR. E. J. DENNIS. DR. E. J. DENNIS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
ELECTRONIC TREATMENT.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by improved painless methods. Prompt relief guaranteed in every case undertaken WITHOUT OPERATION, PAIN, OR DANGER. Consultation and examination free. Special attention given during confinement. Infants adopted. One of our own nurses meets all out of town patients and conducts them to our sanitarium. If you can not call, write to me. I answer all correspondence and see the patients personally. Lady physician always in attendance night and day in private sanitarium. If too poor to pay ordinary fee CALL ON ME. IF OTHERS FAIL, to give relief CALL ON ME. I CURE. NO PAY. Hours, 10a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR AN OBSTINATE case old Dr. Jackson's Compound Concentrated Tango Wafers fail to relieve; if sick, worried, sad, discouraged come or write for testimonials; vegetable; safe cure and certain; ideal home treatment; no operations with consequent pain and danger; no loss of work. DR. JACKSON & CO.,
Dept. A, 609-167 Dearborn-st.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY, Lost Vitality, and all Nervous Diseases. Send for pamphlet. 35 Park Row, New York. Sold by druggists. Consultation free at office or by mail.

DR. F. A. STEVENS & BRO., 69 E. Madison-st.

LADIES—CONSULT THE OLDEST SPECIALIST, skilful treatment; positive results; strictly private home before and during confinement. MRS. KANE'S MATERNITY, 2500 Wabash-av. Infants adopted.

MRS. HARTMAN, 8301 S. HALSTED-ST., COR. 83D—STRICTLY private home for ladies before and during confinement; expert in obstetrical cases; consultation free; reasonable. Phone South 1920.

MRS. DIETRICH, 696 WELLS-ST.—GRADUATE University of Leipsic; private home for ladies before and during confinement; best care in all cases; skilful physicians; 7 years' experience.

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST., OLD GRADUate physician; 30 years' practice; SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF WOMEN; home for ladies before and during confinement; best of care; advice free; success guaranteed; fee reasonable.

IDA VON SCHULTZ, 480 N. CLARK, NEAR DIvision—Regular graduate and expert in obstetrics; complaints peculiar to females, etc.; 25 years' exp. Ladies in trouble, call or write.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMAN, 484 N. CLARK-ST.—Regular graduate of obstetrics; all difficult cases; clean and highly instructive home for delicate cases before confinement; 20 years' experience.

IRENE SANITARIUM—FOR LADIES AWAITing confinement; adoption; diseases of women, treated by regular graduate physician; examination free; 9 to 8. Office 146 State-st., 5th floor.

CORNS, 25c—MANICURING, 35c. PROF. WM. Emanuel, Scientific Chiropodist and Manicure, 215 State-st., Adams. Tel. 2268 Harrison.

DR. HASENCLEVER, 119 LA SALLE-ST., R. 84, 83—Diseases of women; private hospital. Hrs. 9-5.

WRINKLES REMOVED PERMANENTLY; scars. Mme. Irene De Bitt, 344 Michigan-av.

CONFINEMENT CASES TAKEN FREE AND private. National hospital, 533 Wells-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND SEcond-hand office furniture; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
P. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

PARTITIONS FOR BANK AND OFFICES CARried in stock; special work to order. U. S. Desk and Office Fitting Co., 236-238 Wabash-av.

WALL CASES, 10c LINEAL FOOT; DRESS, $2.50; roller top, $12; swivel chair, $2.50; all kinds of office fixtures. Chicago Safe and Merchandise Company, 47 Dearborn-st.

DRAUGHTS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—OAK WALL CASES, ALSO GLASS counter cases; good condition.
THE EMPORIUM, 152 State-st.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged and highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 108 Madison-st.

BUSINESS CARDS.

THE PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. WAS organized in 1889 and has been manufacturing and selling fences since that time. Over 100 varieties are made and prices are from 2 cents to 8 cents per foot for wire fence and 50 cents to $1.50 per foot for ornamental iron fence. If you own any property in the country and want I would like to send you a catalogue and make an estimate for furnishing material and erecting fence complete if desired. We refer to 30,000 satisfied customers, located all over the United States and territories.
ALBERT C. CLEMENT, President.
200 E. Monroe-st., Chicago.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—ONE 125 HORSE POWER WHEELock Corliss engine; one 15 horse power fire box boiler; all in first class order. State Pump and Machinery Co., 1200 Tribune Bldg.

FOR SALE—12X20 SLIDE VALVE ENGINE, 24x42 duplex pumps, 10 h. p. firebox boiler. The E. H. Wade Co., 158 Indiana-st.

WANTED—36-INCH FAN, BLOWER, IN GOOD order. Address S J 288, Tribune office.

STEAM PUMPS NEW AND SECOND HAND; bargains. FURNESS BROS., 28 N. Desplaines.

CLEANERS, DYERS, AND LAUNDRIES.

AUG. SCHWARZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' garments; 5 stores; 158 Wisconsin-st., 129 Dearborn-st., 839 W. Madison-st. Tel. M. 3030.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 54 and 56 3081-3. Phone Cal. 839. 554 W. Madison-st., phone Monroe 1151.

BRICK & CO., FANCY DYERS AND CLEANers, 4410-12 State-st. Phone Oakland 1248.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS; NO ALlowance, no fee; consultation free; established 1865. ROBERT G. DYER & CO., 185 Randolph-st. Tel. Franklin 681. Main office, Washington.

PATENTED AND UNPATENTED INVENTIONS bought and sold for the highest cash prices. See ARTHUR'S patent exhibition, 449 State-st.

BOATS, YACHTS, ETC.

WANTED — 16 FT. CRUISING YACHT OR launch about; state description and lowest price. Address O 136, Tribune office.

BOOKS, MAPS, ETC.

$5,000 OLD BOOKS WANTED—HIGHEST CASH price paid. ADAIR, 271 Clark-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ADDRESSER—FIRST CLASS, EXP., $1 PER thousand. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY EARN $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $5 per column; experience unnecessary; send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

BILL CLERK—ON TYPEWRITER; GIVE EXperience and salary required. Address S B 132, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY; state fully experience and salary expected. Address O 181, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—EXP., good position for the right party; state exp. and salary wanted. Address O 184, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—COMpetent; exp.; $12. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

CASHIER—YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED; $10 to start. 186 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

LADY—GENERAL OFFICE WORK; GOOD PENman and rapid; some experience; $10 to start. 1008, 162 Washington-st.

SALESLADY—FOR CANDY STORE, EXPERIenced; 47 E. Van Buren-st.

SALESWOMEN—FOR SUIT, CLOAK, AND FUR department. Apply Superintendent, CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO., State and Washington-sts.

YOUNG LADY—AS ENTRY CLERK IN WHOLEsale jewelry house; must be experienced. Address O 193, Tribune office.

Domestics.

COOK—COMPETENT; MUST ASSIST WITH laundress; small family. 4511 Grand-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $4 per week. 146 S. 36th-st.

RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.
Licensed by state. 309 State-st., Room 57.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

ALTERATION HAND—EXPERIENCED ON jackets and suits. North American Cloak Store, 162 State-st.

EXPERT SEWERS—ON LADIES' FINE STOCKS and neckwear wanted at once; permanent position and salary if competent. Berlin Neckwear Mfg. Co., 254 Monroe-st.

TUCKERS—EXPERIENCED. APPLY 5TH floor. CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111 to 115 State-st.

Nurses.

NURSE—HOSPITAL TRAINED, WHITE CROSS Nurse association, 1017 West Van Buren-st.

NURSE—COMPETENT, FOR CHILD 2½ YEARS old; must be able to sew. 4511 Grand-blvd.

Agents Wanted.

LADY AGENTS WANTED—FOR OUR CELEbrated toilet preparations; sure moneymaker; good commissions. Federal Chemical Co., 356 Dearborn-st.

Stenographers.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY EARN $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $5 per column; experience unnecessary; send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

GRAPHOPHONE OPERATOR — EXPERIENCed, $15 per week. Please call at A. L. Robbins-Martin Co., 144-146 E. Erie-st.

OPERATOR—ON OLIVER OR REMINGTON; state experience and wages wanted. Address O 194, Tribune office.

SEE AD. OF THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER Company under Employment Agency column.

STENOGRAPHER AND REM. OPERATOR—Best that $12 a week, with future advancement, will secure; must have good education and write some standard system. Address fully, giving age, shorthand system, speed in shorthand and on machine, position previously employed, etc. Address O 125, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND REMINGTON OPERATor—One who understands bookkeeping; salary $7 per week to start. Address, stating experience, O 124, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND BKPR.—YOUNG LADY, some exp.; good penman; $7. WILSDON, Suite 460 Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS—LADY, FOR SUBSTITUTE work; good positions; $7 to $12. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—THOROUGHLY COMPEtent in every respect, for fine $15 permanent position. FERRY, 406 Home Insurance Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, 6 mos. to 1 year's exp., for good position; $6 to $8; of good address and good ref. 402, 134 Monroe.

STENOGRAPHER—COMPETENT, EXP.; REM. or B. B.; permanent; $10 to $12. 405 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY, SMITH PREMIER machine; must be well educated and have some experience. R. 46, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER AND OLIVER OPERATOR—Young lady; permanent position; only one with experience need apply. 186 Fifth-av., 5th floor.

STENOGRAPHER—OLIVER OPERATOR; MUST be rapid; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address O 186, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—QUICK AND correct at figures; good penman, can obtain steady situation by addressing F S 820, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, CHAS. A. STEVENS & BRO., 111 State-st.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST CLASS, LADY, REfined appearance; $12. 460, 324 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, S. P. OR Oliver operator. Call 270 8th-av., top floor.

STENOGRAPHER—GOOD; MUST BE RAPID; good salary. ROBERTS, 400 Ashland Blk.

STENOGRAPHER—REM. OR OLIVER MAchine; $12. 740, 108 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—R. R. EXP. DESIRABLE; salary $16 week. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—6, WITH AT LEAST ONE year's experience; permanent; $10-$15. 1007, 160 Washington-st.

Miscellaneous.

AN EFFICIENT LADY PROOFREADER AND editorial helper; permanent position; suburb; state qualifications, wages, and references. Address JANICE, Oak Park, Ill.

BINDERY GIRLS — ROGERS & HALL CO., Printers, 152 Market-st.

EXPERIENCED MAKERS TO WORK ON TAIL- or made hats; also trimmers for ready to wear hats; can earn excellent wages. Apply 134 Wabash-av., third floor. Chicago Mercantile Co.

GIRLS—LIGHT WORK, GOOD WAGES. TAKE Lake-st. El. Meyercord Co., 54th and W. Lake.

LADIES—WITH HEAVY HAIR, TO TRAVEL with party demonstrating a new hair grower. Room 159 Windsor-Clifton.

LADY CANVASSER—REFINED, ACTIVE; PERmanent position; steady work. American Consumers' Alliance (Inc.), 60 Wabash-av.

LADY—TO EMBROIDER INITIALS IN WHITE goods at home. Address O 164, Tribune office.

MILLINERY MAKERS AND PREPARERS—Experienced; permanent positions and good salaries. Apply to superintendent between 9 and 10 a. m.
MANDEL BROS.

YOUNG LADY—BY WHOLESALE JEWELRY house, experienced in sewing belts. ROBERT JOHNS, 200 Monroe-st.

$4 TO $12 WEEKLY COPYING LETTERS AT home; send self-addressed envelope for particulars. King Mfg. Co., 248 Warren-av., Chicago.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, PERMANENT $15
Stenographer, temporary, 3 weeks 15
Stenographer, permanent 12
Stenographers, temporary, all machines 12
Stenographers, permanent, all machines 10
Stenographers, permanent, all machines 10
Stenographer and office, short hours 9
Stenographer, Rem. or S. ..... $6 to 8
Bookkeeper and Stenographer 12
Bookkeeper and stenographer 10
Bookkeeper 8
Addresser 8
Light factory 5
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
184 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

GENERAL TIMEKEEPER $30
16 bookkeepers ..... $15 to 30
12 stenographers ..... $10 to 20
20 office clerks ..... $8 to 15
5 office boys ..... $4 to 8
All with large houses, offering good opportunity for advancement.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

STENOGRAPHERS—COMPETENT, FOR TEMporary and permanent positions. The Smith-Premier Typewriter Co., 205 Wabash-av.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY is not an employment agency, but a reputable, reliable firm which makes a SPECIALTY of finding the right place for every one who applies.
1007 JOURNAL BLDG., 100 WASHINGTON-ST.

STENOGRAPHER, R. R. EXPERIENCE $16
Stenographer and bookkeeper 15
Cashier and office work 10
Cashier for restaurant; meals and 8
Office clerk, some exp. 6
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

STENOGRAPHERS—26 ..... $10 to $15
Stenographers and bookkeepers—Seven ..... $12 to 15
Bookkeepers, office ladies, typewriters' ..... $6 to 12
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANicuring, facial treatment, or shiropody; 4 weeks required; good pay when competent. Call or write, Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 107 Lake-st., has a large number of temporary and permanent positions open. Competent stenographers please call.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

FIGURED BY THE WEEK—IT ONLY COSTS $1.67 to learn millinery, all material free; $1 per week for dressmaking and tailoring after learning cutting; latest Paris and New York patterns now ready. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1301 Masonic Temple.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; positions furnished free. JACKSON, 209 State-st.

S. T. TAYLOR, SCHOOL OF DRESSCUTTING—Positions waiting for competent pupils; special lessons in cutting skirts. Room 900, 20 State-st.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

DESIGNING, CUTTING, GRADING MEN'S AND women's garments taught. Croonberg's Sartorial Academy, 185 Dearborn-st., Suite 505-6-7-8.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO., TAILORS' CUTTING School, 154-156-158 La Salle-st., Chicago. For particulars call, write, or 'phone. Main 1462.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3812 VINCENNES-AV., 3D FLAT — LARGE, newly furnished rooms and board; private family; two blocks Cottage Grove; two blocks boulevard trains.

3062 MICHIGAN—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS WITH board; detached residence; phone 4091 Calumet; refs.

EXCELLENT TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE boarding house nr. Drexel and Oakwood-blvds. Address R R 345, Tribune office.

4406 BERKELEY-AV., SECOND FLOOR—TWO front rooms, newly furnished; board; private residence.

3716 WASHINGTON-AV.—SUITE OF SINGLE rooms with board; fine bldg. and neighborhood.

4349 ELLIS-AV.—HANDSOME CORNER HOUSE; board for select people. Gray 3202.

1636 MICHIGAN-AV.—PLEASANT SINGLE OR double rooms with board; choice location.

3913 LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD-BLVD.—Rooms with board.

3826 GRAND-BLVD.—FRONT ROOMS WITH board; private family. Phone 3561 Gray.

4011 DREXEL-BLVD.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms, board; day boarders also; homelike.

West Side.

896 ADAMS-ST.—LARGE FRONT ALCOVE, running water; clothes closet; board.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST.—AN IDEALLY LOCATED home for refined people; cool, shady, overlooking Lincoln park; preferable to country or resorts; 15 min. to business; charming rooms, every comfort; good food; beautiful smoking and billiard rooms; especially low summer rates; transients solicited.

242 DEARBORN-AV. — ELEGANT, LARGE front alcove, running water, brass bed, best board; walking distance; reasonable.

306 OHIO-ST.—FRONT ROOMS; ALL CONveniences; excellent board; walking distance; reasonable.

MAISON-DU-NORD, 16 ASTOR-ST, NR. THE lake and Division-st.—Handsome, convenient, homelike rooms with board, $5 to $9 per week.

547 LA SALLE-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board; modern; Jewish; telephone service.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE, FACING LINCOLN Park, nr. palmhouse; beautiful rooms; excellent meals; phone; reasonable. O 142, Tribune.

457 FULLERTON-AV.—HANDSOME ALCOVE; also single; good table; reasonable; L exp.

305 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS with board. MRS. KAUTZ, Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

387 LA SALLE-AV.—ELEGANT ROOMS AND board; detached house; high class only; refs.

361 E. SUPERIOR-ST.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE room, board; modern house; walking distance.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—LARGE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms; good boarding; reasonable terms.

Hotels.

LEXINGTON HOTEL—22ND-ST. AND MICHigan-blvd.—High grade European; absolutely fire proof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; electric light; large closets; rates $1 per day; rooms with private bath, $1.50 and up per day. Special summer rates if here for three weeks or longer. Wabash-av cable passes door; south side elevated station at 22nd-st. Away from dirt, smoke and heat of business section. Only seven minutes to postoffice.

THE LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—JUST REMODeled; four additional buildings to our residential hotel; modern conveniences; all newly furnished in the latest style; an ideal home; parlors; drawing room; single or double rooms and suites; front or lake view; TABLE UNSURPASSED; choice located; big lawn; good boarding with our proprietary; two blocks cable; ¼ block Ill. Cent. R. R.; reference. Tel. 1267 Oakland.

THE ONTARIO HOTEL,
120 NORTH STATE-ST.
ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF.
10 minutes' walk from the noise and heat of the business part of the city. Pleasant, large, cool rooms, with hot and cold baths; excellent table; electric cars pass the door.

HOTEL WARNER, 32D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finely located; newly furnished throughout; furnish your own; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; rooms with private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; quality and latest designs in furniture by CLARK & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

HOTEL BARTEAU, 3800 LAKE-AV., OVERlooking lake—Without exception the most located hotel on the South Side; rooms and board; strictly the latest style; an ideal summer home; always cool; elevator service, parlors, reading rooms, good; substantial home cooking; our chef formerly of Leland hotel; 12 minutes on L. C. Rates $6 upward.

THE WYMORE, 214 E. 53D-ST.—NEATLY FURnished rooms and board, single or en suite; near L. C.; finest cuisine in city; bath, hot water, gas, electric. Tel. 441 Drexel.

HOTEL RICHMOND, COR. VAN BUREN AND State-sts.—Cool, desirable rooms, newly renovated; most centrally located hotel in Chicago.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes to city. Telephone Oakland 192.

EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—AMERican and European plan; 200 rooms; also single; private bath; fireproof. Tel. 1038 South.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from E. S., L. L. C., electric lines; steam, baths. Tel. Oak. 666. American or European.

Summer Resorts.

POWER'S LAKE HOTEL—FISHERMAN'S headquarters; boating, bathing, fishing; cottages wants; separate cottages for families; rates $6 to $8 per week, $1.25 per day. Address
H. J. SPETZMAN, Power's Lake, Wis.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—REFINED YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE with a boy 11 years old desires good board in some first class home, where there is plenty of room and good accommodations. If you wish to take a desirable little family answer this with full particulars and price. Flats and boarding houses don't address. Address O 197, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY LADY EMPLOYED, with widow in small family; reasonable. Address O 191, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST.—Lexington Hotel—Fireproof, high grade; European; a few rooms; single or en suite; hot water, closet; hot and cold water; electric light; fine furniture and carpet; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor; extra choice gentlemen's new popular priced cafe; Wabash-av. cable passes door.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, overlooking park; private entrance, bath, hot and cold water, large clothes closet; modern house; convenient to Illinois Central and Cottage Grove-av. cable; private family. 3460 South Park-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT, ELEGANTLY FURNISHed, and newly decorated; closets, running water, velvet carpets, telephone, cafe-in building; $2 up; elevator. Murray Hill Bldg., 3607 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—ON LAKE-AV., NEWLY FURNISHed rooms, with every convenience, overlooking the lake; elevator, smoking rooms, parlors; 12 minutes to city; $3 up.

TO RENT—3620 ELLIS PARK, FIRST FLAT; front and back parlor; also housekeeping rooms; hot water; modern; near Ill. Central and cable.

TO RENT—EXCEPTIONALLY PLEASANT rooms; modern; reasonable. 6130 Monroe-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—ROOMS—THE LA FAYETTE, 10-12-14 E. Harrison-st.; steam, running water; 1 block south of Auditorium; walking distance.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED LARGE front room, extra large closet; every convenience; 1 or 2 gentlemen. 5206 Calumet-av., apt. J.

TO RENT—4348 BERKELEY-AV., CHOICE LOcation; elegantly furnished rooms; veranda; L. C. and boulevard trains.

TO RENT—1728 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FURnished room; every convenience; phone.

TO RENT—EXCELLENT FRONT ROOM, MODern; another, $1.50. Call 847 E. 42d-st.

TO RENT—THE BEST FURNISHED ROOMS TO the "best people." 3d flat, 263 E. 30th-st.

TO RENT—LA COURT, 1810 MICHIGAN-AV., large and small front rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; TWO GENtlemen preferred; bath and gas. 49 E. 16th-st.

TO RENT—LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; RUNNING water. 2235 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LOCATION, 4103 GRANDblvd., beautiful room; reasonable; first flat.

TO RENT—NEW, UNFURNISHED FRONT rooms; steam and bath. 84 E. 26th-st., 2d flat.

West Side.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED PARLORS, single or en suite, for gentlemen. 10 S. Center-av., 1st flat.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; PRIvate family. 128 Warren-av., Flat D.

TO RENT—UNUSUALLY FINE FRONT, MEN; $20; smaller, $10. 1220 Washington-blvd.

TO RENT—301 ASHLAND-BLVD., NEWLY furnished front room; elegant location.

North Side.

TO RENT—2 OR 3 FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS, steam heat, bath, phone, for light housekeeping; private family; references. 714 North Park-av., ½ block from Lincoln-st.

TO RENT—SUITE ROOMS, WITH DRESSING room, handsomely furnished, running water, porcelain baths, other rooms, reasonable. 376 E. Ontario-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FRONT SUITE; STEAM heat; three in family; strictly first class, for two gentlemen or couple; highest refs. Address K 110, Tribune office.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED OUTSIDE room; modern; private residence; near Lincoln park; suitable for 2. 1734 Diversey-blvd.

TO RENT—IN WIDOW'S HOME: BEAUTIFULly furnished room; 1 block from Lincoln park. Address J 466, Tribune.

TO RENT—206 HURON-ST., NEAR CASS, large alcove room; running water; also smaller room; detached house.

TO RENT—A FEW ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms to men only; highest references given and required. 355 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—REFINED YOUNG LADY OR GENtleman, to room with private family. 759 Clifton-av., 1st flat front.

TO RENT—376 LA SALLE-AV., FURNISHED room, steam heat; walking distance; 2d flat.

TO RENT—357 DEARBORN-AV., LARGE, AIRY rooms at summer rates; private; phone.

TO RENT—NICE LARGE SINGLE ROOM; MODern; $2. 275 East Superior-st., 4th flat.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; MODern; near lake. 1812 Melrose-st., Flat B.

TO RENT—LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS. 550 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—475 FULLERTON-AV., LARGE room suitable for 2; one medium; L express.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—TWO SUITES OF ROOMS, TWO rooms in each, good location, light and nicely furnished; also one furnished room. Address G X 115, Tribune office.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ALCOVE ROOM; gents preferred; ref. M R 320, Tribune.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO LADIES, MOTHER and daughter, would like 2 or 3 furnished rooms with or without board, between Washtenaw and Sacramento-avs., on Warren-av. or Washington-blvd.; refs. given and required. Address O 112, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FOR QUICK RESULTS list your housekeeping rooms and flats with the Reliable Room Renting Bureau, 171 Washington-st., R. 309.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 FRONT UNFURNISHED rooms, with or without board, in desirable locality near N. W. Elevated, south of Center-st. Address O 107, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 OR 4 UNFURNISHED rooms, north side or will take 4 room flat, modern. Address O 133, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO BRIGHT HOUSEkeeping rooms in good location, South. Address R R 172, Tribune office.

WANTED — TO RENT — A COMFORTABLE front room, S. S., by lady employed; state price and how furnished. Address 423 Irving-av.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—EIGHT OF THOSE NEW, MODERN houses on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; houses have never been occupied; contain every modern convenience; hardwood, hot water heat, etc.; rent reasonable.
D. G. MILTON, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—BY E. E. BALDWIN & CO.,
244 EAST 35TH-ST.
ELEGANT MODERN HOUSES,
AVENUES AND BOULEVARDS. Call for list.

TO RENT—4836 FORRESTVILLE-AV., NEW colonial house; large light, airy room; broad veranda; every modern convenience; choice neighborhood. JOHN BERRYMAN, 904, 1123 Clark-st.

TO RENT—4046 PRAIRIE-AV., COR. 41ST-ST., 11 rooms, furnace; open plumbing; $40.
WM. A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4927 PRAIRIE-AV., NEW 8 R. STONE residence; steam heat, every modern improvement. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

TO RENT—HYDE PARK—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished; 12 room stone front; very choice. 5131 Madison-av.; open afternoons.

West Side.

TO RENT—206 LINCOLN-ST., 9 R. HOUSE, $30. 48 Ada-st., 9 room house, newly papered.... $22

North Side.

TO RENT — $25 TO $35—NEW BRICK AND stone houses elegantly decorated; every modern convenience; hot water heat; choice location; street with boulevard improvements. 824 Eddy-st., near Addison and Lincoln-avs.

TO RENT—10 ROOM RESIDENCE, STRICTLY modern; 388 Oak-st., between Rush-st. and Lincoln Park-blvd. Call at premises or
S. E. GROSS, Masonic Temple.

Suburban.

TO RENT—A BEAUTIFUL HOME IN IRVING Park; 200 ft. front lawn and garden; 8 room house; barn and chicken houses. Address O 130, Tribune office.

TO RENT—BERWYN—STRICTLY MODERN 10 room house; steam; large veranda, grounds, stable; choice. APPLETON BROS., 710 Tacoma Bldg.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS ALL OVER the city. E. W. ZANDER & CO., 155 La Salle-st. 'Phone Central 1486.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—
A modern detached residence, with stable, on the south side boulevards preferred; will take a long lease if suited. Address S E 134, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—4400 TO 4408 PRAIRIE-AV.
NEW CORNER BUILDING.
18 elegant 5 room apartments.
All rooms exceptionally large and light.
Finish mahogany, enamel, and oak.
Fixtures elegant and latest design.
Including mantels, with gas logs.
Consoles, hallrees, massive sideboards, refrigerators. Tile bathrooms; lavatories in bedrooms.
Separate toilet rooms for servants.
Handsome combination chandeliers, with Electric light switches in all rooms.
Location best in city. Prices moderate.
Ready Sept. 1. Plans at our office.
G. L. NEWBURY & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—9 AND 10 ROOM APARTMENTS
IN THE VALKYRIE BLDG.,
71 AND 77 EAST 47TH-ST.
One block from Kenwood depot; interior finished in costly woods; spacious rooms; dining rooms finished in Flemish oak, with drop beam ceilings; tiled bathrooms; elegant appointments throughout; rent $80 to $100.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.
Kenwood office, 43d and Oakenwald-av.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD—NEAR EXPRESS and L; 6 and 7 and 8 room apartments, elegantly finished in mahogany, white enamel, and quartered oak; marble entrance; separate servants' lavatory; beautiful location; 5118 and 5020 Washington-av.; just finished; $60 and $65.
JOHN A. CARROLL,
155 53d-st.

TO RENT—
HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS.
4401-07 Indiana-av., a few 4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms; every improvement; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, janitor, etc.; low rental.
DRAPER & KRA

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

HIGH GRADE MORTGAGES FOR SALE ON well located modern brick and stone improved property, with legal forms and guarantee policy or abstract. Title and Trust company.

$1,000	3 years	5 per cent	value $ 2,500
$1,000	3 years	5 per cent	value 2,500
$1,000	3 years	6½ per cent	value 2,000
$1,000	3 years	6 per cent	value 2,000
$1,000	3 years	6 per cent	value 2,000
$1,000	3 years	6 per cent	value 10,000

JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates. Liberal prepayment privileges. THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Formerly Rose & Company. N. W. Corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 per cent, according to amount of security. MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK, 108 Jackson-blvd. MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 6% per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—Special attention to builders. Call and get our terms before placing. MADLUNG, BIDMANN & McCORTNEY, 402 Chamber of Commerce.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay. GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE. CANNELL & McCLUER, 101 Dearborn-st. Lake View office 1804 Clark-st., next Roscoe.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—5½ PER CENT. 5 PER cent. 4½ per cent. BUILDING LOANS. Prompt inspection. Special prepayment privileges. WM. C. REINEMANN & CO., Bank floor, 62 La Salle-st.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD? PLANS, ESTImates, and building loans cheerfully furnished without cost; no delays. Call or address RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., General Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

LOANS 4½ AND 5 PER CENT. CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges. V. A. MERIGOLD & CO., Phone 1627 Main. 158-60 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$3,000 MORTGAGE, 7 PER CENT, 3 years, secured on choice north shore vacant property worth $6,000. McLANE & GUNN, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES. ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. S. PRINDIVILLE, R. 917, Chi. Stock Exchange.

FOR SALE—GOLD MORTGAGES, $1,200 TO $2,500, 6 per cent interest; over 10,000 mortgages sold in 22 years without a single foreclosure. S. E. GROSS, 604 Masonic Temple.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for making loans. E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

$1,000 TO $20,000 TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE; NO DELAY. H. M. JOHNSON & CO., 108 La Salle-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? IF SO YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT from $10 to $10,000 ON YOUR OWN TERMS. NO CHATTEL MORTGAGE. NO DELAY. LOANS SECURITY LOCATED ANYWHERE IN CHICAGO. NO PUBLICITY. Call or Address CARY, UPHAM & CARY, 310 Washington-st., Chicago.

FINANCIAL.

BUY DIVIDEND OIL STOCK. Orders Aug. 20 and you will be paid the August dividend of 3 per cent. PRICE OF SHARES ARE STILL ONE CENT EACH. Next advance will be to 3c per share. Write or wire your orders. Purchasers calling at our office will be presented a bottle of dividend oil free. Send for prospectus. Act quick. VANNON & CO., Room 412, 21 Quincy-st., Chicago.

A few good salesmen wanted.

EVERY MAN OR WOMAN IN CHICAGO GETting a salary kindly call and get all the money you want on your plain note indorsed; no mortgage. NO SECURITY REQUIRED. Confidential. WE MUST GET OUR MONEY OUT. Reasons and advantages given. Honorable and just treatment. LOWEST RATES. Interest weekly or monthly payments. Kindly call and investigate, whether you borrow or not. Business solicited. Receive a cordial welcome. Mason Investment Co., 125 Adams, Room 1209, northwest corner Clark.

J. OVERTON PAINE & CO., BROKERS, 106 LA SALLE-ST. SEND FOR OUR PAMPHLET-LETTER AND KEEP POSTED.

MINES AND MINING.

SUCCESS IN SPECULATION— GRAIN OR STOCKS— Depends upon the best broker connections. Why waste your time with triflers? We protect our customers at all times and guarantee satisfaction. Our commissions are low. Send us a trial order. A $100 investment in wheat at the present market price will make lots of money and should double fast. We pay all expenses on orders sent in by wire or phone. Wis. Stock and Grain Co. of Milwaukee. PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL LEADING MARKETS. BANK REFERENCES.

BUY AND SELL MINING, OIL AND INDUStrial stocks; bargains for quick buyers. List your stocks with me. Send for price list. MARK D. LEONARD, 607, 159 La Salle-st.

EXCELLENT MINING STOCKS FOR SALE OR exchange. 502 Chemical Bank bldg.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SUCCESS IN SPECULATION— GRAIN OR STOCKS— Depends upon the best broker connections. Why waste your time with triflers? We protect our customers and guarantee satisfaction at all times. Our commission charges are the lowest. A $100 investment in grain at the present market price, you should double your money fast. Send for our daily market letter. We stand all expenses on orders sent to us by wire or telephone. Wis. Stock and Grain Co. of Milwaukee.

PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL LEADING MARKETS. BANK REFERENCES.

FOR SALE—FINE SUMMER RESORT— HOTEL BEULAH, 82 miles from Chicago, 25 miles from Milwaukee, on Wisconsin Central; accommodations for over 600 guests; over 42 acres of ground. One of the finest situated and located summer resorts in the northwest. Hotel furnished complete with all modern improvements from top to bottom. Fine golf links, bowling alley, bathing beach, boats, steam launches, and everything that goes with a first class hotel. Hotel full of guests from top to bottom. REASON FOR SELLING: Owner has a hotel man and has business enough of his own. His invitee buyers at this time to inspect hotel, as they can tell accurately the value and future prospects of the same. Address owner, D. J. HUBBARD, Room 21, 184 Dearborn-st., or address for D. J. Hubbard, First National Bank, Chicago.

INVESTORS—A WIS. CORPORATION, HEADed by high class men, offers a limited amount of capital stock to one or several investors, with liberal terms. The investment will at least earn from 40 to 60 per cent. Absolutely safe investment; good returns. Bank references given. For full particulars address J R 2, Tribune office.

BETTER THAN MUNICIPAL BONDS—IT IS your duty to lay up something for a rainy day. INVESTIGATE THE GOLD BONDS issued by the KENWOOD COMMERCIAL CO., 41 State-st.; small cash payment, balance semi-monthly. LAPSELESS, PROFITABLE, ABSOLUTE; matures in three years and pays 12 per cent.

REFERENCE: Chicago Title and Trust Co., Chicago. National Bank of the Republic, Chicago. National Bank of California, Los Angeles, Cal.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE GOLD BONDS of small denominations, showing 33 1-3 per cent profit in 12 months, payable semi-monthly. NO LAPSES—NO RISK—SECURITY ABSOLUTE. Full explanation mailed upon request. KENWOOD COMMERCIAL CO., 41 STATE-ST., Chicago, Ill.

REFER TO Chicago Title and Trust Co., Chicago, Ill. Nat. Bank of the Republic, Chicago, Ill. Nat. Bank of California, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—GOOD CORRESPONDENT AND CApable office man with $1,000 to invest in a profitable and substantial business. Address S E 305, Tribune office.

ACTIVE YOUNG MAN WITH $500, TAKE SECretaryship of old established brokerage concern, about to make 500 per cent. start; 8% month and share dividends; must be of good address and furnish high class references. Address O 119, Tribune office.

WE FINANCE AND INCORPORATE MERItorious enterprises under guidance of experienced counsel, buy and sell bonds, stocks, patents, oil and mining properties. Bankers' Trust Investment Co., 5th banking floor, 159 La Salle-st.

MEXICO—CAPITALISTS AND OTHERS INTERested in Mexico and wishing to obtain leases over oil and coal lands, as well as undeveloped mining properties and good mineral claims can hear of something by writing to "Oil," J P 17, Tribune.

SMALL AMOUNT OF MONEY BUYS WELL established business; thorough investigation courted. WM. HALL, 167 Dearborn-st.

$7,000 BUYS BOTTLING PLANT; LARGE WINter and summer trade of 350 customers; complete outfit; great bargain for good responsible party. Call JEFFERS & BOWLES, 21 Quincy-st.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE—A HIGH CLASS WINter wheat flour mill; complete in every particular; cheap and on easy terms. Inquire The Samuel Born Co., Lafayette, Ind.

BAKERY AND GROCERY STORE, INCLUDING stock and fixtures; desirable location; good ice cream and fruit business. Address Lock Box 5, Hinckley, Ill.

100 ROOM HOTEL, COMPLETELY FURNISHED and doing good business, for sale or trade at less than cost, to be disposed at once. Call 211 Dearborn-av.

INSURANCE PRODUCERS MAKE $50 WEEKly selling combination health and accident policy; cost, $1 month. Call or address 808 Tacoma bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE — BEST PAYING MARKET AND grocery on South Side; established for 15 years; am going in wholesale business; must sell quick. Address O 146, Tribune office.

IF YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL ANY LEGITImate business, city or county, it will be to your interest to call or address GOLSEN & CO., Tacoma Bldg. Established 1879. Tel. Main 2765.

FREE—COAL, FEED, EXPRESS, LIVERY; first 23 yrs.; want good man on lease; rent $25. STEWART, 405, 115 Dearborn. Cent. 1080.

ANY PERSON WITH $500 TO $5,000 CAN DOUble his money in three months. Call or address H. C. HALL, 532 Oakley-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

FOR A SAFE INVESTMENT WE HAVE HIGH grade municipal and R. R. bonds. THE KNOX JR. CO., 159 La Salle-st.

THE SINGLE LINE DEALERS' INDV. MANF. Exchange, 61 Mercht. Bldg., 92 La Salle-st., will sell, buy, or exchange any legitimate business.

FOR SALE—OLD ESTABLISHED COAL AND wood, moving and repairing business; good location, north side; reasonable price, J 418, Tribune.

BUTCHERS AND SALOONKEEPERS—FINEST location for an ice plant in the state of Wisconsin. Address H W 28, Tribune office.

HOMES EVERYWHERE—WE BUY OR BUILD on small monthly payments; absolutely no interest. Address L 246, Tribune office.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD ARTICLES OF small quick sellers; business legitimate. Address The John Dorsey Watkins Co., Louisville, Ky.

$800 IN CASH WILL BUY RESTAURANT clearing $350 per month; N. S.; no agents. Address O N 105, Tribune office.

BUSINESS MAN WITH $900 AND SERVICES wants profitable partnership. Address O 110, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED TAILORING BUSIness; fine location; central; low rent; good; money maker; cash only. O 122, Tribune office.

WE CAN SELL YOUR BUSINESS QUICKLY for cash. Call personally with particulars. STEPHENS & CO., 115 Dearborn-st., room 1.

MAN TO TAKE CHARGE GOOD PAYING BUSIness; some money required, samples. Room 139 Windsor-Clifton.

A1 CHANCE FOR GOOD BUSINESS MAN WITH $400; straight, legitimate business; investigate. Address O 109, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SMALL STEAM LAUNDRY, DOing good business, on north side. Address O 197, Tribune office.

SMALL, GOOD PAYING SALOON, CHEAP; rent $20. Inquire 372 W. Van Buren.

JAMES E. SMITH & CO., 79 DEARBORN-ST., sells A1 oil and coal properties; investigate.

FOR SALE—SALOON, INSIDE THE LOOP. Address P 246, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT; GOOD BUSINESS; S. S.; a sacrifice; $400 cash. O 140, Tribune.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED MILK BUSINESS FOR sale cheap. Call 401 W. 40th-st.

POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

STAMPS BOUGHT AND SOLD—LIST FREE. F. M. WOLSIEFFER, 1010 Atwood Bldg.

STEVENS & CO., 60 DEARBORN, WANT GOLD dollars. Illustrated coin book, 10c.

TRUSSES. DEFORMITY APPARATUS.

DR. WOLFERTZ, SPECIALIST, 60 6TH-AV.; expert truss fitter. Rupture and deformity cured; effectively cured with my latest appliance. Trusses $50 to $10. Elastic stockings, abd. sup. $up. 9 to 12.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

EASTMAN NO. 3 FOLDING POCKET KODAK "De Luxe, $60. Cameras rented or exchanged. Developing and printing. Central Camera Co., 51 E. Adams-st.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 125-127 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cen.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE OF PIANOS.

Hundreds of pianos divided into several groups, as follows:

GROUP A—Steinway small upright, $295; original price, $600. Steinway small upright, $425; original price, $600. Steinway medium sized upright, $450; original price, $650. Steinway, same as above, $450; original price, $600. Steinway cabinet grand upright, $450; original price, $650. Steinway small upright, $495; original price, $650. Steinway baby grand, $575; original price, $900. Steinway cabinet grand, $500; original price, $700. Steinway, $550; original price, $700. Steinway, $550; original price, $650.

GROUP B—Knabe cabinet grand, $375; original price $500. Knabe cabinet grand, $396; original price $500. Knabe cabinet, $450; original price, $600. Knabe medium sized upright, $475; original price, $600. Knabe cabinet grand, $575; original price, $800. Knabe cabinet grand, $250; original price, $350. Knabe cabinet grand, $295; original price, $350. Knabe baby grand, $475; original price, $700.

GROUP C—Chase upright, $135; original price $200. Krakauer cabinet grand, $275; original price, $300. Fischer cabinet grand, $250; original price, $350. Fischer mahogany case, $250; original price, $350. Cabinet grand upright, $150; original price, $250. Ludwig cabinet grand, $175; original price, $300. Decker Bros., $260; original price, $400. Decker Bros., $295; original price, $350. Fischer upright, $205; original price, $360. Steinway square, $150; original price, $650. Chickering square, $75; original price, $500.

GROUP D—Kranich & Bach upright, $125; Reid upright, $125; Kimball upright, large size, $150; Story & Camp upright, $135; Huntington mahogany upright, returned from renting, $175; Stock concert grand, $275; Bohmer walnut upright, $200; one very fine Steinway square, $125; forty second hand square pianos at from $25 to $75 each [will be put in good repair throughout], and many others.

All the above are genuine bargains. Sold on easy terms when desired. Make a visit of inspection at your early convenience.

LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

BENT'S BIG PIANO BARGAINS

Have enabled hundreds of persons to buy pianos who otherwise could not.

LOW PRICES AND EASY TERMS. Fair dealing and good goods!

HERE IS ANOTHER CHANCE.

100 PIANOS, VARIOUS KINDS, at $135, $150, $175, and $200.

75 pianos at $225 and $250.

200 CROWN PIANOS From $300 to $700.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in returned rentals.

EVERYTHING SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Investigation will prove.

GEO. P. BENT, Manufacturer of Crown Piano, 211 Wabash-av.

SLIGHTLY USED STANDARD, UPRIGHT PIANOS at 50 cents on the dollar. We save you $75.00 to $150.00 on any piano you may choose. Nothing like it ever heard of in Chicago before. Nearly all the different makes represented at just one-half their original price in order to close them out at once. We will mention only a few of the many:

1	$350.00 Kranich & Bach upright	$199.00
1	$300.00 Chicago Music Co. piano	148.00
1	$300.00 Haller & Davis upright piano	145.00
1	$250.00 Sterling upright piano	126.00
1	$250.00 Wainut upright piano	125.00
1	$350.00 upright piano	175.00
1	$500.00 oak upright piano	248.00
1	$400.00 Stultz & Bauer piano	198.00
1	$375.00 Stultz & Bauer piano	185.00
1	$500.00 mahogany upright piano	245.00
1	$550.00 mahogany upright piano	270.00
27	Square pianos, in fine shape, from $25.00 to $65.00.	

We guarantee every piano we sell.

Pianos to rent at $3.00 and $4.00 per month. Rent allowed if purchased.

Stultz & Bauer Piano Mfg. Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

THE PIANO EVENT OF THE YEAR.

W. W. KIMBALL CO.'S GREAT ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE OF GOOD PIANOS

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

EXTREMELY EASY PAYMENTS OFFERED TO ALL PURCHASERS.

The stock includes:
New high class pianos.
Pianos of odd styles and makes.
Pianos returned from rental.
Pianos taken in exchange for the Kimball.
Slightly shopworn pianos.
Second-hand upright and square pianos.
New and used reed organs.
The Kimball Piano Player.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. (Established 1857), S. E. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
We close Saturdays at 1 o'clock until September.

BANKRUPT SALE OF PIANOS—

We have several choice bargains left of the bankrupt stock of Howard W. Cook & Co. that we will close out at 50 per cent discount.

1	Chickering	$100	1 walnut upright...$ 80
1	Kranich	125	1 Kranich upright 125
1	Fischer	115	1 Decker Bros 120
1	Emerson	135	1 Crown walnut 140
1	Geo. Twichell	150	1 Fischer walnut 160
1	Fischer walnut	175	1 Chase 180
1	Steinway	190	1 Emerson, case 200
1	Bohmer	225	1 Bohmer walnut 240

Cash or easy payments.

J. O. MITCHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS
WEBER PIANOS

All that art has conceived or skill devised in the production of a piano is shown in the Weber. 366 Wabash-av.

Admired and indorsed by great artists and the music public for half a century; exclusively used today by the Maurice Grau company during the season of opera in the leading cities of the United States and Canada.

PIANOS—PIANOS—PIANOS—PIANOS.

Now is the time to get a first class piano while our clearance sale is going.

We must make room for our fall stock and are offering exceptional bargains in some styles that have been dropped from our catalogue. Also a variety of styles returned from renting that must be sold to make room. Pianos we took in exchange from $125 upwards, including several pianos made of the old makes. Step in and hear the wonderful Chase & Baker Piano Player. Recitals daily at our warerooms from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

JULIUS BAUER & CO., 250-252 WABASH-AV. Established 1857.

VOSE PIANOS.

LUDWIG PIANOS.

When looking for bargains, do not fail to see us and get prices.

Easy terms of payment.

New pianos rented.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO., MANUFACTURERS, 246 WABASH-AV.

ADAH SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF

ESTABLISHED 1873.

MANUFACTURER OF

HIGH GRADE PIANOS.

Low prices. Terms easy.

PIANOS TO RENT.

SAFES.

FIREPROOF SAFES, $17.50 UP; FIRE AND burglar proof safe, $90; bank chest, time lock, $450; safes bought and exchanged. Chicago Safe and Merchandise Company, 47 Dearborn-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST prices for cash or easy payments, all sizes. SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 5th-av.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE—82 SHERIDAN, 24 SEYBOLD, 28 Howard, 40 Sheridan power cutter, 406 Dearborn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTARIES, SEND IMPRESS OF SEAL, NAME as you write it, choice of color below seal, red, green, or gold, for a handsome, fitting office sign, 6x7, price 20 cents.

S. J. KELSO, 119 N. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

S. D. CHILDS & CO., PRINTERS, BINDERS, and lithographers, 140 Monroe-st.

EXCURSIONS AND TRAVEL.

CALIFORNIA AND PACIFIC NORTHWEST— Judson-Alton personally conducted excursions leaving Chicago every Tuesday and Thursday via the "Scenic Route" through Colorado and the Rocky Mountains in daylight, provide a through tourist car service to California and Pacific northwest, making a journey comfortable, economical, and enjoyable; bargains in one way and round trip rates to California, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Salt Lake City, and Colorado points. Write or call on Judson-Alton Excursions, 349 Marquette Building, Chicago, for free itinerary.

WANTED—TO MEET SOME ONE GOING TO Mackinac or beyond; great advantage. Address O 100, Tribune office.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE— SOUTHAMPTON-CHERBOURG-HAMBURG. TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
F. Bismarck.....Aug. 21 | A. Victoria.....Sept. 11
Columbia.....Aug. 28 | Pretoria.....Sept. 18
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
Moltke.....Aug. 19 | Blucher.....Sept. 2
Patricia.....Aug. 26 | Waldersee.....Sept. 9
SUMMER AND AUTUMN CRUISES By the Palatial Cruising Steamer PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE. From Hamburg Aug. 27. To the BALTIC and the NORTHERN CAPITALS. During Sept., Oct., and Nov. To PORTUGAL, SPAIN, principal Mediterranean POINTS, and the ORIENT.
Send for illustrated pamphlets and itineraries. HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, Corner Randolph and La Salle-sts.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD— FAST EXPRESS SERVICE. PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN.
H'ollern..Aug. 19, 10 am | Kaiser.....Sept. 9, 10 am
Kaiserin..Aug. 19, 10 am | Kaiserin..Sept. 16, 10 am
K'nprinz..Aug. 26, 10 am | K'prinz..Sept. 23, 9 am
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. Cherbourg—Southampton alternately, and Bremen. Barbar'ss, Aug. 21, 11 am | Luise.....Sept. 11, noon
Bremen...Aug. 28, noon | Kurfuerst.Sept. 18, 11 am
Friedrich...Sept. 4, noon | Bremen...Sept. 25, 10 am
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Lahn.....Aug. 23, 10 am | Lahn.....Sept. 27, 1 pm
Trave.....Sept. 6, 10 am | Trave.....Oct. 11, 10 am
Aller.....Sept. 13, 10 am | Aller.....Oct. 18, 10 am
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., Gen. Western Agents, 95 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE Fast Twin Screw Express Service. NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—[LONDON]. St. Louis..Aug. 20, 10 am | St. Paul...Sept. 3, 10 am
Philadelphia..Aug. 27, 10 am | Southwark..Sept. 10, noon
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL. H'ford..Aug. 16, 8:30 am | Rhyn'd'..Aug. 30, 8:30 am
Noordland..Aug. 23, noon | Westland..Sept. 6, noon
RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS. Vaderland..Aug. 16, noon | Zeeland.....Aug. 30, noon
Kroonland..Aug. 23, noon | Friesland...Sept. 6, noon
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, Dearborn and Washington-sts. Tel. Cent. 1111.

COMPAGNIE GLE. TRANSATLANTIQUE, French line, New York to Havre—Six days. Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Touraine...Aug. 14 | Sept. 25 | Oct. 23 | Nov. 20
La Lorraine...Aug. 21 | Sept. 18 | Oct. 16 | Nov. 13
La Gascogne...Aug. 28 | Oct. 2 | Oct. 30 | Nov. 27
La Savoie.....Sept. 4 | Oct. 9 | Nov. 6 |
La Bretagne...Sept. 11 | Oct. 16 | Nov. 13 |
New modern gigantic Twin-Screw and Express Steamers; newly officered man-of-war discipline. Company's own vestibuled trains, Havre-Paris 4 hours. M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE— NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL. Teutonic.....Aug. 20 | Oct. 1 | Nov. 12
Cymric.....Aug. 22 | Sept. 19 | Oct. 17 | Nov. 14
Oceanic.....Aug. 27 | Sept. 24 | Oct. 22 | Nov. 19
Majestic.....Sept. 2 | Oct. 3 | Oct. 29 | Nov. 26
Celtic.....Sept. 5 | Oct. 8 | Nov. 5 | Dec. 3
Germanic.....Sept. 10 | Oct. | Nov. 9 | Dec.
EARLY RESERVATIONS RECOMMENDED. WHITE STAR LINE. Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840. NEW YORK—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Campania.....Aug. 16 | Sept. 20 | Oct. 18 | Nov. 8
Umbria.....Aug. 23 | Sept. 20 | Oct. 18 | Nov. 15
Lucania.....Aug. 30 | Sept. 27 | Oct. 25 | Nov. 22
Etruria.....Sept. 6 | Nov. 1 | Nov. 29 |
Ivernia, new twin scr...Aug. 19 | Sept. 16 | Oct. 18
Saxonia.....Sept. 2 | Sept. 30 | Nov. 1
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph. Phone Central 2051.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK—GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL.
Anchoria.....Aug. 16 | Astoria.....Sept. 6
Ethiopia.....Aug. 30 | Furnessia.....Sept. 13
Columbia, twin screw, new, Aug. 28, Sept. 30, Oct. 25
Secure choice of berths by early application. NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS. Ionian.....Aug. 16 | Perugia.....Aug. 30
178 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 3335

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE— New York-Rotterdam via Boulogne-sur-Mer. New twin screw steamers of 13,000 tons register. Twin Screw Str. RYNDAM, Aug. 16, 10 a. m. Twin Screw Str. ROTTERDAM, Aug. 23, 10 a. m. Twin Screw Str. NOORDAM, Aug. 30, 10 a. m. Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE, 95 and 92 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

DOMINION LINE— FOUR SEPARATE AND DISTINCT SERVICES. Fast twin screw passenger steamers sailing regularly from Boston, Portland, and Montreal to Liverpool, also Boston to Mediterranean ports. Send for booklet, "Mediterranean Illustrated." For rates, etc., apply to company's office, 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS— Korea, Aug. 26; Gaelic, Sept. 3; Hongkong Maru, Sept. 11. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders, and information apply to W. G. NEIMYER, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago. Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO. Navigazione Generale Italiana to NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA. All first class Steamers. For rates apply to FIRZEL, FELTMAN & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y. J. S. LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Gen. West. Agt.

BEAVER LINE PASSENGER SERVICE— MONTREAL. Weekly Sailings—New Steamships. Best accommodations at lowest rates. C. E. WENHAM, 87 Dearborn-st. Cent. 2082.

EUROPE—TOURS AND TICKETS: ALL LINES. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO. Wm. A. Fletcher, Agent, 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of parties and excursions. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE—ST. JOSEPH, Benton Harbor, and Paw Paw Lake, daily, 9:30 a. m.; 12:30 noon (except Sat. and Sun.; Sat. at 2 p. m.); every night at 11:30. Special Sunday, 10 a. m. Fare 50c each way on day steamers. First class vaudeville show free. 8 ONLY DAY STEAMER. $1.50 TO GRAND RAPIDS.
*Lv. 9:30 a. m. | "Puritan." Arrive 4:45 p. m.
Lv 8:45 p. m. | "Soo City." Arrive 7:00 a. m. (*Except Sat., at 2 p. m.)
$8.50 round trip, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and Toronto, Aug. 13.

HOLLAND, Saugatuck, Allegan, Lansing, Detroit, Big Rapids, Traverse City, Petoskey, Alma, Bay City, Saginaw, Grand Haven, Spring Lake, and Muskegon; making immediate connections at Ottawa Beach with Pere Marquette and G. R. & I. Ry's for their entire system.
Dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Central 2162.

BARRY MUSKEGON LINE TO GRAND RAPids, Grand Haven, Muskegon, Michigan points, daily sailings at 7:45 p. m. North end Rush-st. bridge. Phone Cent. 1487.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS TO MILWAUKEE and Racine daily, 8 p. m.; fare, 75c. For Waukegan and Kenosha daily at 10:00 a. m. For all west shore ports and all points on Green Bay, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 7:45 p. m. Dock east end Michigan-st. Phone Central 1740.

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY. SUMMER TOURS OF GREAT LAKES. To Mackinac Island, St. Ignace, Sault Ste. Marie, Grand Marais, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock, Bayfield, Ashland, and Duluth (without change). Steamers leave at Chicago every Wednesday at 5 p. m. Secure passage from W. A. Fletcher, 103 Adams-st.; Henry Gase & Sons, 220 S. Clark-st.; Ward Bros., 238 S. Clark-st.; F. E. Scott, Palmer House; or at company's office, 530 W. Water-st., Chicago. Send for illustrated booklet. Tel. 1643 Central.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION Co. S. S. "City of Charlevoix" leaves Chicago Tuesdays 1 p. m., Fridays 7 p. m., for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, and Harbor Springs. S. S. "Illinois" leaves Chicago Wednesdays 1 p. m., Saturdays 4 p. m. for Harbor Springs (except Frankfort), including Mackinac Island. Through tickets to Lake Superior and eastern resorts. Special rates to Alma, Mt. Pleasant, and Manistee. Dock foot Frankfort, $2.50. Office and dock, east end Michigan-st. Tel. Cent. 572 and 574. Colown office, 103 Adams-st. Tel. 2298 S. Clark-st. 2298 S. Clark-st. Secure a ticket office.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—$1 TO MILWAUkee, 9:30 a. m. week days (10 a. m. Sundays), and 9 p. m. daily; to Racine, 8 a. m. and 9 p. m. daily; to Grand Haven, Muskegon, and Grand Rapids, 7:45 p. m. daily; to Escanaba and Green Bay ports, 8 p. m. Wed., Fri., and Sat.; to Kewaunee, Algoma, Sturgeon Bay, Marinette, and Menominee, 8 p. m. Tues., Wed., Fri., and Sat.; to Sheboygan and Manitowoc, 8 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Chicago Island [S. Water-st. dock], 2, 10 am Saturdays, 8:30 p. m. Docks foot Michigan-av. City ticket office, 108 Adams. Phone Central 76.

MANITOU STEAMSHIP COMPANY. The palatial steamship Manitou for Frankfort, Charlevoix, Harbor Springs, Petoskey, Mackinac Island, connecting for Detroit, Buffalo and all eastern and Lake Superior points. Tuesdays, 3 p. m.; Thursdays, 10:30 a. m.; Saturdays, 4 p. m. Office and docks, Rush and N. Water. Tel. Cent. 1487

SOUTH HAVEN LINE TO SOUTH HAVEN AND Mich. points. Daily, 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. Sats., 9:30 a. m., 2 p. m., 11:30 p. m. Sun., 10 a. m., 3:30 p. m., 11:30 p. m. Docks, North end Rush-st. bridge. Phone Cent. 1487.

LAKE AND OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS. We sell all lines at lowest rates. The International Tourist Co., 810 Marquette Bldg. Tel. Central 1225. Have our representative call with full information.

GREAT LAKES AND ALL EASTERN RESORTS —Mackinac, Detroit, Buffalo, etc. OFFICE for GEORGIAN BAY, Muskoka lakes, and St. Lawrence. Write for folders. State intended trip. R. H. CRUNDEN & CO., 220 S. Clark.

SAUGATUCK LINE—FOR PINE COVE, GANGES, Saugatuck, and Douglas, daily except Saturday and Sunday, 8:15 a. m. Saturday, 8 p. m., from east end Michigan-st. Fare $1. Phone Capt. 574.

PEOPLE'S TRANSIT CO. MON. AND WED., 10:15 p. m.; Fri., 7:30 p. m.; Whitehall, Monday; 32 Pentwater, Ludington, Manistee; $2.50 Frankfort; $3.75 Traverse City. Dock foot Wabash.

MICHIGAN CITY LINE—DAILY EXCURSIONS. The round trip; daily 9:30 a. m., Sundays 10 a. m.; 8 p. m. daily. Dock 34 River-st. Cent. 2162.

GEORGIAN BAY AND ST. LAWRENCE RIVER Lines—WARD BROS., General Lake and Ocean Steamship and Tourist Agents, 238 S. Clark-st.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. †Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. §Ex. Sunday. ¶Ex. Monday. (Saturday Only.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket offices, 212 Clark-st., Transfer Office, 241 Clark-st., and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Omaha, Sioux City, Yankton, Sioux Falls, Deadwood, Hot Springs, Black Hills, Cheyenne, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*10.00 am	*9.00 am
Omaha, Sioux City, Yankton, Sioux Falls, Deadwood, Hot Springs, Black Hills, Cheyenne, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*10.00 pm	*9.00 pm
Omaha, Sioux City, Yankton, Sioux Falls, Deadwood, Hot Springs, Black Hills, Cheyenne, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*11.30 pm	*10.30 pm
Fremont, Norfolk, Long Pine, Valentine, Rushville, Chadron, Alliance, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead, Sturgis, Buffalo Gap, Edgemont	*10.00 am	*9.00 am
Fremont, Norfolk, Long Pine, Valentine, Rushville, Chadron, Alliance, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead, Sturgis, Buffalo Gap, Edgemont	*11.30 pm	*10.30 pm
Fremont, Norfolk, Long Pine, Valentine, Rushville, Chadron, Alliance, Hot Springs, Deadwood, Lead, Sturg

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy	3 cents
Sunday, single copy	5 cents
Daily, per week	12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week	17 cents
Daily, per month	50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month	75 cents

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.

Postage paid in the United States (outside of Chicago city limits) and in Canada and Mexico.

Daily, without Sunday, one year	$4.00
Daily, without Sunday, six months	2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months	1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months	1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month	.50
Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.00
Daily, with Sunday, six months	3.00
Daily, with Sunday, three months	1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month	.75
Sunday issue, one year	2.00
Sunday issue, one month	.25

Give postoffice address in full, including county and state.

Remit by express, money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.

NEW YORK—164 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or telephone—Central 667. Where delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 page, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1902.

Vacation Paddings.

The establishment of a school of domestic arts for the benefit of the unoccupied country children at Lake Geneva by Mrs. Samuel Allerton is a beneficent act that it is to be hoped will be imitated. Compulsory vacation is to some children as great an evil as compulsory education is in the eyes of others, and it is not uncommon to hear the former class declare vindictively that they "just hate vacations." It is not because these are model, precocious scholars who love learning better than leisure, and lessons better than laziness, but simply because they long unconsciously for the social advantages that schools afford and for the opportunities for self-expression that even a juvenile soul delights in. A school of domestic arts answers these needs, and one can imagine that the small boy in Mrs. Allerton's school who created a masterpiece of a pudding must have known some of the keen delight that is experienced by the composer of poems. There is a tremendous amount of vacation vitality which, without forfeiting its normal privileges of recreation, might be turned into puddings and bring at the same time to parents satisfaction to their hearts and gratification to their palates.

FIGHTING STANDARD OIL.

The Standard Oil company is called on now to do battle with "a foeman worthy of its steel." That foeman is the German government, which does not approve of the efforts of the great American company, working through the Deutsche-Amerikanische Petroleum Gesellschaft, to drive out rival Russian companies and obtain a monopoly of the German market. The German-American company, which has reached a commanding position through much the same tactics as those which built up the Standard Oil company, is an extremely profitable concern. On a capitalization of $12,000,000 it declares dividends which have been as high as 45 per cent in one year.

The German government wishes to aid the independent domestic companies in their fight. For this reason the minister of public works has issued orders discountenancing the use of the Standard Oil company's products and directing the use of Russian, Austrian, and Roumanian petroleum. In this country the Standard Oil company was aided greatly by the favoritism of the railroad companies. It is suggested in Germany that the railway systems should discriminate in rates in favor of the Russian and Austrian oil exporters and that the roads shall refuse the German-American company permission to establish any more oil tanks on their lines. It is believed that measures of this kind will deal the objectionable company a severe blow.

The tariff commission of the reichstag has been asked to impose higher duties on refined than on raw petroleum, so that an independent German oil refining industry may be built up. If this were done the consequences might be as disagreeable as they were in France, where such legislation created a domestic monopoly which was worse for consumers than the Standard Oil company monopoly it displaced.

No complaint is made that German consumers of petroleum are overcharged by the Standard Oil company. It is admitted that its oil is of better quality than that imported from Russia. It does not appear, therefore, that the interests of German consumers are harmed by the supremacy of the German branch of the Standard Oil company. It has shown itself more alert and enterprising than its rivals.

Americans have no great affection for the Standard Oil company. But if it is forced out of Germany the shipment of an important American product to that country will be interfered with. American trade will be injured. That is undesirable. So if the Standard Oil company shall get the better of the German government Americans will not grieve. When it becomes a question whether Germans shall use American or Russian oil it is best they should get their supply from this country.

THE QUALITY OF PUBLIC MEN

In an address before the Phi Beta Kappa society of Hobart college Mr. D. W. Hackett, a member of the Washington bar of considerable distinction, who has wide acquaintance with public men, gave it as his opinion that the government is served by men of singular merit. Mr. Hackett says that when he went to Washington forty years ago it was with the impression that politicians, federal as well as local, were dishonest and self-seeking. He has been compelled to change his opinion. Mr. Procter of the civil service commission and Secretary Wilson, who, though they are in public life, are not in politics, agree with him.

Five years ago Senator Hoar wrote that in his opinion—

> As many good and wholesome laws are enacted today as have been at any other period of our history. . . . I believe the people, as a whole, are better, happier, and more prosperous than ever before, and I believe that the two houses of congress represent what is best in the character of the people now, as much as they ever did.

It has been the fashion to include all public men in the class that usually controls the great municipalities. The press of the country is so busily engaged in exposing political corruption that it has not time to print, and the public has no inclination to read, the records of the many capable officials who serve the government for much less than similar servants of corporations are paid. This applies particularly to the higher officials of the government. During the last twenty, and, indeed, during the last ten, years the quality of public servants in congress and in the departments has perceptibly improved. The change has been gradual, but certain, and still continues.

THE NEW SUPREME JUSTICE.

The appointment of Chief Justice O. W. Holmes of Massachusetts to the seat upon the National Supreme bench made vacant by the resignation of Justice Gray undoubtedly will give general satisfaction. His promotion to this responsible and honorable position has been fairly earned by his legal services to his native state as well as by his high personal and professional character. There can be no doubt that he will secure the same profound esteem in Washington that he has enjoyed in Massachusetts.

Judge Holmes is the eminent son of an eminent father—an intellectual relationship which does not always exist between father and son. His father chose the professions of medicine and literature, and shone conspicuously in both. Possessing his father's studious disposition, scholarly habit, and scientific turn of mind, the son devoted himself to the law, and after years of successful practice as well as judicial success he has reaped a noble reward. As Gov. Crane says of him: "His high qualities are well known wherever good law is known." His wounds at Ball's Bluff, at Antietam, and Fredericksburg would testify to his soldierly courage and patriotism had his own father not recorded these qualities in the narrative of his search for his captain. The legal works which he has published testify to his attainments in the theory and details of the law, and the decisions which he has handed down from the bench testify to his fine judicial qualities, his acumen, and his strong common sense. Only in one direction have his colleagues differed from him, and even then not so much in the construing of law perhaps as in the liberal tone he has manifested when issues have been made between employers and employes or when settlements of labor controversies have been involved. It is probable, therefore, that the labor interests may assume they have a special advocate upon the Supreme bench of the country. His record, however, shows that he will never go outside the limitations of absolute justice in dealing with these questions, and never infringe upon the rights of either party.

While the country will greet the new justice most cordially, it will sincerely regret that Justice Gray has been compelled to retire by reason of age and impaired health after having served longer than any of his present associates except Justice Harlan. He has served the country with great ability and he retires with distinguished honor. Geographically the appointment of Judge Holmes is eminently fit. While Massachusetts loses the honorable representation Justice Gray has given his state and New England it gains a jurist who takes up the work in the prime of his life and apparently has many years of useful service before him.

ASSASSINATION INSURANCE.

The New York Evening Post states that advices have been received in that city to the effect that the first assassination policy has been taken out on the life of Prince Henry of Prussia, who recently visited this country. The amount of the policy is $900,000, payable, of course, only in the event of the prince's assassination—an event considered so unlikely in view of the prince's popularity that the German companies regard it as a first class risk. They receive a large premium every year with little probability that they may ever be called upon to settle. If they should be, however, and it is the unexpected which often happens, the payment of this extraordinary consideration might seriously cripple some of them.

An American insurance expert, discussing the policy, says it is something new and aptly characterizes it as "freak insurance," though he concedes it is legitimate. It certainly is as legitimate as insuring the life of King Edward or of J. Pierpont Morgan and not a whit more risky, as Prince Henry's chances of living are much better than either, as he is younger and stronger, and apparently is not likely to be assassinated. And yet, remembering what has occurred three times in our own history, in each case without any sufficient cause, it is difficult to say what constitutes a risk. Physical hazards may be reckoned with by physicians and actuaries. No one has the skill to reckon with the moral hazards unless it may be in some such country as Russia, where assassination only lacks the opportunity. That this form of insurance has not been introduced in this country is due, as this expert says, to the fact that "conditions here are different from those obtaining abroad," and that we are doing business on the old familiar lines. And yet the insurance business of this country, fire, life, marine, accident, and other forms, is branching out in many directions which half a century ago would have been considered extraordinary, if not freakish.

PALM OIL UNDER THE BAN.

The commissioner of internal revenue is more than a match for the oleomargarine manufacturers. He has blasted their hopes of putting on the market a yellow product which will not have to pay the prohibitory tax of 10 cents a pound. Palm oil is a vegetable oil employed extensively in the manufacture of soap and not in that of oleomargarine. As the product when palm oil is one of the ingredients will have a yellowish tinge, the manufacturers decided to use it if allowed to do so. They may have thought they had the commissioner of internal revenue on the hip—that if he refused to let them use a trifling quantity of the oil on the ground that it was used solely to impart a yellow color to the oleomargarine he would be obliged to let them use it in considerable quantities. The manufacturers were prepared to contend that palm oil is a harmless vegetable oil, quite as unobjectionable as the cotton seed oil, which is used without protest in the making of the cheaper grades of oleomargarine.

The commissioner decides against the manufacturers whether they use much or little palm oil. He says correctly where a minute quantity is used to make the product look like butter it cannot be considered that the oil is used with the purpose of being a bona fide constituent, but only to give a yellow color to the oleomargarine—which must pay the 10 cents tax. If palm oil were used in large quantities "it would," says the commissioner, "undoubtedly cause a condition under which this office would rule that the oleomargarine contained an ingredient deleterious to public health and offensive in taste and odor." The law empowers the commissioner to decide whether imitation butter contains any ingredients deleterious to the public health, but there is an appeal from his decision to a board made up of the surgeon general of the army, the surgeon general of the navy, and the secretary of agriculture. Perhaps the manufacturers may think it worth their while to take an appeal.

The manufacturers dislike to give up a profitable home market for their product, but they will have to do so unless by ransacking the earth they can discover some vegetable oil which will make oleomargarine yellow, and which when used in large quantities will not make the product "deleterious to public health." The law does not say specifically that all oleomargarine which has a yellow hue, no matter how or by what the hue is imparted to it, shall pay a tax of 10 cents a pound, but that was the purpose of the framers of the law and the commissioner of internal revenue will so construe it.

Apparently nothing remains but for the oleomargarine manufacturers to find abroad a market for a harmless, useful product which they are forbidden to sell at home.

THE KANKAKEE INVESTIGATION.

The testimony given by Dr. Podstata before the state board of charities is quite sufficient to justify the "full investigation" promised by the president of the board. The statements which it listened to on Monday do not emanate from the diseased brain of a patient. They are made by a physician who was connected with the hospital for seven years, and who was at one time chief of the medical staff. Testimony coming from such a source is entitled to respect. Even if Dr. Podstata shall prove to be mistaken in some of his charges enough will remain to make it the duty of the board of charities to report to the governor that conditions at Kankakee under the Small regime are unsatisfactory.

It may be that the failure of the legislature to appropriate for sufficient fire escapes is responsible for the fact that sixty inmates in the incapable ward are at any moment in danger of death by fire. Perhaps if the trustees had laid great stress on the fire hazards the general assembly would have consented to the use for fire protection of a larger part of the $110,000 appropriated for other than ordinary expenses at the institution. It may be that if more money had been appropriated laboratory and scientific work would not have been neglected. But, granting that the general assembly has not done all it should have done, it appears, if Dr. Podstata's testimony is correct, that abuses existed for which the legislature is not directly responsible. It is alleged that a politician, not an alienist, manages the Kankakee hospital—that Trustee Len Small is everything and the superintendent is nothing, the latter being obliged to take such employes as are sent him, and to give patients with political influence back of them better treatment than other patients. Apparently all men are not equal in a political insane asylum. The one with the strongest pull fares best. It is alleged also by Dr. Podstata that he paid a 5 per cent political assessment regularly, and that two years ago the women attendants were organized into a political marching club.

The members of the board announced when they began work on Monday that the question of civil service in state institutions was not relevant to their investigation, which related only to abuses in the hospital, and that it was for a committee of the legislature to take testimony as to the advisability of adopting the merit system. If the testimony of Dr. Podstata remains unimpeached the state board may feel that it comes within its province to condemn the political system of managing state institutions, and beg the governor and general assembly to coöperate in the introduction of a better system. A worse system cannot well be imagined than one which puts an insane asylum in the hands of a layman and he a picayune politician.

THE CUBAN LOAN QUESTION.

A Washington dispatch says the secretary of the treasury has reached the conclusion, after giving some study to the matter of the proposed Cuban loan of $35,000,000, that the treasury department is not the one to decide whether such a loan will clash with the Platt amendment. One of the sections of the amendment is that the Cuban government shall contract no public debt "to pay the interest upon which and to make reasonable sinking fund provision for the ultimate discharge of which the ordinary revenues of the island, after defraying the current expenses of government, shall be inadequate."

Secretary Shaw cannot well say whether the ordinary revenues of the island will take care of a debt until he knows what is meant by "ordinary revenues," how large such revenues are likely to be, and what are to be the current expenses of government. The secretary lacks information which he should have if he is to decide whether the proposed Cuban loan cannot safely be made.

The Platt amendment has been made a part of the Cuban constitution. At the first blush the question of the validity of the act of a Cuban congress should be decided by the Cuban Supreme court. But the Platt amendment is a contract entered into by Cuba with the United States and the party of the second part has a right to protest against or veto action in violation of the contract. Congress did not provide, when it enacted the Cuban legislation in question, who should have authority to notify the Cuban government that it was not living up to its agreement. Congress did not say who should decide interesting questions of fact which may arise. Is the president or congress to determine whether a treaty made by Cuba with a foreign power will tend to impair the independence of Cuba or whether an attempt is being made to contract an excessive public debt?

Presumably, the right of official remonstrance or of veto was reserved to itself by congress. But while congress is not in session if the president sees the Cuban government about to commit an act which seems to him violative of its obligations to this country, a private, unofficial word of warning from him to the government of the island doubtless will be effectual.

MANUFACTURING AT THE SAULT.

The water power and ship canal which has been building at Sault Ste. Marie for four years is now completed at a cost of $5,000,000. Its promoters expect to see rise around the factories along its banks a metropolis of the central north. With an inexhaustible supply of power, with a channel between Lake Superior and the lakes to the east twenty-two feet deep and 240 feet wide, Sault Ste. Marie would seem to have all the advantages which go to make a great center of distribution and supply. Straight through the city the current flows at the even rate of a mile and an half an hour. The water that will light the city, propel its trolleys, and drive its mills will carry the barges and ships to the factory doors. West of the city is the territory tributary to Lake Superior and Lake Michigan, and to the east the ports of Buffalo, Detroit, and Cleveland.

No man can foretell the future of the central north. Above and below the Canadian line the natural resources of the country are only partially developed. Perhaps the citizens of Sault Ste. Marie are too sanguine, but more marvelous things have happened on the American continent than the growth of a great city at a locality so blessed with facilities for transportation and manufacture as the city on the Soo.

SEVERAL of the predictions of coming earthquakes have been fulfilled by the upheaval in the office of the valued Philadelphia Ledger.

IF the people have not been impressed by the boil-the-water warnings hitherto given out there is nothing but an injunction that will have any effect on them now.

IN the absence of specific directions you will continue to take your air smoked, as heretofore.

THE esteemed New York Sun will not fail to view with horror the spectacle of another judge with a long mustache on the United States Supreme bench.

IF there is any virtue in Bee stings, Editor Rosewater's enemies ought to be remarkably free from rheumatism.

TIMES may be dull at Herr Krupp's cannon works, but most of the pistol factories are believed to be running at their usual capacity.

MANAGER MCCULLOCH of the street railway company carelessly put his hand in his pocket and pulled an arbitration agreement on the strike talkers.

IT is possible, furthermore, that there may be nothing in the report of a proposed J. Pierpont Morganatic alliance with Germany.

IT may be predicted that the men who shot Patrolmen Devine and Pennell will be gathered in sooner or later.

MR. CABLE may see a little glimmer of light ahead in Illinois, but it has hardly the appearance of a rainbow as yet.

THE trouble at Streeterville assumed the dimensions of a South American revolution for awhile yesterday afternoon.

LETTING well enough alone is good policy, always provided that the well enough part rests on a secure foundation.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Could Recommend Them.

"Are there any good collection agencies in this neighborhood?" inquired the stranger with the long standing account.

"Collection agencies?" exclaimed the suburbanite. "Great Scott! Haven't you seen any of our mosquitoes yet?"

The Marine Mother Goose.

The swordfish and the octopus
Fought for a mermaid bride.
The swordfish jabbed the octopus,
And disappeared inside.

Important Preliminary.

"Tommy, did you run off and go fishing this morning?"

"Paw, which will you whip me hardest for—lyin' or tellin' the truth?"

Quite Possible.

Reggie (looking at bill)—"Williams, have I smoked as many cigars as that in three months?"

Valet (in muffled voice, from clothes closet)—"Y-yes, sir; I think we have."

All Mixed Up.

"What will you have, my son?" asked the druggist.

The little boy made a desperate mental struggle.

"Mamma sent me," he said, "to get a fleet of picky sty shaper. That ain't quite it, but it's somethin' like that. Got it?"

More Important.

Mr. Oldsport had stopped in front of an oyster and fish house and was looking at the display in the window.

"Hurry up, Oscar," said his wife, "or we'll miss the train."

"Train be dashed!" exclaimed Mr. Oldsport. "Here's a fight between two crawfish!"

His Vacation.

"Hello, Tad! Where you been?"
"On a vacation."
"Where?"
"O, mostly on the water."
"On the lake?"
"Nope. On the river."
"What river?"
"Illinois."
"Fishing?"
"Nope. Boating."
"Have a good time?"
"Yep."
"What part of the river?"
"O, down below Henry."
"Steamboat?"
"Nope."
"Houseboat?"
"Nope."
"Skiff?"
"Nope."
"Sailboat?"
"Nope."
"Gee! What kind o' boat was it?"
"Ferry boat. Got an uncle that runs one down there, and he let me ride on it all I wanted to. What are you so darned inquisitive about?"

PERSONAL.

Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, the "copper king," has written a book. His enemies are jubilant.

Mr. Bryan says: "I am content to live as a private citizen." O, if we could only believe him!

"Mother" Jones is to lead the striking Pennsylvania miners into politics. Is the latter not in a bad fix, as it is?

A man in New York writes to a paper demanding that Andrew Carnegie be made governor of the empire state, the democrats to run him.

Senator Platt refuses to say whether Gov. Odell's majority in November will be 60,000 or 75,000. Perhaps he is willing to accept 135,000 as a compromise.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw says each passenger from Europe can bring in $100 worth of baled hay if he likes. But people don't go to Europe for baled hay.

It is barely possible that Gov. Jelks, democrat, nominated to succeed himself in Alabama, will be reelected, but he can't expect people of other states to admire that name.

The John and Priscilla Aldens will hold a reunion at Binghamton, N. Y., on Friday. Mrs. Alden will be remembered as the woman who proposed to the man she afterwards married.

King Oscar of Sweden has gained renown as a life saver. He manfully threw off his coat and heroically watched some common people rescue certain persons who had fallen into the drink.

The boats containing the reporters at the coming maneuvers in and around Long Island sound are to be regarded as the enemy and chased out to sea. But the scribes will get the news all the same, as is their habit.

If We Just Pull Through.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

Though we seldom reap the riches—
Though they're always just in view,
We'll be happy as creation
If we
Just
Pull
Through!

Though the recompense is little
For the tasks—the deeds to do,
We may find the balm and blessing
If we
Just
Pull
Through!

Though no lofty seat in glory
May be ours beyond the blue,
We will all shout hallelula
If we
Just
Pull
Through!

Reason for Rejoicing.

That nature orders all things well
We may rejoice with reason;
We do not make election bets
With panamas in season.

St. Louis Star.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

AS we were remarking, when the doctor interrupted us, the prospects for a cool summer are really excellent.

THE world's largest ship has been launched again in Germany. The oldest mason is due for another death.

A FINE exhibition of nerve is Dr. Hyatt, the weather mixer at St. Louis, asserting that that city has the finest climate in the world. Dr. Hyatt and a thermometer had their pictures taken in a group.

NO, Genevieve, a morganatic marriage is not one controlled by J. Pierpont. He has nothing to do with the match trust.

NEW incorporation: The Nervous Prostration club of Chicago; devoted to the suppressing of noise and lights and the encouraging of the low voice and the mezzotint.

THE latest addition to the supreme bench is a mere lad. He was born in '41.

HAD HIS CASTERS ON.

High Ball was looking over old landmarks Friday.—West Liberty (Ia.) Ruralist.

THE last Harper's Weekly in an editorial comparing English and American business men notes the fact, which everybody knows, that the American works more and plays less. A hustling person from "the states," whom we ran upon recently in Port Arthur, Ont., assured us that his Canadian friends came down to their offices at 11 a. m. But he exaggerated the matter. They really get to work at 10 o'clock.

HERE'S your morning paper! All about the new murder mystery! The persons that connect epidemics of crime with hot weather will have to revise their theories to include wet weather.

Weather prediction for today and Thursday:

DESPITE the use of automatic car couplers, 103 persons were killed and 1,598 injured during nine months ending April 1. Railroad men heed the warning, "Look Out for the Cars," less than the market-going farmer.

WRITE US FOR OPEN TIME.

Hon. Alf. Taylor has come and gone. For an hour and fifteen minutes, without the loss of a second, this matchless master of classics and rhetoric, with skill and ease, traversed the mystic wonderland of "Poetry and Pearls"—a genuine master of that rhythmic realm. With the gorgeous baldrick of the heavenly sky he gave tone and color to the jewels of the deep. He invaded with gentle tread the realm of woman and demonstrated with magic words her complete mastery over man. From the silvery midnight moon he extracted the fair saffron glow and placed it in the heart of the opal of the orient. He dipped his brush into the beautiful red of the western zone and imparted its brightness to the amethyst. He took the white light from the god of day and with carbon point gave to the diamond its never dying luster.—Temple (Tex.) Haymaker.

THREE men that held up a stage coach at Mazatlan, Mex., and double-leaded the driver are "supposed to have been bandits." If they were not there's a chance for a libel suit.

ABSENT-MINDED smokers who average about ten matches to the pipe will be glad to know that the Diamond Match company has bought 65,000 acres of pine land in California.

IN the position to which he has been called there is no danger of Oliver Wendell Holmes being "as funny as he can," a temptation that constantly dangled before the author of the Autocrat.

WHERE THE HASH IS GENIAL.

For genial private board in house, call on Thomas H. Mattingly, corner Second and Chestnut streets, Bardstown, Ky.—Nelson County (Ky.) Record.

A WISCONSIN legislator has introduced a bill for the suppressing of "fish stories." It was a Nebraska solon that drew up a bill making ground hog day a legal holiday.

NOTICE TO SOUBRETTES.

Mr. J. Chumpleigh Chauffeur, the Shore Drive Terror, wishes to announce that his family has gone to Lake Geneva, and that his soubrette wagon is at liberty for a limited time.

UNDER the prospective Wisconsin statute against "fish stories" Mayor Harrison will have to save his yarns for Chicago consumption.

WE should be glad to contribute to the coronation fund, but we're at the wrong end of vacation time.

REPORTS on the Danish elections in the Faroe islands neglect to state whether they were played "coppered" or "open."

WHERE there is a great deal of smoke there must be some fire, runs the proverb. But an Indiana gentleman, suing for divorce, says Goldie smoked cigarets all day and there was nothing doing in the cook stove.

THERE are a number of "private citizens" that make almost as much noise as Mr. Bryan.

LIGHT REFRESHMENTS.

Arrived at custom house, for "immediate consumption": One case of balloons.

NEVERTHELESS considerable "Deestrick" real estate will cling to Cap. Streeter, unless the court orders out the hosecart.

DOES the esteemed kaiser regard handsome young women as another "American Terror"?

ONE young board of trade man spent his vacation at home, sleeping until noon each day. You can't beat that for a rest cure.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE!

A lady presser wanted at Yerbury's dye works.—Rock Island Union.

JUSTICE HOLMES is also an author. His sprightly edition of "Kent's Commentaries" will be remembered by all lovers of hammock literature.

RECENT experience leads us to suspect that the inventor of the phrase, "to pound your ear," used a balsam pillow. It weighs something less than fifty pounds.

THE anarchist that jumped overboard from an Italian steamer died a horrible death—for an anarchist.

KANSAS and Colorado are warring over the ownership of a lot of water. You never hear of Kentucky getting up that sort of a row.

APROPOS of the discussion over the national flower, what's the matter with the buckwheat?

OF course the laundry girls struck when the iron was hot. If they didn't this ought to make 'em.

A PRETTY New York girl is held to be insane because she fancies there is a wide demand for her kisses. Rather poor evidence.

WHEN we get a little more in touch with the news of the day we hope to understand what the canal war is all about.

NOW, then—right off the reel—name five justices of the United States Supreme court.

UNDER what shell is the Cap Streeter pea this morning? Don't make a reckless guess.

IF there were only some way of boiling pleasure yachts to make them harmless!

GIRLS, isn't it a shame? Arthur Hug has been indicted by the federal grand jury.

MR. ROOSEVELT speaks Chinese as fluently as Prince Chen speaks English.

THE Grand Duke Boris is on his way to Chicago. Let's hope he won't.

BOIL your vegetables! The health board says they're bad for you raw.

THE laundry men expect to put a finish on the laundry girls' union.

IT looks as if were should have to eat butter.

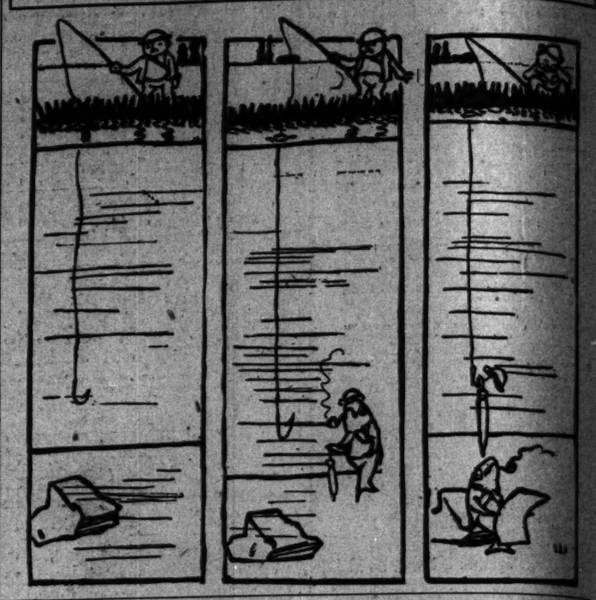
MR. WALZ thinks it will be partly clean today.

WHEELS within wheels at Kankakee.

WELL, how much do you weigh now?

B. L. T.

INSOLENCE OF THE BLACK BASS.



Plea for the Suspender.

[From the New York Sun.]

He jauntily swung down the gay thoroughfare,
And he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.
A shirt waisted dandy of species not rare,
And he met the shy glances of maids bright and fair,
As he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.
He saw his best girl stepping down from a car,
He started to greet her, but e'er he got far,
He gave
To his trousers
A hitch.
He said to himself, "For once I am in it,
I want to propose, but how shall I begin it?"
And he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.
But sad to relate, she his offer declined,
And he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.
He whistled and said, "O, well, never mind,"
And he sauntered away some solace to find,
As he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.

. . . . . .

The next time they met suspenders he wore,
And his trousers
They needed
No hitch.
She said, "Dear Jack, I've been thinking it o'er,
And I'm sure I don't feel quite the same as before."
(Now his trousers
They needed
No hitch.)
But e'er he could cry, "You are mine evermore!"
His hands wildly clutched at his belt as of yore,
And he gave
To his trousers
A hitch.

When Is a Man Wise?

[Washington Correspondence New York Evening Post.]

What age brings with it of wisdom on the one hand or irresponsibility on the other depends largely on the point of view. The recent unfortunate slip of Gen. Bragg's pen regarding the Cubans was under discussion the other day, in the presence of your correspondent, between two men, both of whom had seen, in their time, a good deal of public life.

"I am sorry for Bragg," remarked one of them, "but he is far too old to be placed in a position of the delicacy of that of consul general in Cuba at this stage."

"I am not so sure of that," answered the other. "I was once, as a youngster, with President Lincoln and Secretary Seward when the latter was urging that a certain diplomatic mission requiring the ripest and soundest judgment should be given to a certain man he had selected. Mr. Lincoln inquired how old the candidate was, and was told that he was past middle life. The president shook his head.

"'He won't do,' said he; 'he's too old for such a post. I should be too old for it; you would be too old for it, Seward.'

"'No,' answered Seward, equally earnestly, 'the trouble is just the other way. I am not old enough to fill it properly; I never shall be old enough.'"

Cheer Up.

[From the Baltimore American.]

Cheer up! The rose is redder
Than the ones we saw last year;
The mockbird's song is sweeter
And happier to hear;
The grass is getting brighter,
And fairer yet to see—
The world is growing better
Than it ever used to be.

Cheer up! The sky is bluer
Than it was a year ago;
The very smiles are gladder
And have a richer glow;
The raining and the sunshine
Are helping you and me—
The world is growing better
Than it ever used to be.

Cheer up! The rose is sweeter,
The birds have newer songs;
We find more things to please us,
And dream of fewer wrongs.
There's always lots of honey,
So let's be like the bee—
The world is growing better
For folks like you and me.

Eccentricities of Greatness.

[From the Newark News.]

President Roosevelt speaks English fluently.

Senator Hanna frequently eats eggs for breakfast.

Grover Cleveland signs all his letters in ink.

Mrs. Carrie Catt, the woman's suffragist, takes a parasol with her when she goes walking.

Richard Harding Davis, the young novelist, has a habit of closing his eyes every time he sleeps.

Senator Dryden keeps a checkbook in his inside pocket.

David B. Hill brushes his hair several times a day.

William Jennings Bryan wears two leather shoes, one on each foot.

No Rest for Roosevelt.

[From the New York Times.]

"What can I do for you?" asked President Roosevelt, when he was intercepted on a walk at Oyster Bay by some reporters.

"Your subjects crave an audience," said one of the newspaper men, seeking to be facetious.

"Subjects!" exclaimed the president, with a trace of annoyance in his voice. "I seem to be the subject. You boys go on your vacations, and even that mighty potentate, the managing editor, can't reach you, but the president of the United States knows no such immunity. He is at all times a subject for interviewers, for photographers, and for office seekers.

"But," added the president, his mood changing, "I seem to thrive on it. Now, fire away."

THE WIT OF BARRYMORE.

Maurice Barrymore, actor, who is dying slowly of paresis, is a man who never ran so long as there were entertaining conversations ready to talk and listen, a man who was never at a loss for an answer. If his witticisms were collected they would fill a book and lose half their charm. Probably he never uttered many of the clever things attributed to him, but there never was an epigram too brilliant for Barrymore to have made it. Some were bitter as gall and as fine had no more sting in them than a butterfly. But all of them showed that he possessed a remarkable mind.

He was essentially a combatant and a chivalrous man. He loved a fight, intellectual or physical, for its own sake. Once, when he was livid with rage over a reflection cast upon a woman he knew, a friend asked him why he restrained himself.

"Every blow struck in defense of a woman is a dent in her reputation," was Barrymore's reply.

He could be severe with women, too. Once he was playing with a "star" whose life was notorious. He quietly reproached her during a scene for flirting with a man in a box.

"Mr. Barrymore," she demanded, furiously, "have you never known what it is to be associated with ladies?"

"Yes," said Barrymore, easily, "I was born and I am married."

"I said ladies, sir! ladies!"

Barrymore grew white with anger, but the quick mind brought the bitterest retort he ever made.

"O, dear me, yes," he said. "I understand. You mean demi-monde. Yes, I knew them also."

He was once at a table with a young woman who wanted to taste absinthe. She wrinkled her brows for a few moments and then said:

"It is like something I had when I was a child. I mean it's just like paregoric."

"You are quite right," remarked Barrymore. "Absinthe is the paregoric of second childhood."

Many were the passages he had with his wife, Georgie Drew Barrymore, whose wit was as keen as his. She was a convert to the Catholic church. One morning, when he was coming home from an all night session, he met her at the door starting forth for early mass.

"Just getting in, Mrs. Barrymore?" he inquired, politely.

"No; I am going to church, while you, sir, are going to the devil."

He once had a dispute with a boastful bully in the St. James café, who declared:

"If I had you in Texas I'd blow your head off."

"Then your courage is a matter of longitude," observed Barrymore, sweetly.

He was once on his way to the Catskills for a holiday when he fell in with three other men.

"I am an actor, broken down by overwork, seeking health and rest," he said.

"I am a business man, going to the mountains for the same reason," explained one of his new acquaintances.

"And I am an engineer, also broken down by work," said the second.

"And you, sir, are in the same boat with us?" was asked the third.

"No, I am not. I am going to the hills for pleasure. I don't work. I am a gentleman."

"And plainly on a vacation," added Barrymore.

At one time "Barry" became interested in Christian Science. A physician said to him:

"I suppose, 'Barry,' you would throw physic to the dogs?"

"Not good dogs," he returned, gravely.

There was a painting called "Summer" in the Players' club that had been severely criticised. One evening Barrymore was listening to a discussion on the prodigality of actors and the nearness of the idle season.

"Why don't you save your money like me? But cheer up, boys; summer is not half as bad as it is painted."

When Steele Mackaye told Barrymore that he would never become a great actor until he experienced a great sorrow or a thrilling experience, the retort came in a flash:

"Write a play for me, Steele, and I shall get both."

"Don't Get Rich, Papa."

[Alfred J. Waterhouse in Success.]

A baby in a palace
Went pattering here and there,
And the nurse was paid to heed her
And to keep her in her care.
But she was not paid—'twere folly—
To love the baby, too.
So the baby in the palace
Missed—what she hardly knew.

A baby in a cottage,
A tiny blossom, grew.
The warmth of mother kisses,
A father's love, she knew.
The sunshine of affection
Was o'er her in her play;
So the baby in the cottage
Was happy all the day.

For the baby in the cottage
Wealth set a snare one day,
Saying softly: "Here's a palace;
In it you may live and play."
But the baby missed the kisses
And the old time loving way;
So she gravely urged her father:
"P'ease don't oo get rich, I say."

O, babies in the palaces,
With all, save love, to bless;
O, babies in the cottages,
Who smile to love's caress,
I wonder, O, I wonder,
If you could speak today,
Would you not teach us higher lore,
And, "Don't get rich," would say?

For the Benefit of Cupid.

Celia—"O, we had a delightful time at Ophelia's announcement party."

Delia—"What did you do?"

Celia—"She had us submit sealed guesses as to the man she is engaged to; the girl who guessed right is to be maid of honor."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Looks That Way.

"Why is it," said the self-conscious young man who is to be married, "that all the world loves a lover?"

"Perhaps," answered the coarse and cynical person, "it is because love is such a fool."—Washington Star.

CHICAGO WEDDING IN EAST

MRS. RICHARDSON MARRIED TO MR. LOCKWOOD HONORE.

Ceremony Takes Place at Nickerson Residence on Cape Cod—Couple Start for Boston and Find Chairs in Car Decorated with Gaudy Ribbons, While Engineer Keeps Whistle Shrieking as the Train Leaves — Only a Dozen Guests Present.

East Brewster, Mass., Aug. 12.—[Special.] Mr. Lockwood Honoré and Mrs. Nettie Crosby Richardson of Chicago were married at noon today at the Pines, the summer home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Nickerson. The ceremony took place in the reception room of the Nickerson house, which was the home of Mrs. Richardson's father, Isaac Crosby. The Rev. Mr. Inwes, the aged pastor of the Brewster Unitarian church, performed the ceremony. Only a dozen guests were present. They were Mrs. Addie Crosby, mother of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Nickerson, Mr. and Mrs. Roland C. Nickerson, the bride's cousins, with their children, Samuel and Helen Nickerson, who are summering at Brewster; Mrs. U. H. Crosby of Brewster and Mr. Osborne Nickerson of Chatham; Mr. Adrian Honoré of Chicago, a brother of the groom; Mrs. Fred Grant of Chicago, his sister; Mr. Potter Palmer Jr. of Chicago; Mrs. William Washburn of Greenfield, Mass., a cousin of the bride; and Mr. Mason of Boston, who played the wedding march.

An elaborate breakfast was served. The couple left for Boston on the afternoon train. The bride's cousin, Roland C. Nickerson, arranged with the porter of the drawing room car to decorate the chairs reserved for the bride and groom with a mass of gaudy ribbon, and his arrangements were carried out to the letter. The engineer was asked to use his steam whistle to its utmost power, and he made the quiet East Brewster pines ring as the train pulled through the town's limits.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—An announcement is made that Frank O. Suire, a well known Cincinnati attorney, and Miss Marion Lindsay, daughter of former United States Senator William Lindsay of Kentucky, will be married on Saturday at Wequetonsing, Mich. The groom to be is a member of the Queen City club, the Business Men's club, and of the Pillars. After a wedding trip north he will return with his bride to their new home on East Walnut Hill, this city.

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Mrs. O. W. Potter to Give a Tea Next Saturday Afternoon at Lake Geneva.

An innovation in the social life at Lake Geneva will be Mrs. O. W. Potter's tea next Saturday afternoon at Alta Vista farm. So long has it been since invitations to a tea have been sent around the lake that the last one is almost a tradition. Mrs. Potter gives a tea for Dr. and Mrs. Gilman. The invitations include all the summer colony at the lake and their guests, and, as almost every house has a week end party, it will be a large affair. The Potter place is one of the largest at Lake Geneva, and the family has gone there every summer for twenty years. Mrs. S. B. Chapin, Mrs. Hutchins, and Mrs. J. C. Daniels will preside at the tea table, which will be trimmed with pink flowers.

Shuffleboard has supplanted pingpong as an after dinner amusement at the Onwentsia club. "Bachelors' evening" will be celebrated next Friday with an old fashioned shuffleboard contest. The bachelors staying at the club have given two prizes for mixed pairs, the ladies to select partners.

Yesterday was ladies' day at Homewood Midlothian, and Glen View Golf clubs. The fine weather brought out large crowds, and there was a corresponding gayety indoors for dinners and dancing in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harris Peak announce the marriage yesterday of their daughter, Miss Bertina Kate Peak, to Mr. Paul Charles Gause. The wedding was private. Mr. and Mrs. Gause will be at home after Nov. 15 at 29 Elaine place.

Only relatives witnessed the marriage last evening of Miss Clara Schlesinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Schlesinger, to Mr. Oscar J. Friedman. The ceremony was performed at 6:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, 2806 Michigan avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. David Russell Niver, 321 South Euclid avenue, Oak Park, have issued invitations to the marriage of their niece, Miss Kathryn Abbott, to Mr. Charles Merritt Cartwright on Thursday evening, Aug. 28, at 8:30 o'clock. The maid of honor will be the bride's sister, Miss Elizabeth Lillian Abbott of Cincinnati, and the best man will be John Odell Cartwright of Waynesville, O., the bridegroom's brother. The officiating clergyman will be Dr. A. R. Thain of Wauwatosa, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd S. Logan of 3906 Lake avenue, accompanied by Col. and Mrs. James R. Henry of Indianapolis, will leave today for Mackinac.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lynch have a party on their yacht for a cruise of the lakes. Their niece, Miss Lelia Lynch, is with them.

Miss Jessie Semple of Milwaukee is visiting her brother, E. H. Semple of the Chicago Athletic club.

Mrs. S. C. Southwick of 738 West Jackson boulevard gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Flora Zabelle of the King Dodo company.

Mr. and Mrs. Melville E. Stone and Miss Bessie Stone will sail for home from Liverpool on Aug. 15.

William G. Beale recently arrived at the Hotel Königsville, Franzenbad.

ERECT MONUMENT TO EXPLORER

Members of a Kansas Historical Society Commemorate the Coronado Expedition from Mexico.

Junction City, Kas., Aug. 12.—A monument was unveiled today for the Quivira Historical society in honor of Coronado's expedition in 1541. The location, a mile from this city, was decided upon several years ago by a number of leading archæologists of the United States as being the approximate center of Quivira, the territory which Coronado visited in his march from Mexico in search of gold. The monument, which is eighteen feet high, was erected by Capt. Robert Henderson on his farm. A national salute was fired by a battery from Fort Riley, and addresses were delivered by Warren Upham of St. Paul, Minn.; F. W. Hodge of the Smithsonian Institution; E. E. Blackman, Lincoln, Neb.; Col. D. R. Anthony, Leavenworth, Kas.; and others.

Fails to Get Out of Reformatory.

The petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed in Judge Kavanagh's court by James Mortimore was refused yesterday. The case is considered important, as it stops the run on the reformatory that started on the same grounds as in the penitentiary cases. Mortimore was sent up in 1896 for burglary and was paroled in 1898 and in 1899. He claimed that the reformatory officials made no declaration of delinquency. The record of the case was produced and it showed that such a declaration had been made.

YE FASHION CORNER

The sandal fad is spreading.

Lustrous duchesse satins, brocades, and filmy laces conjure up lovely gowns for June brides.

The ultra fashionable thing in coachmen's summer headgear is the approved winter hat dulled in straw, white, black or brown.

The acme of luxury and elegance in white dress goods is reached in the sheer muslin inset, with bands of Valenciennes lace embroidered with arabesques.

The stylish attractions of the various kinds of lawn, striped, embroidered, and with narrow silk stripes, as though ribbon-run, are now generally set forth.

Paris is wearing the bird-of-paradise feather, but it does not wave above the hat as heretofore. The showing is a fine white straw with a black feather sweeping around the crown at right. Black chiffon is gracefully folded around the right side, and a fold encircles the underband, at the back of which a black velvet bow falls over the hair.

FORMER GREAT TRAGEDIENNE BELIEVED DYING

MME. FRANCESCA JANAUSCHEK.

Mme. Janauschek, who was stricken with paralysis three years ago, is critically ill in a boarding house at Saratoga, N. Y., where she was taken in 1899 from her home in Brooklyn, and her friends have small hopes of a rally from the latest attack. The once "Queen of Tragedy" is now 72 years old. It is fifty-two years since she made her début in Germany as Iphigenia. Born in Bohemia and educated in Germany, where she won her first triumphs, Mme. Janauschek turned next to Russia, where she made a distinguished success, and at Moscow played before the emperor himself, who presented her with valuable diamonds. She was 37 years old before she thought of learning English and coming to this country, which since 1867 has practically been her home. For the first four years of her stay in this country she played in German, and then, at the age of 41, she seriously began the study of the English language with the idea of making her home here. In 1874 she made a tour of England and Germany, which added to her laurels, returning later to the United States. In private life Mme. Janauschek is known as Mrs. Frederick Pilot.

LETTER OF THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

[Copyright, 1902, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.]

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S forthcoming visit to the Polish provinces of his dominions for the purpose of attending the military maneuvers there will be characterized by features which will invest it with the appearance of the entry of a victorious general into a conquered country. For he has curtly declined any official welcome on the part of the municipal authorities, who, will, therefore, be conspicuous by their absence.

The emperor's reception will be exclusively military, and he will ride at the head of his troops into the city of Posen, which is the capital of the province, and where the police have received peremptory orders not to allow any window to remain open or any balcony to be occupied along the route which he traverses.

This is, of course, a measure of precaution, as feeling amongst the Polish nationalists of high and low degree against him is so bitter at the present moment that there is the danger that some fanatic or crank might fire a pistol or a rifle or else hurl a bomb at him from either open window or balcony as he passes by in the streets below on horseback.

Still, at the same time the adoption of such precautions do not suggest much mutual confidence between the sovereign and his lieges and smack of Russian terrorism or of Japan in its unregenerate days, when it meant death for any one to gaze at the mikado from above—that is to say, from either window or balcony.

Another feature of Emperor William's visit to Poland is that none of the local magnates and territorial nobility will be at their châteaux to do the honors to the royal personages, the generals, and the officers quartered beneath their roof during the great military maneuvers.

As a general rule the presence of military guests thus quartered upon one by the law of the land during the annual maneuvers constitutes a pretext for lavish hospitality, patriotic festivities, and much entertainment. The owner of the establishment, be it a magnificent country seat, a small villa, or a mere cottage, is only too delighted to act the part of host.

But this year in Poland it will be quite different. True, the châteaux will be opened to receive the royalties and military dignitaries quartered there by the quartermaster general's department. But, as in France in 1870 at the time of the German invasion, there will be none but servants to welcome the unwelcome guests and to attend to their wants, and only menials will be left to do the honors.

The authorities at Berlin and likewise the members of the imperial family are uneasy about this Polish trip of the kaiser, and have brought every kind of pressure to bear in order to induce him to abandon it, fearing that some attempt may be made to assassinate him. But their arguments have been in vain and have only had the effect of rendering William more determined than ever to show himself in his Polish provinces.

In view of the termination of the trial of the Arab assassins of the Marquis de Mores at Susa, it may be well to draw attention to the fact that the proceedings in court have demonstrated the complete falsity of the charges openly made at Paris that the murder of De Mores was instigated by political adversaries among his fellow countrymen.

De Mores had rendered himself conspicuous by his almost fanatic hostility towards the Jews, and by his opposition to the government of the day. He posed as the champion of the church, and of what is known in France as the nationalist cause, with so much success that today wide belief is accorded to the stories circulated by his political associates and by the foes of the government to the effect that he was purposely put out of the way by the latter through the agency of some Arab tribesmen, who merely acted in obedience to orders.

As a proof of this ridiculous assertion, it is pointed out that the government officials, especially in Tunis and in Algeria, placed every obstacle in the way of the execution of his hare brained project of making his way from Tunis across the Sahara in order to join the now defunct mahdi at Omdurman on the Nile, and thus to strike a blow at British interests there.

It is perfectly true that the French authorities did endeavor to prevent him from embarking on such a foolhardy expedition, for which he was completely unfitted, having no knowledge whatsoever of Arab character or of desert life. Indeed, the French military authorities in northern Africa did everything in their line short of locking him up. It is a pity that they did not resort to this extreme measure. For in that event De Mores probably would still be alive and his American wife would not be mourning his death as a widow.

The French officials in Algeria and Tunis were thoroughly aware of the perils by which De Mores would be confronted and of the certainty of his being overtaken by disaster. What they did was merely to preserve him from the fate which they were convinced awaited him.

That is what the evidence produced at the trial of his assassins went to show, and it is to be hoped that henceforth the insinuations which have been current concerning the causes of his death will be dropped.

The French authorities in northern Africa merely acted in the same way that English were wont to do in Egypt or in the Sudan before the overthrow of the mahdi. The Anglo-Egyptian forces on the Nile valley had a certain line of outposts, and beyond that line no white man was allowed to go, not even at his own risk. If he attempted to do so he was promptly arrested and sent down the river to Cairo under strong escort. For Lord Kitchener and his subordinates well knew that if any white man straying beyond the British lines were to fall into the hands of the mahdi and be killed it would be they who would be charged with the responsibility of his death.

They had before them the case of that former leader of the Paris cummune, Olivier Pain, who endeavored away back in 1884 to reach the mahdi from Cairo for the purpose of helping him against the English. Twice Pain was turned back by the Anglo-Egyptian outposts, sent back to Cairo under arrest, and warned that his project entailed certain death. The third time he managed to elude the English frontier guard, and, reaching one of the dervish strongholds, was promptly put to death there by the then leader of the mahdi's forces. Pain was a spy, his story of his wish to help the insurgents against the English being discredited and ridiculed.

Yet for years afterwards, even the most respectable organs of the French press, were accustomed to assert freely that Olivier Pain had been put to death through the agency of the English, who were alarmed as to what he might be able to do against them at Omdurman.

There is a certain timeliness in drawing attention to this just now. . . . For the fact that people's lives are not entirely their own to risk, has been conclusively shown in the case of Miss Stone, the American missionary, for whose release from the captivity in which she was held by Macedonian brigands so large a ransom had to be paid. She had been warned by the Turkish authorities not to venture into certain districts, known to be infested at the time by Macedonians bandits. Yet she persisted in going her way. If the Turkish government arrested her for disregarding not only its warnings but also its commands, it would have been perfectly justified, according to French practice in northern Africa and English custom in Egypt, and it would have spared itself all sorts of obloquy and trouble, as well as charges of misgovernment, and of financial responsibility for the ransom paid for her release. When persons insist on embarking upon foolhardy enterprises calculated to endanger life, the government has the right to treat them as lunatics and to place them under restraint to the extent at any rate of preventing them from putting their projects into execution. It is well enough for the individuals in question to claim as they do that they are prepared to assume themselves the risk of their lives and to renounce all claim upon the government for protection. Popular sentiment will not allow this, and declines to absolve the authorities from responsibility in the matter.

No one, save those immediately concerned, can realize the immense pressure brought to bear upon the governments of the United States and of the sublime porte at the time of Miss Stone's captivity, it being held that it was the duty of both governments to secure her release no matter at what cost. And the money actually paid for her ransom represents only a fraction of the cost actually entailed by her disregard of warnings from Ottoman and United States consular authorities.

An extraordinary case of military despotism, which may lead to international complication, has just taken place in Bavaria. Nearly twenty years ago Adolf Weber emigrated from Augsburg to the United States a few months before attaining the age at which he would have become liable for military service.

After spending some time in New York and Chicago engaged in journalism, he drifted down to Mexico, where he quickly acquired both wealth and position, so much so that last winter he was appointed by the Mexican government to be its consul at Munich. It seems that some of his relatives or former friends notified the military authorities of his having left the country as a lad without fulfilling his military duty, and in consequence thereof he was arrested in the Mexican consulate at Munich as a deserter from the Bavarian army, and despite his protests and plea for clemency was sentenced to seven months' imprisonment at hard labor to be followed by the several years' service in the German army, which he would have been obliged to perform had he not left the country as a youth.

Consuls, it must be remembered, do not enjoy the same exterritorial immunities as diplomats, and are liable to arrest whenever they are guilty of an infraction of the laws of the land in which they are stationed.

Facts About Colorado.

An interesting pamphlet, "Facts About Colorado," is issued by the Chicago and Northwestern railway, which contains in condensed form much information concerning railroad rates, hotel accommodations, stage lines, hunting, fishing, the wonderful climate, and inspiring scenery for which Colorado is famous. Copy to any address for 2 cent stamp, or call at ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

MR. KIPLING goes about perpetually, it would seem, with a chip on his shoulder. He built a house in Vermont, it may be remembered, and then quarreled with his brother-in-law, moved away after a short time, and put the property on the market, where, by the way, it still is. During the brief time he lived there he succeeded, so it was reported, in making himself so disagreeable to his neighbors that they all felt relieved when he left for good. Now, again, he has engaged in a feud with his neighbors at Rottingdean, his English home, and left in high dudgeon. He quarreled with his aunt, the widow of Sir Edward Burne-Jones, who is a violent pro-Boer, but when a mob attacked her place because Barbara Frietchie-like she displayed a south African flag, he gallantly came to her rescue. The villagers, however, forgot his jingo feelings and visited their wrath on him. He therefore pulled out of Rottingdean and bought a place near Tunbridge Wells. He should live in a van. It would be less expensive.

Another American author has announced his intention of going into politics. THE TRIBUNE'S telegraph columns of July 23 contained an account of a reception to his fellow townsmen given by Winston Churchill at his home in Cornish, N. H. Mr. Churchill aspires modestly to the state legislature, an honor once enjoyed by the late Charles H. Hoyt, the farce writer, who also lived in New Hampshire. Mr. Churchill regaled his fellow citizens at a lawn fête or something of the sort, and the announcement of his candidacy made then by a friend was received with great enthusiasm. The local "boss" says there is no doubt of the author's nomination and election, and he added that an election to congress would then be in order. We have no means of knowing Mr. Churchill's qualifications to enter politics, but the infusion of the literary element into congress or even a state legislature might not be a bad thing. It was said some time ago that Booth Tarkington had similar aspirations, but they seem to have gone glimmering, although it was alleged that no less a person than the president himself favored Mr. Tarkington as a statesman. American authors have not been prone to leave the study for the forum, few of them ever taking active part in public affairs. Congressman Everett of Massachusetts was the last of any note, and he was more of a pedagogue than an author. Senator Lodge was an author even before he entered congress, and there have been other bookish lawmakers at Washington, but there has never been anything like the proportion of such men as is to be found in the English parliament.

The death of his aged helpmeet last week leaves the blind poet, Richard Henry Stoddard, in a pitiable plight. His sight is practically gone, he is so infirm from rheumatism and other bodily ailments that he needs constant attention and aid, and, it is not indelicate to add, that he is not overprovided with this world's goods, although he has friends who will see that he does not want for the comforts of life. The home life of the Stoddards was one of the greatest happiness and congeniality, although Mr. Stoddard was harnessed to book work for the greater part of his manhood. They had hosts of friends, and their parlors were always a popular meeting place. One of Eugene Field's most characteristic poems dealt with the delight of a visit to the Stoddards' on a Sunday night. The death of their talented son within the last year was almost the first sorrow that had come to the old couple. The long life of Mr. Stoddard has been passed in literary drudgery, and so great was the necessity for labor that he had little chance to exploit his own creative work in verse and essay form. Had he had the leisure, his delicate, poetic fancy would surely have given him a higher place as a poet than will now be assigned to him. His wife in her earlier years wrote three novels, which were recently reprinted in the east. She assisted her husband in much of his literary work.

The editor of the Los Angeles Express has sent to this office a marked editorial article headed "Queer Literary Coincidences." It relates to the fact that the July Century, 1902, the San Francisco Argonaut of July 21, 1902, and the Black Cat of November, 1901, each had a story by different authors, but all dealing with the same incident. The coincidence is remarkable enough, but it is scarcely worth the attention the Los Angeles editor gives it and hardly justifies his insinuations. Magazine editors are only human, and it is strange that they are not imposed upon oftener. Not that there was necessarily any imposition in this case. But why shouldn't three magazines publish stories on the same theme? What's the harm?

An advertisement in a German magazine contains this description of a gentleman: "A gentleman does not use eau-de-cologne and read greasy volumes from a circulating library. A gentleman does not borrow good works which he is in a position to buy. A gentleman does not talk about the latest literature when he is acquainted only with what is said of it by the reviewers. A gentleman does not cut books with his fingers, even after having washed his hands. A gentleman does not buy only sixpenny cheap editions."

It is pleasant in these days to come upon a writer of bounding optimism. Such a man is the author of an article in the August Book News, who finds that "there are many signs of promise in American fiction. The best contemporary novelists are devoting themselves to the study of American life from a new standpoint—a view free from the trammels of European literary dogma—and this departure from the conventional methods which prevailed in the recent past is developing among us a fiction marked by a vigor and freshness which in some stories newly published attains excellence. The short story, too, has flourished exceedingly in America, and has arrived at a degree of finished art which makes it a notable division of our literature."

There certainly have been signs of promise in our fiction in the last few years, although the curse of the old European novels is still strong on our writers. The author of the Book News article continues:

"But America is moving swiftly into an epoch when we shall be ripe in experience—when to our eyes the world will take on a different aspect than it has had hitherto. That this new time means much for literature must be obvious enough to any one who considers the question. What the character of that literature will be we cannot now determine. We may feel sure, however, that no matter what is hidden from us at present, the magnificent energy of the American race, with its gift of humor and its love for what is great and free, will at some time find expression in books which, by their beauty and charm and truth, will win a permanent place in literature. Such a consummation, one thinks, must be devoutly hoped for by all who seek to advance the dignity of American letters."

It will be strange if out of the new era of national and commercial life which we are just entering there does not come something strong in every department of life.

In the Cornhill for July an anonymous writer has considerable fun with Stephen Phillips, under the title of "New Dialogue of the Dead." Aristotle has shown a copy of Phillips' book to Odysseus, who on seeing it says:

"Ulysses"—why Ulysses?
'Twas by that name that Cicero used to call me,
Until I asked him how he'd like it if
I were to call him Markos Toullios.
Well, let that pass. . . .

He begins reading the drama, but the poets' attributing Ulysses' achievements to heavenly intervention makes him angry, and the following colloquy between him and Aristotle occurs:

Aristotle: . . . Poetic license, as you'll soon remark,
Shows how you shot the suitors—in the dark;
Or how, for instance—
Odysseus: Does your rule apply
To the exalted phraseology
Which Mr. Phillips suffers me to use?
As when I talk of perils by the sea
(An element I never really liked)
As of "The white leap and the dance of doom,"
Or call the beach "The glorying shingle"—eh?
This may be beautiful, I don't deny—
Aristotle: But, you would add, 'tis pitched a trifle high.
As M. Zola isn't here as yet
I may presume the maxim to recall
That truth and beauty are identical.
What! aren't you pleased with this—"Upon this isle
Set in the glassy ocean's azure swoon?"
Odysseus: Gree; Aristarchus! what's an azure swoon?
Can swoons be azure?
Aristotle: . . . Ay—as moons are blue.
Be sure the beautiful is still the true.
Take then Penelope's appeal to you:
"Come, come, Ulysses! Burn back through the world!
Come, take the broad seas in one mighty leap!"
Odysseus: Moving, no doubt; but most improbable.
No; I can answer, positive and flat,
Penelope would never have said that;
Penelope, whate'er her faults might be,
Was always eminently sensible.
This high toned style, these phrases picturesque,
They savor something of the writing desk.
Now, e'en in Homer (and you've heard me state
That Homer sometimes was inaccurate)
When we'd a plain, unvarnished thing to say
We said it in a plain, unvarnished way.
Aristotle: That was in epic; this is in a play.
I've said, when making in a bygone age
Critiques (since published) of th' Athenian stage,
That when a man a tragedy would write
Pity and terror he must still excite;
Some do this by the plot, and some prefer
To do it by the play of character;
While others entertain the firm conviction
Terror and pity should be roused by diction.
This latter, I'm informed, is now the fashion—
And, on the whole, it does arouse compassion.

LITERARY NOTES.

Houghton, Mifflin & Co. announce the following fiction for publication during September: "A Sea Turn," a new collection of short stories, by Thomas Bailey Aldrich; "The Diary of a Saint," by Arlo Bates; "A Downrenter's Son," a story of New York sixty years ago, by Ruth Hall; a new and complete edition of Maria S. Cummins' ever popular novel, "The Lamplighter," and the following juvenile fiction: "The Champion," by Charles Egbert Craddock; "The Flag on the Hilltop," by Mary Tracy Earle; and "Lois Mallet's Dangerous Gift," by Mary Catherine Lee. In the department of history, biography, and essays, they will publish next month John Fiske's last work, "New France and New England"; Lockhart's "Life of Scott," in a fine new edition of five volumes; "Nathaniel Hawthorne," by Prof. George E. Woodberry; "American Navigation," by William W. Bates; and "Eternalism," by Orlando J. Smith.

Archer Butler Hulbert, author of "The Queen of Quelparte," which Little, Brown & Co. will publish in September, is enjoying a bicycle trip abroad, accompanied by Mrs. Hulbert. The material for this romance of the far east was obtained by the author when in Corea, in 1897 to 1898, as editor of the Corean Independent and correspondent of several important American newspapers, and a great deal of the romance is founded upon fact.

John Goldworth Alger, author of "Glimpses of the French Revolution," has just written a new book, entitled "Paris—1789-1794." Nearly twenty years' study, not merely of the latest publications on the subject, but of a mass of manuscripts, mostly uncalendared in the national archives, enables the author to throw new light on the French revolution. The book will be published in England and America, and the American publishers will be James Pott & Co.

Timothy Cole, "greatest of wood engravers," is to have another volume of his engravings issued in the autumn, with text from his own notes and by Prof. John C. Van Dyke. The new book is called "Old English Masters," and it will contain Mr. Cole's engravings of the work of the English school, including Hogarth, Reynolds, Gainsborough, Turner, and Landseer. For eighteen years Mr. Cole has been engaged in reproducing upon wood, for the Century Magazine and his books, the work of the great masters of the world. He has already covered the art of Italy, Holland, Flanders, and England, and is now working upon the Spanish school.

John Bach McMaster, author of one of the best known histories of the United States and a professor at the University of Pennsylvania, will soon issue his biography of Daniel Webster, some of which has already appeared in the Century Magazine.

An important work to be issued in the fall by Dodd, Mead & Co. is "The Uganda Protectorate," by Sir Harry Johnston, G. C. M. G., K. C. B. The portion of east central Africa described contains, within an area of some 150,000 square miles, nearly all the wonders, most of the extremes and signal beauties, and some of the horrors of the dark continent. There are to be found the most remarkable known forms among the African mammals, birds, fish, butterflies, etc., besides specimens of nearly all the most marked types of African man. Cannibalism lingers in the western corners, while the natives of other parts are importing canned apricots, or are printing and publishing in their own languages summaries of their past history.

Kate Douglas Wiggin always goes to Europe in the spring and stays until midsummer, but she never fails to spend part of the year at her Maine country home, "Quillcote," on the Saco river. She has identified herself thoroughly with the little village where she passed her childhood and has done a great deal for the community. She plays the organ in the old church and sings in the choir. She teaches in the Sunday school, lends her house for church and social festivities, and gives help with open hands wherever it is needed. A village improvement society is one of her pet hobbies, and each year she gives an entertainment whose proceeds go toward beautifying the village. She reads from the manuscript of her newest unpublished book, and she presses into service the talents of any friends who happen to be in her house party. The evenings would find favor even in New York. Saco river considers them record breaking and buys tickets lavishly, with a comfortable inner knowledge that the bread will return in the shape of park benches and river terraces, and clean streets and other village improvements. Mrs. Wiggin's latest book, "The Diary of a Goose Girl," is proving acceptable summer reading. This autumn her "Penelope's Irish Experiences" will be published in a holiday edition with charming illustrations by the English artist Charles E. Brock.

Among the many wise sayings in Mrs. Nancy Huston Banks' novel, "Oldfield: A Kentucky Tale of the Last Century," which the London Spectator reviews favorably at much length, the English reviewer calls attention to one which the Spectator offers as a bone of contention to its readers. It is that "no really sweet woman has a sense of humor." Many prophecies have been made about this book by critical journals who have welcomed it as a distinct addition to the significant types in American fiction. Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie in the Outlook is of the opinion that it is a story which is likely to survive and hold its place in American literature. It is already in its second edition.

Ugly Women

must blame themselves in many instances. If they would use

Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap

they would discover to their gratification that their pimples, blackheads, eruptions or other skin disfigurements would disappear; that their skin would glow with a youthful freshness; that they would gain a permanently beautiful complexion; and that, used as a shampoo, the soap would cure dandruff and all scalp disorders, leaving their hair rich, soft and glossy. It is every woman's duty to look her best. **Price 15c everywhere.**

I want every woman desirous of a beautiful complexion to try my Witch-Hazel Soap. It preserves the creamiest skin and makes harsh skin soft and fresh. I want every person afflicted with skin disfigurements, pimples, blackheads, eruptions, or with hard, scaly scalps to try it. It will cure any skin disorder, and it is a shampoo without an equal. I want everyone looking for a medicinal soap and yet a toilet luxury to try it. Nothing else will suit them afterwards—MUNYON.

If you have blood troubles that show in eruptions and pimples, or other disfigurements, use my blood cure—it will drive out all impurities. If your liver is out of order, and you have moth patches, sallow skin or blotchy complexion, I want you to try my liver cure. It will give you good health and good looks. If you have indigestion and dyspepsia, preventing proper assimilation of food and causing consequent paleness and that "worn-out" look, take my stomach cure. You can then eat all you like, of what you like, when you like—and your skin will glow with youthful freshness.—MUNYON. Munyon's Doctors give advice by mail free. 1505 Arch-st., Philadelphia.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

OMAHA
Council Bluffs
Sioux City

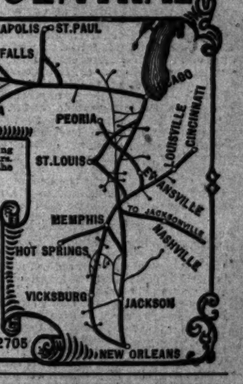
Superb trains, double daily service, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars and Dining, Sleeping, Parlor and Reclining Chair Cars. Send for free copy of "Pictures and Notes" describing the line to Omaha.

California—2 Routes

Personally conducted through Excursion Sleeping Cars leave Chicago for Los Angeles and San Francisco every Wednesday morning via New Orleans and the Southern Route; every Friday evening via Omaha and the Scenic Route.

To the South

Evansville, Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville. *Sleeping Cars, Parlor Cars, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars, Dining Cars.*



City Ticket Office, 99 Adams St. Phone Central 2705

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Last Days of Pompeii.

It is a question as to where was the larger crowd of spectators at Pain's "Last Days of Pompeii" last night—inside the American league ball park or out. Not that the crowd inside the inclosure was by no means a small one, for its numbers were many, but outside the gates the small boy was much in evidence, and early in the evening bill boards, roofs, sheds, and telegraph poles put forth a remarkable crop of what seemed a strange mixture of dangling bare legs, odds and ends of arms, and bright, wide open eyes, the whole being endowed with a high pitched voice of rare carrying powers and tireless energy. No threat of rain, no fear of live wires daunted these eager viewers of Pompeii, and not one of the Pain triumphs in pyrotechnics failed to find appreciation at their hands.

Inside the park the audience was good natured, waiting patiently during the delay caused at the beginning by the failure of the electric lights on the "stage" to work, accepting with good grace the shortening of the performance owing to the rain, and receiving with applause the brilliant fireworks exhibition which brought the evening to a close. The electric lights refused for some reason to shine, and recourse had to be had to red bengal and calcium lights. The effect was not displeasing, however, and the procession, dances, and specialties which make up the preliminary spectacle showed to good advantage in the colored glow. The scenic background is similar to that seen here the last time the "Last Days" was presented, and the general plan of the show is the same—the people are seen in Pompeii's streets, Nydia appears, the processions of priests, soldiers, and dignitaries march across the scene, and the Olympian sports are being held when the eruption of Vesuvius occurs. The costumes and trappings are showy and effective, some 300 people take part in the action, and a number of attractive specialties are introduced, the Slatine Brothers in Graeco-Roman statue poses, the three Droles in grotesque dances, Aronson and Ashton in acrobatic feats, and the three Geromes proving capable and enjoyable last night. The specialties had to be curtailed, however, owing to the coming of rain—the "fire ballet" being omitted among others—but the eruption of Vesuvius with its terrific detonations and abundance of flame and smoke, and the gorgeous and really beautiful display of fireworks that followed sent every one home satisfied. Mayor Harrison's portrait was among the "set pieces" in the display, and numerous geometrical designs and a movable figure of an acrobat on a turning pole were among the "fire wonders" shown.

Gaylor to Succeed Slavin.

Bobby Gaylor was engaged yesterday by Manager Hamlin to succeed John Slavin in the titular rôle in "The Wizard of Oz," the current extravaganza at the Grand opera house. Mr. Slavin is under contract to Klaw & Erlanger, the New York managers, who have an option on his services for their new production of Mark Tawin's "Huckleberry Finn." He will remain with "The Wizard" for another week, when Mr. Gaylor will make his appearance as the potentate of the mysterious land of Oz. Mr. Gaylor, who has long been a favorite as an Irish comedian in vaudeville, will of course give the rôle of the Wizard a Hibernian personality that ought to increase the gayety of the entertainment.

CZAR'S COUSIN STARTS EAST.

Grand Duke Boris Leaves San Francisco for Chicago—Will Visit the President.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12.—Grand Duke Boris, cousin of the emperor of Russia, and party left here today for Chicago. The duke will visit President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. The meeting will be an informal one. During the stay of the party in California many places of interest were visited.

CURED for $10.

CONSULTATION FREE
Vienna Medical Institute, 130 Dearborn-st.

All Special Disorders of Men.

CALL AT ONCE IF YOU ARE IN TROUBLE.

This Great $10 Offer Lasts Only to Aug. 15.

I want every man suffering with Urinary Trouble to call at my office and take up my $10 offer. I guarantee the cure in every case. Other doctors are charging from $35 to $100 for what I will do for you for $10. Many of their treatments are not as good as mine. I especially invite those men who have tried other treatments and failed. I positively guarantee to cure Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, and all urinary diseases of men and women in less time than any other specialist. Of course I cannot keep up this $10 offer forever. I am only doing it as a matter of advertisement.

After Aug. 15 the regular high fees of my practice will be charged, for I do fine work. Call on me at once and it will be the happiest day of your life. You are as safe in your dealings with the Vienna Medical Institute as with any bank in the city—and in their hands you are safe and sure of a cure. Write, if you cannot call.

OUR HOME TREATMENT is always successful, and confidential.

EXAMINATION FREE. WE ALSO CURE Piles, Fistula, Constipation, Vital Weakness, Nervousness, Kidney, Bladder and Urethral Irritations, and all Special Diseases of Men and Women. Write if you cannot call. Railroad fare deducted for patients coming to us for treatment.

Vienna Medical Institute,

No. 130 Dearborn Street (Second Floor), Corner Madison Street.

Room 216. Office open every day from 8:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m. Working people will find time to call Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. Office open till 9 p. m. Sunday hours 9 to 1.

COLORADO and Return $25

for first-class round-trip tickets, on sale Aug. 1st to 14th inclusive.

Only one night on the road on

The

Colorado Special

The best of everything.

Leaves Chicago 6:30 p. m.
Arrives Omaha 7:00 a. m.

Arrives Denver 7:50 next evening. Another good train leaves Chicago daily, 11:30 p. m., with free reclining chair cars, Pullman first-class, and tourist sleepers to Denver without change. The booklet, "Facts About Colorado," free at

Chicago North-Western & Union Pacific Railways.

TICKET OFFICES 212 & 193 Clark St.
Tel. Cent. 721.

The Globe-Wernicke Co
224-228 Wabash Ave.

"Elastic" Bookcase

The only perfect bookcase for home or office — a system of units; also 'Elastic' Filing Cabinets, Card Indexes, Desks.

Brentano's BOOKS
TELEPHONE HARRISON 1301
ORDERS INVITED
INQUIRIES ANSWERED

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES. Office of Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, No. 11 Lake street, Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1902. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing bacon, issue, dry salt cure, in boxes, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. Saturday, August 23, 1902, at which time and place they will be publicly opened. Articles of domestic production or manufacture will be preferred to those of foreign origin, cost and quality being equal. Specifications as to quantity required, date and place of delivery, blank proposals, and further information furnished on application to this office. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores to be opened August 23, 1902," and addressed to C. R. KRAUTHOFF, Major, Commissary, Purchasing Commissary.

PROPOSALS.—U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C., August 9, 1902.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Secretary of Agriculture until noon, Tuesday, September 9, 1902, for furnishing f. o. b. or furnishing and delivering; or furnishing, delivering and laying about fifty (50) statute miles (more or less) of one-quarter inch cable, domestic manufacture, for use of the U. S. Weather Bureau, in accordance with specifications. Blanks and full information for bidding may be obtained from the Chief of the Weather Bureau, Washington

SHARP BULGE IN GRAIN.

EVERYTHING SELLS HIGHER AND CLOSES STRONG AT THE TOP.

Shorts Start the Buying and the Export and Milling Demand Does the Rest—Government Report Not Much of a Factor—Stocks of Cash Wheat Getting Scarce—Corn Receipts Light and Fears of Frost and Other Damage Are Felt.

Wheat was a stronger market yesterday than for many days. Prices tended upward from the start and closed firm at practically top for the day. The September sold up from 67¾c to 69¼c, closing 1¾c over Monday; the December from 66¾c to 67¾@67¼c, closing 1¼c higher, and the May from 68¾c to 69¾c, closing at an advance of 1¾@1¼c over Monday's figure. There was a big line of buyers in the pit throughout the session, and the offerings were not at all times equal to the demand.

Sept. Wheat Range.

Cables and shorts were the early influence on the bull side. Paris came in 10@15c higher on both wheat and flour, and Liverpool steady to ¼d better. These advices were about all that made initial prices from ¾@¾c higher. Then shorts came in and helped along the advance. St. Louis covered liberally and some of the leading commission houses executed a large number of buying orders in the different deliveries. Armour interests took a lot of the September and presumably sold the December, though as to this the trade was not quite clear. Other September buyers were Hulburd-Warren, Pringle, Minnins-Bodman, and John Barrett. Raynard bought the December. Counselman-Day, Ware-Leland, and a scattered lot of local professionals did the selling.

Broader Cash Market.

The pits began talking a big cash business early. At the close the business late Monday and yesterday was figured out about 500,000 bu. New York had 60 loads, or nearly as much as was marketed here. The seaboard cleared 322,400 bu. St. Louis reported about 100,600 bu. There were also rumors of wheat worked at other points. Altogether it was a big cash market and helped along the futures. But the No. 1 northern premium did not hold up quite as strong. It ranged from 3½@4c over the September, according to location. The cash situation is naturally strengthened by the small quantity of No. 1 northern here, only 970,000 bu when business began yesterday. The total contract stock is 1,679,000 bu, a decrease of 305,000 bu for the week.

Receipts at all the principal points were smaller than a week ago. Minneapolis had 106 cars, Duluth 26, and Chicago 490. The latter compared with 546 a week ago. There were 9 cars of contract. The total at all primary points was 1,261,100 bu, only about 30,000 bu under the previous week. Last year the figures were 936,000 bu, St. Louis-Kansas City reported 706,000 bu compared with 603,000 bu the previous week and 207,000 bu a year ago.

Strong Market in Corn.

Corn was bullishly affected by many of the causes which were operative in wheat. Principal of these was the covering by many of the professional operators who have been on the short side. The September, December, and May were freely bought by Bartlett, Frazier, Patten, Comstock, Wrenn, Laidley, and others, while Logan, Canby, and some of the larger scalpers were on the selling side. Offerings, in fact, came largely from scalpers. The September sold up to 52¾c the December to 41c, and the May to 39½c. In the September these prices were 2c over the previous close, while in the December the advance was 1¾c and in the May about ¾c.

The relatively greater advance in the September was due largely to light receipts and the fact that barely sufficient corn came out in the cash market to do business on. There were but 62 cars inspected. Ten of them were contract. Out inspection was 205,000 bu. Quarters were made for 200,000 bu. Local contract stocks were 4,822,000 bu, a decrease for the week of 795,000 bu. Receipts at all the primary points were 267,700 bu, compared with 204,000 bu the previous week and 472,700 bu a year ago. Exports were reported at 21,000 bu. Car lots were fully 1c higher.

The trade is not altogether convinced that corn is out of the way of early frosts in some sections. This is having a good deal to do with the May strength.

Oats Are Also Strong.

Oats advanced ¾@1c and closed at the top prices for the day. The strength was chiefly in sympathy with corn, though the rally was accelerated by active covering of shorts and good investment buying. Bartlett-Frazier were big buyers, and Carrington-Patten were also active on that side. The seasonal crowd took a good deal of May. The selling was scattered. Morton-Switzer sold old December and September.

The government report was not much of a factor in the market one way or the other. Cash market was firm to 1c higher in spite of liberal offerings. The shipping demand was much improved, sales of 170,000 bu being reported. Contract stocks showed a decrease for the week of 441,000 bu and now include 388,000 bu of Standard and 418,000 bu of No. 2 mixed.

Steadier Feeling in Provisions.

Provisions with the help of strong grain markets showed a fair recovery from their recent depression. The whole list advanced quite sharply, and closed at only a moderate reaction from the high prices of the day. At the outset there was still heavy pressure of outside selling, but when grains began to exhibit such a decidedly upward tendency the bear movement became less aggressive. On the other hand, shorts took to covering freely to secure profits, this demand being stimulated all the while by the strength in grain. There was also influential buying of January product by brokers, Sterling, Roloson, and others. It was the feeling in the pit that packers were lending active support to the market, particularly the Armour interests.

Hogs were dull and 10@15c lower. Receipts in the west were 39,000, against 60,000 last year. Liverpool was 6d lower on bacon and hams. Exports for the week included 1,710 brls of pork, 8,754,000 lbs of lard, and 19,013 boxes of meats.

Rye was 1c higher, advancing in sympathy with other grains. Trade was light. September sold at 48¼c, and closed at that figure bid. Cash No. 2 sold free on board 50¼c and No. 3 at 48¼@49¼c.

Barley was in small supply, and anything suitable for malting ruled firm. Sales ranged at 53@59c for barley in treating condition to 62c for choice malting.

Timothy seed ruled considerably lower owing to freer offerings of cash. August delivery was nominally $4.25@4.30, and first half of September $3.77½. September sold at $3.70, off to 3.67½, and finally offered at $3.62½. October sold from $3.50 off to $3.40 and closed at the inside price. Cash lots by sample sold at $3.85@4.15 per 100 lbs.

Flaxseed was dull and about unchanged. September closed at $1.36 bid. October sold at $1.26 and closed at 1.26¼ bid. Cash No. 1 northwestern was salable at $1.45 and No. 1 southwestern at $1.40. Receipts were 15 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed Aug. 11.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed 1901.
Aug	67¾	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sept	67¾@¾	69¼	67¾	69¼	72¾
Dec	66¾@¾	67¾	66¾	67¾@¾	73¾
May	68¾	70	68¾	69¾@¾	75¾

CORN.

Aug	54	.....	.....	53	59¾
Sept	52¾	52¾	51¾	52½	58¾
Dec	41	41	40¾	41	46¾
May	39½	39½	39¼	39½	44¾

OATS.

*Aug	34¾	.....	.....	35¾	36¾
Sept	34¾	35¾	34¾	35¾	36¾
Dec	34¾	35¾	34¾	35¾	37¾
May	37¾	38¾	37¾	38¾	40¾

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.

Sept	16.00	16.27½	15.97½	16.20	14.20
Oct	16.12½	16.50	16.10	16.45	14.30
Jan	15.97½	16.25	15.97½	16.10	15.50
May	15.75	15.90	15.60	15.80	15.50

LARD.

Sept	10.05	10.05	10.05	10.05	8.90

Oct	9.52½	9.70	9.42½	9.65	8.87½
Jan	8.22½	8.40	8.15	8.32½	8.02½
May	8.05	8.23½	8.00	8.17½	.....

SHORT RIBS.

Sept	9.57½	9.97½	9.40	9.80	8.05
Oct	9.27½	9.50	9.12½	9.30	8.12½
Jan	7.87½	7.60	7.50	7.52½	8.05

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	11	.....	241	205	457
Spring wheat	1	.....	1	.....	2
Corn	20	.....	24	18	62
Oats	20	67	304	165	549
Rye	14	.....	14	11	39
Barley	.....	.....	1	9	10
Totals	56	67	595	441	1,149

Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Winter wheat, 29 cars and 258,300 bu; spring wheat, 5 cars; corn, 24 cars and 95,000 bu; oats, 7 cars; rye, 4 cars. Inspected out: Spring wheat, 45,000 bu; corn, 111,000 bu; oats, 189,000 bu; rye, 10,000 bu.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Market steady. Winter patents, in wood, southern, $3.60@3.70; straight, in wood, $3.40@3.50; clears, in wood, $3.10@3.30; spring, special brands, $4.20@4.30; straights, export bags, $3.20@3.30; winter rye, brls, $2.60@3.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Demand active and prices ½@1½c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 50,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3, 66¾@67c, and 350,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3 hard, 65¼@67¼c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade red, 53@63c; No grade hard, 58¼@61c; No. 4 red, 62@64c; No. 3 red, 66@67¼c; No. 4 hard, 62@65c; No. 3 hard, 65½@65½c; No. 4 white, 60@63c.

SPRING WHEAT—In good demand and prices 1@1½c higher. Sales in store were 100,000 bu of No. 1 northern on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 65½c; No. 3, 71c; No. 2 northern, 72½c. Billed through: No. 3, 68¼c.

CORN—Offerings light and prices firm to 1c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 10,000 bu at 55c and 125,000 bu on p. t.; No. 2 yellow, 57c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 50@53c; No. 4, 55@55½c; No. 3, 56c; No. 3 yellow, 58c; No. 2, 55c; No. 2 yellow, 58@58½c; No. 3 white, 56¾@57c.

OATS—Prices were ¼@1c higher under good demand and smaller offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, new, 25½c; mixed clipped, 35,000 bu on p. t.; standard, 8,500 bu on p. t.; white clipped, 30,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, new, 22@30¼c; No. 4, new, 24½@30c; No. 4 white, new, 30@31¼c; old, 40c; No. 3, new, 25@25½c; No. 3 white, new, 29@33½c; No. 2, new, 25½c; standard, new, 33@34c. At the river: No. 4 white, new, 29½c; old, 29@38c; No. 3 white, new, 30½@34c; old, 40@41c; standard, old, 38c.

RYE—Higher. Sales to go to store: No. 3, 49c; No. 4, 47½c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 2, 50¼c; No. 3, 48¼@49¼c; No. 4, 47@47½c; no grade, 45@46c.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer. Cash lots of mess pork, $16.12@16.30; lard, $10.42½@10.45; ribs, $9.70@9.80.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Pork barrels, 75@77½c for ash and 82½@85c for oak; lard tierces, $1.02½@1.05.

WHISKY—Steady on basis of $1.31 for distillers' goods.

HAY—Receipts, 852 tons. Market rather dull for new hay. Sales on track: Choice timothy, new, $15.00; old, $17.50; No. 1, new, $14.00@14.50; choice prairie, new, $9.00@9.50; No. 1, new, $8.50@9.00. Free on board: Choice prairie, new, $9.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 285 cars; corn, 27 cars; oats, 205 cars; hogs, 22,000.

There was the usual spectacle yesterday of wheat prices advancing in the face of a government report which on its face looked bearish, in that quantities were in some cases increased. But for a week or two past these facts have been discounted. In the light of modern facilities the trade generally is as well if not better posted on crop conditions as the agricultural department, and unquestionably has earlier information. Every government report raises the time honored discussion as to its value or lack thereof to the trade. The last one was no exception to the general rule. A majority is convinced as to its lack of value and insists that it does the farmer an injury more than a benefit, the theory being that the government officially announces to the world: "We have more grain than we know what to do with. Come and buy it of us at your own price."

According to the percentages in the August report of the department of agriculture, based partially on percentages of yield used by the Daily Trade Bulletin, Editor Howard figures the winter wheat acreage 25,850,000 and the yield 337,107,000 bu. This compares with a 1901 yield of 422,675,140 bu. He makes the spring wheat area 18,852,000 and the yield 259,411,000 bu, the latter comparing with 318,785,008 bu the previous year. The total acreage is 44,702,000 and the yield 636,548,000 bu, against 748,460,218 bu in 1901. On a basis of the August report of conditions Mr. Howard makes the corn 95,021,000 acres and the yield 2,486,251,000 bu, against 1,522,519,891 bu a year ago. The propects in the "surplus states" (Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, and Nebraska) are for 1,735,000,000, against 833,000,000 bu a year ago and 1,935,000,000 bu in 1900. Oats acreage is estimated at 28,636,000 acres and 810,790,000 bu, the latter comparing with 736,808,724 bu a year ago.

Editor Jones of the Commercial West estimates the spring wheat production in North Dakota, South Dakota, and Minnesota in 1902 as follows:

	Acres.	Bushels.
Minnesota	5,960,000	82,150,000
North Dakota	3,950,000	55,100,000
South Dakota	3,500,000	41,600,000
Total	13,410,000	178,850,000

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Movement of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lambs, with Range of Prices and Comparisons.

About one-half the 5,500 cattle received yesterday were westerns. The market on natives was slow, but there were no choice beeves here. The market on westerns was about 10c lower on heavy receipts. Butcher cows and heifers were weak and slow and calves steady to strong. Supplies of stock cattle were small, but prices on the good grades were strong.

Hog receipts were estimated at 18,000, and another dime was taken off, and the market draggy at the decline. There seems to be no check in sight to the slumping condition of the hog market. Prices are 30c to 75c lower than one week ago.

Receipts of sheep were estimated at 17,000. The sheep and lamb market is active and steady to strong prices are the rule. Good feeding sheep are in strong demand, with supplies very light.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures, yesterday's receipts and shipments being estimated:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Aug. 11	19,767	666	22,547	16,238
Tuesday, Aug. 12	5,500	1,500	18,000	17,000
This week	25,267	2,166	43,247	33,227
Last week	22,411	1,973	59,829	42,044
Cor. week 1901	30,227	2,027	53,850	26,966
Official last week	44,349	4,972	105,670	79,154
Official 1901	64,114	3,837	138,630	80,681
Shipments—				
Week ago	1,425	50	1,352	1,780
Monday	4,253	20	8,795	1,823
Yesterday	2,000	50	2,000	2,000
This week	6,263	70	9,795	3,823
Last week	9,150	53	9,550	2,510
Cor. week 1901	7,425	177	10,270	29,156
Official last week	11,630	216	21,004	1,725
Official year ago	28,978	438	27,233	10,375

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Horses.	Cars.
1902	1,630,780	5,014,818	2,180,923	72,435
1901	1,730,868	4,868,600	3,206,856	76,618
Inc		146,028		
Dec	103,088		22,901	4,183

YESTERDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	3,500	Lipton	200
Anglo-American	1,500	S. & S.	600
Boyd & L.	370	Butchers	500
Continental	543	Shippers	4,000
Hammond	900		
Morris	1,000	Total	16,513
Swift	3,500	Left over	2,000

Cattle.

Yesterday's run of 5,500 cattle included about 2,000 westerns and around 500 Texans. Receipts for the two expired days of the week will show an increase of about 8,000 over last week, but 5,000 less than arrived during the same time last year. The bulk of the native run was made up of the stock and common steers, with not enough here in the medium to good beef cattle classes to establish a market on these grades, while there were no prime steers on sale whatever. Those on hand were the kinds that have to compete with the range cattle, and the market was slow to 10c lower than on Monday. Any native steers of sufficient quality to bring $5.00 or over would have found free outlet at fully steady prices, as would the grades good enough to butcher as the westerns. The day's trade was not of sufficient volume, however, to afford a market criterion.

While receipts of range cattle were fairly liberal, the number to arrive today is estimated at 6,000. The best range cattle here were from Dakota and sold at $6.25. The butcher stock market was steady to weak at Monday's close, which was a dime lower than the opening. Choice to fancy heifers sold up to $6.00@6.75, though there were few here good enough to bring over $6.00. The bulk of the good kinds went at $4.25@5.50. Fancy cows are selling at $5.00@5.75; good to choice, $4.50@4.75. The calf supply was moderate and the market steady to strong, with bulk of sales at $7.00@7.25, though a number of bunches sold up to $7.50. There is a good demand for stock and feeding cattle of attractive quality and weight, and prices are fully steady to strong, while common light stuff holds about steady, with demand slow. Quotations:

Good to prime steers	$5.00@5.90
Poor to medium	4.00@4.90
Stockers and feeders	2.75@4.20
Cows	1.60@5.65
Heifers	2.00@5.75
Canners	1.50@2.40
Bulls	2.25@4.15
Calves	3.75@7.00
Texas fed steers	3.50@4.00
Western steers	4.00@7.00

Hogs.

The panicky feeling on the hog market shows no signs of abatement. Monday's receipts fell far short of the estimate, and the fact that all but about 1,500 arrivals were taken on that day was taken to indicate that the market would at least present a steady tone at the opening yesterday. This, however, proved to be a disappointment. Receipts yesterday were estimated at 18,000, which is about 5,000 more than the run on the same day last week, but a shade less than arrived on the corresponding day a year ago. The early market showed no more activity than on the preceding day. Buyers were all bearish, and the best bids were fully 10c under the average quotations for the same kinds on Monday. After the opening the market showed a decline of 10@15c, or 60@75c less than one week ago and a decline of close to $1.00 from the high point of July.

Business was slow at the declines, with mixed packing droves selling at $6.00@6.95 for fair to good quality averaging around 200 lbs, with inferior lots going at $6.10@6.60. Good mixed sold on shipping orders at around $7.00, with good butchers at $7.10@7.15. Receipts of lightweights are small and the market shows less of a decline on this grade. Bacon sorts sold at $7.15@7.20, with light mixed at $6.50@7.10. A few fancy medium and heavy sold at $7.22@7.30, the latter an outside price. Choice light butchers went at $7.10@7.20, and the bulk of the good heavy and medium weights at $7.00@7.20. Quotations:

Good to prime, 245@400 lbs	$7.00@7.30
Common to good, 245@400 lbs	6.50@6.95
Good to prime, 400@500 lbs	6.90@7.25
Assorted light, 160@180 lbs	7.10@7.20
Common to good, 130@160 lbs	6.75@7.25
Mixed, 500@550 lbs	6.80@7.00
Light mixed, 160@200 lbs	6.50@6.85
Pigs	5.50@6.50

Sheep.

The sheep and lamb trade was irregular. There were displays of strength, steadiness, and weakness in various spots. Both native and range lambs were strong to 10c higher, other grades being steady to strong, with an active demand. Sheep, both native and range, were steady to 10@15c lower, although there were occasional sales that displayed advances. Top on both classes of lambs was $6.50, or 10c higher than on Monday, though the advance was due more to quality than anything else. Native yows were fairly steady, choice lots selling at $5.85@4.00. A choice bunch of Idaho yearlings brought $4.80. The feeder demand showed renewed strength, coming in competition with killers. Range feeding lambs brought $4.65 and feeding sheep are unobtainable at less than $3.65@3.75. Quotations:

Good to choice wethers	$3.90@4.40
Fair to choice mixed	3.25@3.85
Western sheep	3.50@4.50
Native lambs	4.20@6.30
Western lambs	4.50@6.35

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 12,400 natives; 4,500 Texans. Calves —450 Texas; 1,200 natives. Corn fed and grassers steady to 25c lower; stockers and feeders, steady to 15c lower. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.00@5.25; fair to good, $5.00@7.70; stockers and feeders, $3.35@5.50; western fed steers, $4.00@6.00; Texas and Indian steers, $2.60@4.90; Texas cows, $2.00@3.00; native cows, $1.35@5.10; native heifers, $3.25@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.45; bulls, $2.65@4.50; calves, $3.00@5.75. Hogs—Receipts, 8,500; market, 20@30c lower; dull. Top, $7.15; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.00; heavy, $7.00@7.15; mixed packers, $6.70@6.95; light, $6.75@7.00; yorkers, $6.90@7.00; pigs, $6.00@6.65. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000. Market steady to strong. Native lambs, $3.40@5.75; western lambs, $3.10@5.10; native wethers, $3.60@4.50; western wethers, $3.00@4.00; fed ewes, $3.10@4.00; Texas yearlings, $3.40@4.05; Texas clipped sheep, $3.00@3.80; stockers and feeders, $2.40@3.00.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,000, including 5,000 Texans; market for natives steady. Texans dull. Native shipping and export steers, $7.25@8.00; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.25@6.50; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.50@4.15; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.65; canners, $2.00@2.50; bulls, $2.65@3.85; calves, $6.25@7.35; Texas and Indian steers, $2.75@4.75; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; market 15@25c lower; pigs and lights, $6.90@7.05; packers, $6.85@7.10; butchers, $7.00@7.40. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market steady; native muttons, $3.45@4.25; lambs, $4.25@5.60; culls and bucks, $2.50@2.60; stockers, $3.10@3.30; Texans, $3.00@3.75.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; market active, steady to strong; native steers, $4.75@8.25; cows and heifers, $3.00@5.25; western steers, $4.50@6.50; Texas steers, $4.25@5.50; canners, $1.75@2.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.60; calves, $3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., $2.50@4.50 Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market 20@25c lower; heavy, $6.80@7.00; mixed, $6.70@6.80; light, $6.60@6.85; pigs, $6.00@6.70; bulk of sales, $6.70@6.85. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; market shade lower; fed muttons, yearlings, $3.60@4.00; wethers, $3.40@3.85; ewes, $2.75@3.40; common and stockers, $1.75@3.25; lambs, $3.50@5.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Beeves—Receipts, 112. Dressed beef steady. Cables quoted American steers at 14c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 12½c per lb. Exports today, 100 cattle. Calves—Receipts, 347. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 9,082. Sheep a shade easier; lambs slow. 10c to 15c lower. Sheep sold at $2.50@4.00 per 100 lbs; lambs at $5.25 to $7.00; culls at $4.25@4.50. Dressed muttons, 5¼@8c per lb; dressed lambs, general sales, 8½c to 11c. Hogs—Receipts, 1,426. Reported sales same as yesterday; state and Pennsylvania hogs, $7.50.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 50; unchanged. Veals—Receipts, light; prices, steady; tops, $7.25@7.50; fair to good, $6.50@7.00; common to light, $5.00@6.00; grass, $3.50@4.00. Hogs — Receipts, 2,100; slow to 5@10c lower; heavy, $7.70; mixed, $7.60@7.65; pigs, $7.40@7.45; roughs, $6.75@6.00; stags, $5.25@5.75; grassers, $7.20@7.30. Sheep and lambs — Yearlings, 700; steady; lambs, $4.75@6.50; yearlings, $4.75@5.25; wethers, $4.65@4.75; ewes, $4.00@4.25; sheep, $2.25@4.50.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,954; best steady to strong; others, 10c to 15c lower; natives, $4.50@8.50; cows and heifers, $1.50@6.15; veals, $3.00@6.25; bulls and stags, $2.50@6.25; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.75. Hogs—Receipts, 6,539; 20c to 25c lower; light and light mixed, $6.65@7.00; medium and heavy, $6.70@7.15; pigs, $3.75@6.75; bulk, $6.85@7.00. Sheep—Receipts, 2,885; active, steady; top Idaho lambs, $5.50.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Both Cars Should Stop.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Your first editorial in today's paper calls upon the street railroads to have both cars approaching an intersection come to a standstill. This is good advice, and should be followed to make it safe for patrons of the roads. As a frequent passenger on Chicago street cars I have been an observer of the matter, and beg leave to add that passengers should be permitted to get off the cars before crossing—that is, at the near side. Under present methods, in getting off at the far side, the ladies invariably face backwards towards the street just crossed, and in descending from the cars are liable, as sometimes happens, to be thrown into the street. On the other hand, if permitted to get off on the near side, they will naturally face toward the street where they are to get off, and facing toward the front of the train are not at all likely to fall.

E. S. WATTS.

Bargains in rates to California, Pacific northwest, Utah, Colorado. Personally conducted parties. Judson-Alton Tg'ist, 349 Marquette Bldg., Chi.

CLAIMS A LARGE MAJORITY

GATES HAS PROXIES FOR 200,000 SHARES OF FUEL STOCK.

Total Outstanding Is 260,000 — Canadian Pacific Earnings for Fiscal Year Equal to Nearly 8 Per Cent on Total Authorized Common Capital—Increases Large Since June—Diamond Match Company Purchases 65,000 Acres Pine Land in California.

Harris, Gates & Co. made formal announcement yesterday that John J. Mitchell, John W. Gates, and James A. Blair, the proxy committee for the annual meeting of the Colordo Fuel and Iron company, had received proxies for approximately 200,000 shares out of a total of 260,000 shares outstanding. If this announcement be correct the committee would have a majority of at least 140,000 shares. On the face of it the Gates interest will control the annual meeting.

For some weeks the Osgood and Gates factions have been venturing contrary opinions as to who would control the meeting. The matter has been taken into the courts, and it is probable all uncertainty will not be removed until votes are actually counted.

New York people were inclined to credit the announcement from Denver that George J. Gould, in the name of the Utah Coal company, had bought 10,000 acres of coal land in Colorado, part of which lies on the line of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, and that the land was to be developed and operated in competition with the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

Canadian Pacific's Good Year.

Net earnings of the Canadian Pacific railroad for the fiscal year ended June 30 were, according to unofficial figures, equal to 7.30 per cent on total authorized common stock of approximately $85,000,000. The figures at hand make the following showing:

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross	$37,503,054	$30,855,208	$6,647,851
Operating exp.	23,417,141	18,745,528	4,671,313
Net	$14,085,913	$12,109,375	$1,976,538
Discontinuing the comparison and taking This year's net			$14,085,913
Add other income			958,927
Total net income			$15,044,840
Deduct—			
Fixed charges		$7,324,825	
Against steamships		180,000	
			$7,484,825
Leaving for common and surplus			$7,560,015

Being equal to 7.30 per cent on $85,000,000 common.

The road since June is recording unusually large increases over corresponding periods last year. For July the increase in gross was $344,000 or 12 per cent over July, 1901. For the first week in August the gross was $771,000, an increase of $103,000 over the corresponding week last year. The gain is 15.4 per cent.

Match Company Buys Pine.

The Diamond Match company has purchased 65,000 acres of pine land in California, for which $500,000 was paid. The expense is to be borne equally by the American and English companies.

The land purchased is at Chico, near Sacramento. The company considers the purchase an excellent investment, and in securing this large amount of timber is endeavoring to make provision for supplies while they are still obtainable at cheap prices. The company has sufficient supplies in New England and the Green Bay district to meet its requirements for five or six years. However, a big sawmill plant will be erected at Chico, and the cutting of the California timber will begin at an early date.

Railway Earnings.

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

	1902	1901	Increase.
First week Aug.	$ 614,000	$ 642,000	*$28,000
From Jan. 1	20,314,291	19,835,634	478,657

CENTRAL BRANCH.

First week Aug.	21,000	34,000	*$13,000
From Jan. 1	570,394	761,270	*201,376

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Month July	$ 8,833,374	$ 3,190,065	643,309

CHICAGO TERMINAL TRANSFER.

First week Aug.	32,153	31,104	1,049
From July 1	172,359	164,351	8,308

NATIONAL RAILROAD OF MEXICO.

First week Aug.	147,098	127,700	19,398
From July 1	822,234	744,361	78,873

COLORADO AND SOUTHERN.

First week Aug.	116,805	114,912	1,839
From July 1	568,805	539,537	29,268

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

First week Aug.	332,400	308,700	13,700
From July 1	1,811,300	1,761,900	49,400

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

First week Aug.	241,510	345,063	*103,553
From July 1	1,200,313	1,691,769	*481,456

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

First week Aug.	339,376	275,852	63,524
From July 1	1,808,236	1,567,450	300,786

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.

First week Aug.	177,402	191,219	16,188
From Jan. 1	6,062,058	6,432,443	*370,388

INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN.

First week Aug.	94,401	70,401	*5,716
From July 1	374,678	398,412	*23,734

IOWA CENTRAL.

First week Aug.	41,421	42,361	*940
From July 1	245,711	219,583	26,178

BOSTON AND MAINE REPORTS FOR QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30.

Gross	5,048,944	7,750,946	297,008
Oper. expenses	5,613,272	5,433,634	179,638
Net	2,435,672	2,317,312	117,460
Other income	198,079	178,308	19,771
Total income	2,633,451	2,495,270	137,451
Int., rent, taxes	2,027,284	1,997,105	30,519
Surplus	605,766	498,165	106,601

KANAWHA AND MICHIGAN.

First week Aug.	13,304	15,901	*2,597
From July 1	68,877	90,770	*21,893

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

First week Aug.	616,020	561,920	54,100
From July 1	3,276,485	2,873,310	403,175

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

First week Aug.	728,089	665,409	62,680
From July 1	3,983,046	4,283,937	350,891

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG

First week Aug.	139,180	134,750	4,389
From July 1	735,849	692,189	43,660

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN.

First week Aug.	190,101	153,639	*23,538
From July 1	671,870	763,459	*91,589

WABASH.

First week Aug.	419,731	352,517	67,214
From July 1	2,141,281	1,904,856	236,405

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

First week Aug.	119,988	118,051	1,917
From July 1	372,427	360,114	12,313

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

First week Aug.	64,223	62,723	1,500
From July 1	372,437	330,114	12,319

*Decrease.

Dividends Declared.

Directors of the American Cereal company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable Aug. 20 to stock of record Aug. 15. Books close Aug. 20 and reopen Sept. 1.

The directors of the Quaker Oats company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the preferred stock, payable Aug. 30 to stock of record Aug. 20. Books close Aug. 20 and reopen Sept. 1.

The Canadian Pacific railway declared its regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on its common stock and 2 per cent on its preferred, payable Oct. 1. Books close Sept. 6 and reopen Oct. 2.

The American Coal company has declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent, payable Sept. 1. Books close Aug. 21 and reopen Sept. 2.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	11⅝	11¾
American Hide and Leather	5⅞	5¾
Do pfd	40¾	42
Bay State Gas	1¾	2
British Columbia Copper	4⅞	5
Compressed Air	8	10
Electric Boat	35	40
Do pfd	40	50
Electric Vehicle	6	7
Do pfd	14	15
Electro Pneumatic	1¼	1⅝
Illinois Vehicle	1	1
Manhattan Transit	1¼	1⅝
National Enameling and Stamp Co.	32	34
Do pfd	81	90
N. Y. Electric Vehicle Trans.	7	8
Northern Securities Co.	104½	106¾
Otis Elevator Co.	36¼	36¾
Do pfd	104	104¾
Pittsburg, Bessemer and L. E.	35½	37
Royal Baking Powder pfd.	104¾	105¼
Seaboard Air Line	23¾	24
Do pfd	52¾	53¾
Standard Oil	667	670
St. Louis Transit	31	31¼
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd.	82	83
4s	75	75¼
National City Bank	325	330

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was easy yesterday, closing at the following figures:

SELLING.

Checks, Paris	5.

EMBERS
CK EXCHANGE
S, GATES
BROKERS.
F TRADE, CHICAGO.
Y BUILDING, CHICAGO.
TREET, NEW YORK.
Cotton, Grain,
Provisions.
w York Stock Exchange.
w York Cotton Exchange.
w York Produce Exchange.
w York Coffee Exchange.
icago Board of Trade.
icago Stock Exchange.
TE WIRES.
ARD L.
STER & CO.
and Brokers.
MS STREET.
York Stock Exchange.
go Stock Exchange.
ARRIED ON MARGINS
lett,
azier
& Co.,
D PROVISIONS,
NDS AND COTTON.
YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
MILWAUKEE.
ver-st., New York.
ATE WIRES.
Y AND SELL
ND TRUST
TY STOCKS
NNELLEY & CO.
ney. 'Phone, Har. 1422.
& BRYAN
N, PROVISIONS, GRAIN
OF TRADE, CHICAGO.
ROWARD, NEW YORK.
CE—35 WABASH-AV.
MBERS
ade, N.Y. Stock Exchange.
ange, N.Y. Cotton Exchange.
ade, N.O. Cotton Exchange.
LAUGHTER
CO.,
AND BROKERS.
and Chicago Stock Exchanges.
Board of Trade.
Cotton Exchange.
A SALLE-ST.
S—BONDS.
PROVISIONS
TTON.
AND INACTIVE
URITIES.
ussell & Co.
NKERS
Chicago
e Harrison 1894.
AGENTS FOR
TELEPHONE
LEGRAPH CO.
C ELECTRIC CO.
in High Grade
NT SECURITIES
York, Wilkesbarre,
nton, Carbondale.
LTER--MINES.
LACEY & CO.
ers & Fiscal Agents,
Consolidated Stock Exchange.
cal Stock Exchange.
17 NEW ST., NEW YORK.
ng Mining, Oil and
ks, Listed and
our Specialty.
successful plan for realizing
timate mining, oil and smelt-
ation blanks, full particu-
ny interested on application
GO OFFICE:
Cor. La Salle and Monroe Sts.
KINSON & CO.
SALLE-ST.
ago Stock Exchange.
ew York.
Brokers and
n Merchants.
and Provisions.
ilding, Chicago.
ison 1668. Harrison 1258.
to Eastern Exchanges.
Without Commission
On choice Chicagoreal
estate security at low
rate. Quick action.
WARNER,
La Salle-st.
MORTGAGES
Chicago Real Estate.
INVESTMENTS.
LOEB & CO.,
e Salle-st.
Light and Coke Co.
(Chicago.)
notice that a dividend of ONE
CENT has been declared
on the capital stock of this company, payable to
stock holders on the 15th inst. Books will close in New York on
Aug. 8, p. m., and will reopen on Aug. 16, a. m.
H. A. WILEY, Secretary.

TRADE IN STOCKS SMALL.

INACTIVITY THE FEATURE OF THE WALL STREET MARKET.

Government's Favorable Crop Report Causes Advances, Especially in the Granger Roads—Early Gains Are Lost in Many Instances Through Liquidation—Firm Money Market Has the Effect of Contracting Business—Gould Shares Strong.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, Aug. 12.—There was a decided falling off in activity today in the stock market, and the dealings were even more professional. Early in the day there was an appearance of briskness, and the majority of the list advanced on the extremely favorable character of the government crop report regarding the condition and prospective yields of all of the important staple crops. In the afternoon the market became extremely dull, and liquidation in the granger shares on a moderate scale caused a reactionary movement of prices from the best figures.

The lighter volume of business was partly attributable to the continued firmness of the money market. Part of the day call money ruled below 4 per cent, yesterday's maximum figure, and that rate was not exceeded. It developed that certain prominent banking institutions that had been figuring upon exports of gold early this week have canceled their arrangements, and their principals intimate that heavy offerings of bills against grain and cotton are shortly to be expected.

Notwithstanding the liquidation in some stocks, the market presented a number of strong features, the soft coal and southern shares and Gould stocks being conspicuous. St. Louis Southwestern preferred and common gained net 1 and 1¾ per cent respectively. Western Union, at a reaction from the highest figure, finished nearly 2 per cent above yesterday's final sale; and Manhattan Railway, on favorable labor news, advanced nearly a point.

Missouri Pacific gained a full figure. Baltimore and Ohio common rose an extreme 2¼ per cent on suggestions of an increase in the dividend, but lost a fraction of the improvement on profit taking. The stock, however, recorded a net gain of 1¾ per cent. Louisville and Nashville, on similar reports, at a fractional recession from the best, ended 1¼ per cent above Monday's closing price, and coincidentally in the curb market, on further rumors of a comprehensive combination of southern roads. Seaboard Air Line issues again displayed activity and advanced over 2 per cent.

Firmness was apparent in Atchison, Erie common, and Union Pacific, while St. Paul, Illinois Central, Norfolk and Western, and Southern Railway reflected in declines, mainly fractional, the liquidation indulged in.

On moderate dealings net gains were established in Chicago and Alton common, Delaware and Hudson, Hocking Valley issues, Kanawha and Michigan, Nashville and Chattanooga, and Fort Worth and Denver City stamped, extending to 4¼ per cent in the last named. In the industrial list Colorado Fuel and Iron was extremely dull, but declined 1½ per cent on reports that the Gates party in the contest for control of the property had been successful by a considerable majority. A net decline of 3⅝ per cent in International Silver attracted some attention. On nominal sales Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing gained 2 per cent.

The railway bond market was dull, and prices, in conformity with the stock list, showed irregularity. Union Pacific convertibles sustained a further fractional decline. In the curb market the tone was in the main steady and the volume of dealings fairly large.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The dominating issues in the stock market continue to be the coming crops and the money outlook. On the other hand, the autumn activity in the money market, while it has been expected for months, and is therefore to some extent discounted, has been ignored in speculation. This week's rise in money rates, therefore, would naturally be of most effect on speculative condition.

Buyers in anticipation of good crops, seeing the danger of a flurry in the money market, which might force liquidation of stocks, and attracted by the high level to which prices have attained, are tempted to refill to realize their profits. There was considerable strength at one time today, and in a few cases it continued to the close, but for the most part the early rise in prices was taken advantage of to realize profits, and the general level of prices ended lower than last night.

Money on call steady, 3@4 per cent; last loan, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange, easier at 487⅝@488 for demand and at 485¼@485⅝ for sixty days' bills; posted rates, 486 and 488¼; commercial bills, 484¾@485⅝. Bar silver, 52⅜. Mexican dollars, 41¼.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Ag. 12.	Ag. 11.
Am. Sugar	4,000	132¼	131⅝	131⅝	131½
Do pfd	100	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	
Am. Locomotive	600	31⅝	31¼	31¼	31¼
Am. Cotton Oil	100	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼
Am. Smelting	700	47¾	47¼	47¼	47¼
Do pfd	700	97¾	97¼	97¼	97⅝
Am. Agl. C. pfd	100	28	28	28	
Am. Bicycle	400	7	6¾	6¾	6¾
Do pfd	100	20	20	20	
Am. Linseed	100	24½	24	24½	24
Am. Car Foundry	700	35¾	35	35⅝	33
Do pfd	200	92	92	92	
Am. Ice	2,100	12⅝	11½	12⅜	11½
Do pfd	100	41	40	40	39
Atchison	20,500	92½	91¾	92	91⅝
Do pfd	2,900	102⅝	102⅜	102⅝	102½
Am. Cop. Copper	2,300	57¾	57¼	57¾	57¼
Am. Grass Twine	300	57⅞	57¾	57⅞	57¾
Am. Sup. Tran.	3,900	68½	67⅝	67⅝	67¾
Am. Chicle	24,100	111⅛	106¾	110⅝	109
Do pfd	100	96¾	96¾	96¾	
Do 1st pfd rites	900				1¼
Am. Tin Products	900	31¾	31¼	31¼	31⅝
Do pfd	100	83¾	83¾	83¾	83
Canadian Pacific	1,100	42⅝	41½	42¾	41⅝
Can. Southern	700	76	75¾	75¾	75¾
C., R. & St. P.	10,200	188¼	184⅝	184⅞	185½
Do pfd	100	193	193	193	
Ches. & Ohio	400	243	242¼	243	242
Chesapeake Southern	100	91	91	91	90
Chicago Gt. Western	2,100	185¼	182¾	184¾	183½
Chicago Terminal	1,400	22⅞	21⅝	21⅝	22½
Do pfd	800	39⅜	39	39⅛	39⅝
Chicago & Alton	8,800	55¼	54¼	54⅜	54½
Canadian Pacific	3,900	137	136¼	136⅝	136¾
Chicago & St. L.	200	105⅜	105	105	107¼
Col. Fuel & Iron	1,600	91	88	88	89½
Col. Gas (N. Y.)	1,800	223½	222⅜	223¼	222⅞
Col. Southern	700	33⅞	33½	33⅝	33⅝
Do 1st pfd	900	79½	78¾	78¾	79¼
Do 2d pfd	1,200	52⅞	52	52	52
Del. & Hudson	2,800	181	181	181	180
Del., Lack. & West.	300	214	214	214	214
Denver & Rio G.	400	20½	20	20	20
Do pfd	1,000	84¾	83¾	84	83½
Erie	6,000	41⅝	41¼	41⅜	41⅝
Do 1st pfd	600	73	72¾	73	73
Do 2d pfd	1,100	61¾	61¼	61¼	61¾
Fort Wayne	200	178	178	178	178
Gt. Northern pfd	300	193	193	193	193
Gt. Northern Ore ctfs	400	62⅞	62¾	62¾	63
Hocking Valley	1,100	85¾	84¾	85¼	84¾
Do pfd	100	93	92⅝	92⅝	93
Illinois Central	1,600	144¾	143¾	144	144
Iowa Central	100	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Do pfd	100	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾
Kansas & Texas	1,000	34¾	34¼	34¼	34
Do pfd	100	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Lake Erie & West.	200	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
Do pfd	100	114	114	114	114
Lake Shore	125	211	211	211	211
Long Island	100	68	68	68	68
Louisville & Nash.	15,600	96¾	95¾	96¼	95¼
Manhattan Con.	55	58¾	58¾	58	58
Metropolitan St.	5	145	145	145	145
Mexican Central	50	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
Mexican National	205	52½	52¼	52¾	52½
Minn. & St. L.	1,420	66¼	64¾	66¼	67¼
Do pfd	100	141¼	141¼	141¼	141¼
Missouri Pacific	25	280	280	280	280
Mobile & Ohio	50	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Missouri, K. & T.	30	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
Do pfd	200	37	36¾	37	36¾
Nat. Biscuit	100	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Do pfd	200	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
National Lead	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	200	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
National Steel	100	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
Do pfd	50	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
National Biscuit	100	40¾	40¾	40¾	41
Mont. Coal	50	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Oregon Short Line	1,000	67	66¾	66¾	67
Ontario & West.	100	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Pacific Coast	100	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Do 1st pfd	100	93	93	93	93
Do 2d pfd	100	80	80	80	80
Pacific Mail	2,000	45¾	45¼	45¼	45¾
People's Gas	2,300	104¾	103¾	104¼	104
Pittsburg Coal	100	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Do pfd	100	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾
Pressed Steel Car	500	48	48	48	48
Do pfd	200	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Pullman Palace	2,300	198	196	196	197
Pacific Coast	400	81	79	81	
Reading	1,500	67¾	67¼	67¾	67¼
Do 1st pfd	1,420	86¾	86	86	86¾
Do 2d pfd	1,000	78¾	78¼	78¼	78¾
Rock Island	1,100	104¼	103¾	103¾	103¾
Do pfd	5,000	149½	149	149	149¾
Rubber Goods pfd	50	67¾	67¾	67¾	73¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	2,700	19	18¾	18¾	19¼
Do pfd	200	70	70¼	70¼	70
Southern Ry	400	30¾	30¼	30¼	30¾
Do pfd	500	97¾	97¼	97¼	97¾
St. J. & G. I. 1st pfd	400	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
Southern Pacific	15,700	68¾	67¾	68¼	67¾
St. L. & S. W.	30,600	28½	27¾	28¼	27
Do pfd	17,100	61	59¾	60¾	59¾
St. L. & San Fran.	2,800	81¾	81¾	81	81
Do 2d pfd	500	76¾	76	76	76
Sloss. S. & I.	1,000	43	42	41	43½
Texas Pacific	10,900	40¾	39¾	40¾	40¾
Twin City	100	125	125	125	125½
St. L. & W.	300	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Do pfd	100	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Tenn. Coal & I.	900	68	67¾	68	67¾
U. Fac., rites	207			¼	⅜
Union Pacific	7,400	107¾	107¾	107¾	107
Do pfd	800	92	91¾	92	91¾
U. S. Reduction	100	24¾	24¼	24¼	
Do pfd	100	89	89	89	
U. S. Leather	700	13	12¾	12¾	13
Do pfd	300	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾
U. S. Steel	3,000	40¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	3,400	89¾	89¼	89¾	89¾
U. S. Express	700	129	129	128½	126
Va. Caro. Chem.	700	68¼	68¼	68¼	
Wheeling & L. E.	1,200	23¾	23¼	23¾	
Do 1st pfd	100	74¾	74¾	74¾	71¼
Do 2d pfd	700	38	37¾	38	38
Wabash	100	30¾	30¾	30¾	30½
Do pfd	3,700	56¾	56¼	56¾	56¼
Wis. Cent.	800	25¾	25¾	25	25
Do pfd	600	51¾	51¾	51	50¾
Western Union	12,800	92¾	89¾	91¾	89⅞
Westinghouse	1,300	219	214	215	213

*Ex dividend 2 per cent.
†Ex dividend 1¾ per cent.
Total sales of stocks, 417,206 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	207	United States	127½
American	243	Wargo	215

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg	107¼	U. S. new 4s, coup	135¾
U. S. reg. 2s, coup	107¾	U. S. old 4s, reg	106¾
U. S. 3s, reg	105¾	U. S. old 4s, coup	108¾
U. S. 3s, coup	105¾	U. S. 5s, reg	104
U. S. new 4s, reg	133	U. S. 5s, coup	104

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS.
—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

70000 Atch gen 4s	100⅝@⅞	3000 do 4s	94@⅝
10000 do adj	96¾@¾	5000 Met. St. Ry 4s	90
11000 do stamped	93@⅞	5000 Mo P 5s 1917	
10000 Atlanta & W 5s	108½		108¼@⅝
10000 Amn Bicycle us	67	6000 M-O gen 4s	90
18000 Am H-L 1s	99⅝@100	2000 N C-St L con 5s	111¾
27000 B-O 3½s	90¾@⅞	2000 N Y C L 3½s	94¼@⅝
17000 do 4s	103¾@⅞	1000 do ing 3½s	93¾
22000 do conv 4s	110⅝@111	6000 N P 3s	74¾@⅞
4000 do S W Div 3½s	93⅝@⅞	2000 do 4s	103¾
3000 B R P 5s	118	57000 do Pocohontas 4s	94¼@95
1000 Bklyn El 4s	103⅞	10000 N Y G-E 4s	96¼
2000 Can So 1st	105	10000 O R-N 4s	103
33000 C-O 4½s	108¾@⅞	6000 O S L 4s	120¾@¼
5000 C Par 4s	101@⅛	14000 Penna ctfs 3½s	90¾ paid
57000 Cons Tob 4s	65	3000 Par of Mo 1st	105
57000 C B-Q joint 4s	105¼@⅜	7000 P-E inc 4s	73
1000 C P 1 gen 5s	103¼	2000 P Pt W-C 2d	123⅝
78000 do conv 5s	106⅜@¾	29000 Rdg gen 4s	103⅝
7000 Cent Ga con 5s	111@¾	5000 R G W coll tr 4s	93¼
5000 do 1st inc	84½@⅝	15000 St L-I M 5s	110¾@¾
38000 do 2d inc	41¾@⅞		107⅝@⅞
2000 do 3d inc	27¾@¾	62000 do 4s	95¼@⅝
8000 Chi Term 4s	90	2000 St L & W 1st	95¾
10000 C & W con	135	2000 do con 4s	85¾
2000 Colo So 4s	95	6000 StP M-M con	136¼
3000 D-R G con 4s	102¾	31000 S R Trust	15@⅛
11000 D-S W 5s	89	10000 Staten Island 4½s	98¼
11000 Erie gen 4s	85¾@⅞	22000 S F A P 4s	89¼@⅝
28000 Ft W-R G 1st 4s	86@88¾	10000 Seaboard A L 4s	87¼
11000 Ft W-D C 1st	113¾@114	6000 do	87¼
10000 G B-W B	20¾	52000 So P 4s	94@⅞
11000 Int Paper 6s	107½	5000 So Ry 5s	121¾@¾
1000 Ill C Wilm 1st	111½	7000 Tex P 1st 5s	98¼@⅝
7000 IC Sio 3s	72¾	75000 Third Ave 4s	98¼@⅝
6000 K C Ft S-M 4s	91⅞	1000 U S coup 5s	107½
7000 L-N unf 4s	102¾	10000 do 4s 1907 reg	108¼
2000 do St L div 1st	125¼	13000 U P 4s	104⅝@105
45000 Met Cent 1st inc	82	179000 do conv 4s	108¼@⅝
12000 M K-T 1st 4s	100	2000 Wab 1st 5s	110¾
Total sales of bonds, $1,490,000.		10000 do 2d	110¾
		25000 do deb B	76¼@⅝
		18000 W U ref 4½s	106@⅝
		9000 Wis C 4s	92¼
		2000 W N Y-P 1st	110¾

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—There was no feature to today's market. The best that can be said is that the undertone was firm, even strong, and the closing after a day of extreme dullness was steady. Western Telephone issues did not respond to the declaration of 2 per cent dividend on the preferred. Call loans, 3½@4 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4¼@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4¼@5½ per cent. New York funds, par@5c discount.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	175	67½	67½	67	67
Arcadian	10	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Atlantic	95	29½	27	29	26
Am. Tel.	875	163½	162	163	162
Atchison	350	92¼	92¼	92	92
Do pfd	100	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
Am. Sugar	440	132¾	131¾	131¾	131¾
Anaconda	10	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Agl. Chem.	385	28	28	28	28
Do pfd	110	80	80	80	80
Am. Woolen	55	14	14	14	14
Do pfd	10	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼
Bingham	70	33	33	33	33
Bonanza	260	70	70	70	70
Cochiti	230	75	60	60	60
Copper Range	55	58¾	58¾	58	58
Calumet	5	545	545	545	545
Chi. Junction	50	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Daly West	205	52½	52¼	52¾	52½
Dom. Steel	1,420	66¼	67¼	66¼	67¼
Dom. Coal	100	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
Edison Elec.	25	280	280	280	280
Elm River	50	3½	3½	3½	3½
Gen. Elec.	30	185¾	185¾	185¾	185¾
Guanajuato	200	3½	3¾	3¾	3¾
Mass. Mining	190	17¾	17¼	17¼	17¼
Mohawk	200	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
Michigan	125	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Mass. Gas	600	40¾	41	40¾	41
Mont. Coal	50	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Osceola	235	57	57	57	57
Phoenix	120	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Pere Marquette pfd	11	86½	86½	86½	86½
Quincy	2	130	130	130	130
Santa Fe	10	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Shannon	225	11	11¼	11	11¼
Swift & Co.	422	155	156	155	157¾
Trinity	25	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Tamarack	6	175	175	175	175
Un. Shoe Mchy	45	53¾	54	53¾	54
Do pfd	5	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
Utah	150	21½	21½	21½	21¼
U. S. Mining	930	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
Un. Fruit	385	112¼	112¼	112	112
Un. Pac.	325	107¼	107¾	107¼	107¾
Do pfd	50	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
Victoria	60	6	6	6	6
Wolverine	30	59	59	59	59
Westinghouse pfd	10	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾
Washington	500	50	50	50	50

BONDS.

$13000 Am Tel 4s	90¼@⅝	18000 do new 4s	95¾@⅝
1000 Bell 4s	96¾	3000 K C M-B inc	90¾
1500 Atch 4s	102¼	2000 Mex C 4s	82
500 do adj	96¼	1000 Boat Gas 5s	98¾
1000 C B-Q div 4s	100¾	2000 N E Coke 5s	97¼

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bands, and Other Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The Commercial Advertiser's financial cablegram says:

"Trading started heavy under the lead of consols, which declined to 95 3-16 on sales by the £6,000,000 syndicate. They afterward recovered to 95⅝. Other sections of the market moved in sympathy with consols. American issues, after initial flatness, were supported on favorable crop reports, closing only a shade under the best. Baltimore and Ohio was the feature on New York's afternoon buying orders. The carry over showed little change in the size of the account, though the disappearance of backward actions on St. Paul and Louisville and Nashville proved that the bears have rebought. Canadian Pacific touched 139½."

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Money was in active demand today and the supply was fairly abundant. Loans were renewed by the Bank of England, and there was much continental money offered for a month or two at low rates. Discounts were steady. On the stock exchange the tone was fairly cheerful, but, in spite of a healthy undertone, there was some nervousness regarding the outcome of the Kaffir account. Although rumors of a small failure were buzzing, no definite report had come in quality and yield; rose progressing favorably, with possibility of heavy output from three-fourths of area planted; minor crops doing nicely.

Late Crops Are Poorer.

North Dakota—Favorable weather for filling and maturing grain; early wheat harvest in progress, and it is advancing northward rapidly; most of oats, rye, and barley in shock; late flax and grain continue poor; corn still behind the season; haying further delayed by rain.

South Dakota—Scattered but generally insufficient showers; fine harvest and haying weather; spring wheat and oat harvest finished in extreme southeast and general in north; corn making fairly good progress, but over extensive areas is late; flax late; potatoes, millet, and pastures need rain; early flax and potatoes good.

Nebraska—Cool week, with sufficient rain for good growth; small grain about all cut; stacking, thrashing, and haying have progressed rapidly; corn has grown well and continues to promise large crop.

Kansas—Early corn maturing; late corn injured by heat, but improved by cooler weather and showers last week; wheat and flax yielding poor to fair; oats fair to good; cutting prairie hay in progress; crop unusually heavy.

Savings Bank for Morton Park.

State Auditor McCullough at Springfield yesterday issued a permit for the organization of the Cicero Trust and Savings bank at Morton Park, Ill., with a capital stock of $25,000. The permit is issued to William W. Weare, James E. Griffenberg, and John C. Burchard.

CROPS KEEP UP PROMISE.

GENERAL AVERAGE OF GOOD CONDITION IS MAINTAINED.

Uneven Distribution of Rain Causes Complaint of Drought in a Few Sections and of Flood in Others—Harvest of Winter Wheat is Finished and of Spring Begun—Yield Disappointing in Some Districts—Corn Prospects Warrant Expectations.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 11.—[Special.]—The official weekly crop report issued today by the climate and crop division of the agricultural department gives the following general summary:

Portions of Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, Tennessee, northern Alabama, southeastern Missouri, and the lower Ohio valley continue to need rain, and drought conditions have developed to some extent in portions of Nebraska, South Dakota, and northern Wisconsin. The principal agricultural districts elsewhere east of the Rocky mountains have experienced favorable conditions with respect to moisture, with the exception of portions of the lake region, middle Atlantic states, and New England, where too much rain fell.

The temperature conditions were favorable except over the northern portions of the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys, where it was too cool during the latter part of the week, with light frost in Minnesota and eastern South Dakota, while some injury was caused by excessive heat in Kansas and Oklahoma in the early part of the week.

Week Is Favorable to Corn.

The corn crop has experienced another favorable week, and the general outlook in the principal corn states continues promising. In portions of southeastern Missouri and southern Illinois the crop, however, is suffering severely from drought, and rain would prove beneficial in South Dakota and in a few southern counties in Nebraska.

The thrashing of winter wheat is much belated in the lake region and the northern portion of the middle Atlantic states. Harvesting continues in the north Pacific coast region, with disappointing yields in portions of Oregon.

Spring wheat harvest is nearing completion in the southern portion of the spring wheat region, and is advancing rapidly in the central and northern portions. A considerable part of the crop in the Red River valley is still green and is ripening unevenly.

Oat harvest is now practically finished except over limited areas in extreme northern districts, and, while a generally heavy crop has been secured, the quality in many sections has been impaired after being in shock as a result of injury by rains.

Cotton Progress Is Good.

With a general absence of rain in Texas and scattered showers over the central portions of the middle and eastern districts, the progress of the cotton crop, as a whole, has been favorable. Complaints of rust and shedding, however, are quite generally indicated and some premature opening reported from portions of Georgia and South Carolina.

Early cotton is opening rapidly, and picking is progressing in Texas and in the eastern districts under favorable conditions. Uninterrupted sunshine and high temperatures have checked the ravages of boll worms and weevil in Texas, but these pests continue to cause considerable damage. In inundated sections in that state the crop has been severely damaged and in many sections ruined.

The condition of tobacco in Kentucky is only fair, but in Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin, and New England the outlook is more favorable. In Maryland early tobacco is poor, but the late planted is much improved.

Reports by States.

New England—Weather favorable for crop growth, but showers retarded harvesting and damaged hay; corn much improved and fairly promising; small grain good; apples good, but dropping; peaches and berries good; plums and pears uneven; tobacco topping progressing, crop promising; potatoes doubtful, owing to blight and some rot, but fairly promising; other vegetables good.

New York—Showery, with moderate temperature, but week more favorable than the preceding; much damage by hail, gales, and floods; corn and beans poor; potatoes declining fast.

Texas—Cotton continues to make rank growth, and except in scattered localities is fruiting and opening satisfactorily.

Arkansas—Corn and cotton promise good yield, except some localities in northwest, where moisture is deficient; cotton shedding freely; rust spreading; no damage by insects; opening in localities.

Kentucky—Tobacco only fair; grapes and damsons good; other fruit poor; potatoes excellent; pastures and gardens fair.

Missouri—Rainfall: Poorly distributed; drought in southeast unbroken and corn and cotton greatly damaged; cotton shedding; late corn needing rain other sections.

Favorable Week in Illinois.

Illinois—Weather showery and cool; good week for crops and farm work; thrashing progressing rapidly; good average yield of wheat, rye, and oats; corn prospects fine, but some damaged by drought and chinch bugs in south; pastures generally good; broomcorn, gardens, and potatoes good, but potatoes rotting some; apple crop light; some injury by bitter rot.

Indiana—Showers in north portion delayed thrashing; considerable wheat and oats sprouting in shock; haymaking practically completed; seed clover looks promising; prospects for corn never better; tobacco small, but looks well; grape and pear crops below average; apple crop light; in some southern counties pastures and vegetables suffering for rain; fall plowing begun.

Ohio—Thrashing belated in the north; large crop of oats; buckwheat filling well; plowing for wheat progressing; pastures good; seed clover promising; corn eared well and advancing splendidly; potato crop promising; garden crops good; tobacco growing well; grapes and plums rotting; some apples and fair pear crop in north; peaches light.

Michigan—Oats harvest well advanced, fine yields being secured; corn small, but improved and earing nicely; beans and late potatoes in fair condition; sugar beets, apples, and buckwheat continue promising.

Wisconsin—Week cool; rain needed badly in the north section; corn made good growth; wheat, barley, and rye yielding heavily, but straw rusted some; spring wheat good; heavy crop of oats, but of inferior quality; second crop of clover excellent; pastures fine; large yield of potatoes; tobacco excellent, some cut.

Minnesota—Spring wheat, oat, and barley harvest about finished in south and progressing well in central portions; wheat ripening unevenly in Red River valley, and considerable still green; light frosts in northern central portions on 11th.

Iowa—Conditions generally favorable, and good progress made in securing small grain; thrashing returns range from poor to extra good yield of spring wheat; oats unusually heavy; corn in fine condition, and a large crop is progressing favorably, with possibility of heavy output from three-fourths of area planted; minor crops doing nicely.

Late Crops Are Poorer.

North Dakota—Favorable weather for filling and maturing grain; early wheat harvest in progress, and it is advancing northward rapidly; most of oats, rye, and barley in shock; late flax and grain continue poor; corn still behind the season; haying further delayed by rain.

South Dakota—Scattered but generally insufficient showers; fine harvest and haying weather; spring wheat and oat harvest finished in extreme southeast and general in north; corn making fairly good progress, but over extensive areas is late; flax late; potatoes, millet, and pastures need rain; early flax and potatoes good.

Nebraska—Cool week, with sufficient rain for good growth; small grain about all cut; stacking, thrashing, and haying have progressed rapidly; corn has grown well and continues to promise large crop.

Kansas—Early corn maturing; late corn injured by heat, but improved by cooler weather and showers last week; wheat and flax yielding poor to fair; oats fair to good; cutting prairie hay in progress; crop unusually heavy.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Butter, Poultry, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Dry goods business has shown some improvement, but mail orders are moderate. In all lines of cotton goods prices are unchanged. There is no business of any moment doing for export. Silk fabrics are firm for both piece goods and ribbons.

Range of Coffee Prices.

Coffee—Today's coffee market

NUISANCE HAS A COUNCIL FRIEND.

Ald. Badenoch Protects Billboard That Is Said to Be Illegal.

CITY BOUND TO DESTROY.

Acting Mayor Walker Says Firemen Will Tear Down the Structure Today.

Ald. Joseph Badenoch, champion of billboards against city ordinances, is likely to be defeated this morning in his efforts to save a lofty sign board of the Gunning company. He succeeded yesterday in having the city firemen called away from their work while tearing down the boards, but acting Mayor Walker said operations would be begun again this morning.

The sign is at Van Buren street and Fifth avenue. It is raised to a height of 50 feet on poles and covers nearly 2,000 square feet. The first complaint against it was made by the Cusack company, which has a smaller sign in front of the big one. The Gunning sign was found to be in violation of the ordinance, according to the building department, and was ordered torn down.

Firemen from Pacific avenue and Harrison street were beginning the work when Ald. Badenoch took a hand. Mr. Badenoch, by the way, is vice president of the Gunning company. He hurried to Building Commissioner Kiolbassa and declared that an injunction protected the board. In company with the building commissioner he hurried back to the scene and the work was stopped.

Badenoch Disputed by Walker.

Acting Mayor Walker declared that unless the billboard was erected previous to April 10, 1901, it would have to come down. It is said that it was constructed since that date and that the injunction does not protect it.

"I have had a search made of the records," said Mr. Walker, "and we find that there is no injunction on which Ald. Badenoch can rely if the board was put up since April 10, 1901. On that day Judge Chetlain enjoined the city from tearing down or molesting any billboard of the Gunning company while the company is maintaining or repairing it."

Two Fined for Negligence.

Patrol Sergeant John McNally and Policeman Andrew Vail of the West Lake street station were fined two days' pay each and lectured yesterday by the police trial board for failing to report buildings which were being erected without permits.

Alds. Snow and Litsinger were present to testify that the policemen had permitted the buildings to get under way before they discovered that no permit had been secured. At Forty-ninth avenue and Fulton street half finished structures were found of which the building department had no knowledge.

Chief Building Inspector Barry said that he had discovered the buildings and said he had notified the building commissioner.

"Was anything done?" asked Civil Service Commissioner Powell.

"Not that I know of," said the inspector.

Ald. Litsinger asked if it were not the duty of the department to proceed against a building in this case Hugh Hughes, who erected a building without a permit. The inspector said it was, the penalty being a fine of $25 a day.

"I recommend, Mr. Barry," said Commissioner Powell, "that you bring the whole matter to the attention of the commissioner of buildings. It seems that a contractor can start work without a permit and when detected can escape by getting one. The building department has been negligent in not prosecuting this case."

The policemen were then fined for their laxness in not reporting the erection of the buildings, as is their duty.

Inspector Sedlak Suspended.

Building Inspector James Sedlak, who reported the condition of the building at 3337 Ashland avenue as "good" a few days before it fell down was suspended yesterday and charges of carelessness will be preferred against him.

As the building commissioner has taken no action against the inspectors who were found lax by the city council investigating committee, Ald. Snow will call a meeting of the committee and make an appeal to the civil service commission for action independently of Mr. Kiolbassa.

FIX A PRICE FOR FRANCHISES.

South Side Citizens Demand That Street Railways Do Improvement Work.

The paving, lighting, repairing, and sprinkling of the streets, the removal of snow, and the use of grooved rails are the price set by south side property owners for the renewal of street railway franchises. This demand, which is to take more definite form at meetings to be held throughout the south section of the city, was made last evening when the State Street Property Owners' association met at Forty-third and State streets. Committees were appointed to confer with other property owners' associations, which are to be asked to send representatives to a massmeeting. The association which has started the movement includes owners of property from Thirty-ninth to Fifty-fifth streets.

MINNEAPOLIS BRIBERY TRIAL ON

Ex-Chief of Police, Ex-Detective, and Alleged Go-Between Face Indictments.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Ex-Chief of Police Fred W. Ames, ex-Detective Chris Norbeck, and Irwin A. Gardner were arraigned today on blanket indictments charging conspiracy. Joseph Cohen and Mayor A. A. Ames were absent and could not be arraigned. The first indictment did not include Norbeck or Gardner, but was against Ames and Cohen, charging them with conspiracy for having agreed to commit the crime of extortion from persons keeping unlawful resorts within the city. It was charged that they visited a large number of places and told the keepers that unless they paid they would be prosecuted.

The next indictment embraced the names of the mayor, Fred Ames, Norbeck, and Gardner. The date of the conspiracy was fixed at Oct. 1, 1901, at which time the persons named are accused of having conspired to commit the crimes of extortion and bribery.

It is claimed that there were thirty-five women who were to pay between $15 and $30 per month for protection. The "big mitt" men were brought in and the whole story of the protecting and the payment of money was rehearsed.

DYNAMITE DEMOLISHES DEPOT.

Lightning Starts Fire That Sets Off the Explosion at Hogan, Wis.—Close Call for Train.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 12.—The depot at Hogan, on the Burlington railroad, about seventy-five miles above here, was struck by lightning and totally destroyed today. Fifty pounds of dynamite stored in the building for blasting purposes exploded at the same time with a report that was heard for ten miles around. The limited train, southbound, rushed into the station just at the time of the explosion, but the engineer, realizing the danger, put on the emergency brake and kept the train at a distance from the fire.

Lake Geneva Saturday Service.

The 1:20 p. m. Chicago and Northwestern Saturday train to Lake Geneva will hereafter have parlor car for Lake Geneva and Williams Bay each Saturday until further notice in addition to its equipment of standard day coaches. Tickets, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station

NEW STEPS IN CANAL WAR

GAYLORD SYNDICATE SECURES MORE FRONTAGE.

Takes from Four to Six Miles of River Bank, Making Its Power Greater, if It Wins, and Providing for Company in Case of Loss—Improvement Meeting at Joliet a Frost—Maj. Seddon Tells Why He Thinks Private Concern's Plans Are Better.

While the much heralded meeting of the Illinois Valley Improvement association at Joliet yesterday was a frost, coincident with it came an important announcement—that the Gaylord syndicate is securing options on property along the river for from four to six miles below its present proposed dam at Patterson island. This is construed to mean that the syndicate is taking precautions so that it will be cared for if the drainage board defeats it finally in the contest now waging.

In section 11 of Channahon township, near to Millsdale postoffice, there is a fall of several feet in the channel. This point is called Treat's island and is about five miles below Patterson island. The total fall between Patterson island and that point would give a fifteen-foot head. The Gaylord plans contemplate centering the power it will be possible to develop at Patterson island, as under the original plan, by lowering the river channel to the level below Treat's island. This will increase the head at the dam nearly fifteen feet. If the sanitary board should not win this it could be added to the fall contemplated by the present plans, giving a total head of about thirty-five feet, which would develop nearly 20,000 horsepower. Most of the land is already secured by option and negotiations are pending for the remainder.

Few at the Meeting.

The meeting yesterday was not up to the expectation of the promoters. By actual count there were only twenty-one persons in the hall at one time. Neither President Taylor nor Secretary Bourland was there. Only three persons were from outside of Joliet, one of whom was Engineer Ward of Marseilles.

Maj. Seddon, the engineer of the Gaylord syndicate, made the only address. On the walls of the council chamber, where the meeting was held, were drawings and plans of the Gaylord syndicate and the Chicago sanitary district. Maj. Seddon spoke on the Lake Joliet waterpower and its relation to a waterway. He compared the plans of the syndicate and drainage district and claimed for the former greater benefit to navigation because it would lessen the number of locks. He said: "To back the water from our dam up to Jackson street, twenty-two feet high, is to make a deep waterway at once up as far as Hickory creek, or to where the proposed sanitary district dam would be located. Above this, it simply holds the situation in shape for future development, as any dam must do that makes a pool of this raceway. To back the water up to the location of the sanitary district dam, or only eleven feet high, is to make another such reach to be worked out finally into a waterway. It is eleven feet of depth directly lost to nearly two miles of river.

"It also imposes a needless lock in this division at an initial cost of $500,000, and the tax of its continued operation, with the limitations to traffic and delays of a double lockage on all commerce through this line forever. This is at its best; but, in fact, working out a satisfactory lockage for the flood periods in this restricted channel is also a serious engineering problem."

Maj. Seddon asserted that the sanitary district plan would make the taxpayers of Chicago pay $2 for every dollar they could get out of the waterpower. Maj. Seddon charged the drainage board with having done a vast amount of damage to Chicago commerce. He did not say how this had been done, but left it to be inferred that it was due to the swift current in the Chicago river.

Can Company Secures Land.

Expecting that the sanitary district would develop the waterpower in Joliet, the American Can company has secured a tract of twelve acres near the proposed South street dam. Steam will be used until the waterpower is available, and nearly 1,000 horsepower will be required. The plant will employ nearly 200 people.

THOUSANDS OF COMPANIES MAY LOSE THEIR CHARTERS.

Secretary of State Rapidly Canceling Licenses of Corporations Which Fail to Comply with the Law.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Of the 45,000 licensed corporations in Illinois 35,000 are likely to lose their charters because of failure to comply with the law compelling reports between Feb. 1 and March 1 of each year.

The law, which was enacted in 1901, requires all corporations to report to the secretary of state among other items, the following information: Location of principal office, the kind of business engaged in, and the names of directors or managers, together with the postoffice address by street and number.

Under this law only about 10,000 of the corporations have made report. On July 1 the secretary of state proceeded to enter the cancellation of charters. The main purpose of the law was to provide a simple method of canceling the charters of dead corporations which were needlessly cumbering the records and holding names which corporations desiring to pursue an active business might wish to use.

Any Illinois corporation can ascertain by consulting the certified list filed July 1, 1902, in the office of the recorder of deeds in the county where it is located whether or not it appears upon the records of the secretary of state as a live corporation. In all cases where the name of a corporation does not appear on such certified list there has been entered upon the records of the office of the secretary of state of the cancellation of its charter, and such corporation can only be reinstated in the manner provided in the act.

SUIT OPPOSES ASPHALT DEAL.

Shareholder in One of the Companies in the Big Merger Brings Proceedings, Asking Injunction.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 12.—Acting in behalf of William C. Bullitt of Philadelphia, John Douglass Brown Jr., an attorney, today sent here to be filed in the United States circuit court a petition asking Judge Kirkpatrick to direct the receivers of the Asphalt Company of America and the National Asphalt company to bring suit against the promoters, directors, and stockholders of the two companies to determine their liabilities to the bondholders of the Asphalt Company of America.

Mr. Brown wanted the stockholders of the Asphalt Company of America sued for the unpaid assessments upon their capital stock, which, he claims, amounts to $24,000,000.

The petition also asks the court to restrain the Biddle committee from arbitrarily declaring the reorganization plan effective, and from limiting the dissents of depositing bondholders to Aug. 19.

MAYOR TRIES IN VAIN TO QUIT.

Chief Executive of Taylorville, Ill., Seeks Means to Compel Council to Accept His Resignation.

Taylorville, Ill., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Mayor R. B. Temple announced his resignation at the close of the city council meeting held last evening. The councilmen made no motion to accept the resignation, whereupon the mayor declared that unless his resignation was accepted at the next meeting he would find means to compel the council to act in the matter.

The mayor gave as a reason for quitting the office that business connections compel him to be absent from the city almost continually. Some members of the council are quoted as saying that the professed resignation is a result of pending electric light difficulty.

Booklet tells how to buy diamonds on easy payments. Loftis Bros., 92 State street.

PAY LITTLE TAX; BRING BIG RENT.

Railroad "Trackage" Lands Are Occupied by Many Profitable Tenants.

EIGHT LINES ACCUSED.

Aldermanic Committee Presents Figures and Charges to the Reviewers.

The use to which it is charged a large amount of railroad property taxed as "trackage" is really put was shown yesterday by evidence submitted to the board of review by Ald. Minwegen, Cullerton, and Sloan, and James Reynolds, the expert employed by the aldermanic committee. The councilmen supported their charges with blue prints, plats, and diagrams. It was estimated that $50,000,000 worth of real estate was involved in the figures submitted to the board.

The committee charged that the property on which the railroad companies pay a trivial tax as "trackage" is in reality rented to business firms and occupied by them. Eight railroads were involved in these charges, including the Lake Shore, the Rock Island, the Northwestern, the Pennsylvania, the St. Paul, the Englewood Connecting railroad, and the Chicago and Western Indiana. Over 150 different sites which, it is charged, escape proper taxation are presented in the report. A majority of them are said to be occupied by business firms.

Standard Oil a Tenant.

The Standard Oil company, it is charged, occupies land of the Lake Shore road at Sixteenth street and Wentworth avenue. The Lehigh Valley Coal company is said to occupy another site owned by the company at Armour avenue and Twenty-second street. According to the report, the Crane company uses land of the Rock Island road in Clark street, north of Taylor. The Knickerbocker Ice company occupies a site at State, between Root and Forty-third streets, belonging to the same company.

Land held as trackage by the Burlington road at Canal and Ewing streets is said to be occupied by the Chicago and Wilmington Coal company. The Adams Express company is said to use another site owned by the road at De Koven and Bunker streets. Another site owned by the road is said to be occupied by the Omaha Packing company between Lumber street and the river.

The Busse & Reynolds Coal company, it is said, uses land of the Chicago and Western Indiana at Fourteenth and Clark streets. The Indiana elevator is on land of the same company at Stewart avenue and Eighteenth street, according to the report.

Brewers on Northwestern Land.

A saloon stands on property of the Northwestern road in Kinzie street, east of Wells street. The Pabst Brewing company occupies another site owned by the same road on the east side of Desplaines street, between Indiana and Ohio streets. The Schlitz Brewing company has another site on the north side of the street, between Desplaines and Union streets, and the Blatz Brewing company another in about the same location.

The committee found that the Northwestern sites are sought by brewing companies, as still another, on the south side of Indiana street, between Jefferson street and the river, is occupied by the Jung Brewing company.

The W. P. Rend Coal company has several sites of the Pennsylvania company in Carroll avenue and Kinzie street. The Pabst Brewing company occupies land of the St. Paul railroad north of Carroll avenue, between Desplaines and Union streets.

Some of the other sites are vacant and the rest occupied by different business firms as coal and lumber yards and for other purposes. The report is said to comprise only about one-third of the actual number of cases in which real estate escapes proper taxation.

LOAN TO IROQUOIS COMPANY.

Trust Deed for $400,000 on Property in South Chicago Secures the Amount.

The Iroquois Iron company has executed a trust deed for $400,000 to the Chicago Title and Trust company to secure a bond issue for a like sum, secured on the property of the company at South Chicago. The loan extends five years and bears 5 per cent interest. Of the total amount $100,000 is payable in two years, $50,000 six months thereafter, and a like sum each succeeding six months until the principal is paid.

The loan may be paid after the second year on any interest day upon the payment of a premium of 1 per cent, at any time during the first year on the payment of 3 per cent, and at any time during the second year on the payment of 2 per cent, sixty day's notice be given in each case. The property which secures the loan comprises about twenty acres of land, having a dock frontage of 1,000 feet on the Calumet river, valued at $300,000, and two modern blast furnaces, completely equipped, valued at $950,000.

J. Howard McCartney is trustee in a loan of $40,000, running five years, at 5 per cent, to Charles L. Gould, secured on 40x157 feet of ground at the southwest corner of Malden street and Leland avenue, where a three story apartment house is in course of construction.

Sarah J. Graham has conveyed to Hattie E. Harris the apartment house property in Grand boulevard, 36½ feet north of Forty-fourth street, east front, 36½x149 7-10 feet, the purchaser assuming an incumbrance of $12,000.

Grace Baptist church has purchased from E. Roberts the property at the southwest corner of Warren and Sacramento avenues, 39 82-100x120 feet, north front, for $8,500, which will be used as the site for a new church.

VAN HISE TO SUCCEED ADAMS.

University of Wisconsin Regents Will Appoint Geological Authority as President of School.

Marinette, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin, to be held next Tuesday, Prof. C. R. Van Hise, head of the geological department of the University of Wisconsin, will be named as president of the university, to succeed the late Dr. Charles Kendall Adams. This is given out on the authority of a member of the board. Prof. Van Hise is one of the best known educators in the west and is considered one of the ablest men in the faculty of the University of Wisconsin.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. VIATEUR'S COLLEGE
KANKAKEE, ILLINOIS.
(Fifty-Six Miles from Chicago.)
Full Commercial, Classical and Scientific Courses. Military training free. Minim department under care of the Sisters.
For particulars, address
Very Rev. M. J. Marselle, C. S. V.

MONTICELLO Opens 65th year September 25th. Superior faculty. English, Latin, Greek, French, German, Music, Science, Art, Physical Culture. The sixty-acre campus contains fine groves, tennis courts, basket ball field, and golf links. For catalogue address
MISS H. H. HASKELL, Principal. Godfrey, Ill. SEMINARY

Ferry Hall for Young Women. 33d Year. Certificate admits to Vassar, Smith, Wellesley and other colleges. College Preparatory, Junior College, Elective courses. Music, Art, Elocution, Physical Training. Large new building. Write for illustrated catalogue.
Miss Sabra L. Sargent, Box 13, Lake Forest, Ill.

Brooks Classical School, 251 ASHLAND BLVD., OPENS SEPTEMBER 16TH. CLARE D. FOX, Principal.

EDUCATIONAL.

American Conservatory
Kimball Hall Bldg., 239 to 253 Wabash Ave., Chicago.
THE LEADING SCHOOL OF
Music and Dramatic Art
IN THE WEST.
Course of study modern, progressive and thorough. Special Teachers training department. Unsurpassed course of lectures. Unrivaled free advantages. Special rates to talented pupils of limited means.
Among the Fifty Eminent Instructors are the Following:

Piano:	Singing:	Violin:	Organ:
John J. Hattstaedt	Karleton Hackett	Jan Van Oordt	Wm. Middelschulte
Victor Garwood	Edward C. Towne	Adolf Weidig	Effie Murdock
Gertrude Murdough	Hagna Linne	Herbert Butler	Harmony, Composition:
Allen Spencer	Public School Music:	Harp:	Adolf Weidig
Howard Wells	O. E. Robinson	Clara Murray	Hubbard Wm. Harris
	School of Acting, Elocution:		
Edward Dvorak	Emma Lumm	Eleanor McKee	

The management announces the engagement of Mr. Edward C. Towne, the distinguished oratorio and concert artist as an instructor in the vocal dept. and Mr. Herbert Butler, the brilliant violin virtuoso and eminent teacher for the violin department.
The Fall Term will begin Monday, Sept. 8, 1903.
Illustrated catalogue mailed free. JOHN J. HATTSTAEDT, President.

METROPOLITAN Business College
Michigan Av. and Monroe St., Chicago
All Business Branches, Shorthand, Typewriting ("Touch" system), Individual Instruction and Class Drills. Experienced teachers.
School of Advertising, conducted by an experienced "ad" man.
Classes in Rapid Figuring under a practical accountant.
Business Law School, taught by Chicago lawyers. Every advantage for acquiring a thorough preparation for business.
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.
Fall Term opens Sept. 2. The leading school in this line. For Prospectus and Full Information call, write or phone Central 31.
O. M. POWERS, Principal, 7 Monroe St., Chicago.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE
Established 1867. DR. F. ZIEGFELD, President.
COLLEGE BUILDING, 202 Michigan-blvd., CHICAGO, ILL.
The largest and most complete College of Music and Dramatic Art in America.

Music SCHOOL OF ACTING ELOCUTION MODERN LANGUAGES.
The FACULTY OF 62 MEMBERS is the strongest ever assembled in an institution of its kind.
37TH SEASON BEGINS SEPT. 8TH.
New Illustrated Catalogue Mailed Free.

FOR Boys Rugby School
15 Miles from CHICAGO.
Prepares boys for all colleges, technical schools, and for business. Three buildings, with laboratory, library, and manual training equipment. A HOME SCHOOL where boys live with their teachers. For catalogue and other information address
WM. R. TROWBRIDGE, Headmaster, Kenilworth, Ill.

GIRTON SCHOOL
16 MILES FROM CHICAGO.
A Boarding School for Girls.
Beautifully and healthfully located at Winnetka, Ill., half hour by railroad from Chicago. College Preparatory, General, and Special Courses. Fine opportunities in Art, Music, Elocution, and Physical Training. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, and other colleges. Send for Illustrated Year Book, which describes the school.
FRANCIS KING COOKE, A. B., Principal.

HILLSIDE HOME SCHOOL
For Girls and Boys. Prepares for college and for business. Classical, Scientific and English Courses. Completely equipped laboratories. Beautiful and healthful location on a farm affords abundant opportunities for outdoor enjoyments. Water works, steam heat, and all modern conveniences. Large corps of teachers. Write for catalogue.
MISSES LLOYD-JONES, Principals, Hillside, Wisconsin.

NAZARETH LA GRANGE, ILL.
Located on the C., B. & Q. R. R., 14 miles from Chicago. Can also be easily reached by Chicago Elevated R. R., which connects with La Grange electric surface cars. Terms: For board for scholastic year, $180. Extras moderate. Catalogue containing details of instruction and furnished free on application to the Mother Superior. ACADEMY.

THE JOHN MARSHALL LAW SCHOOL
Hon. JOHN N. JEWETT, LL.D., Dean.
Full term opens Sept. 8. For Catalogue, address Edward T. Lee, Secy., 15-19 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

THE DEARBORN SEMINARY.
Boarding and Day School for Girls. 22d Calumet-av., Chicago. Affiliated with the University of Chicago. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, and other colleges. Opens Oct. 1st.
MISS EVELYN MATZ, Principal.

TODD SEMINARY FOR BOYS—An ideal school for young boys near Chicago. No serious sickness in fifty years. We educate the whole boy. Send for prospectus.
NOBLE HILL, WOODSTOCK, ILL.

Culver Military Academy
CULVER, IND. (Lake Maxinkuckee.)
Application for enrollment for fall term should be made at once. Complete military training and equipment. Thorough scholastic work preparatory to college and for business. Write for catalogue.
Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.

Ott
SCHOOLS OF EXPRESSION
Oratory, Music, Dramatic Art,
A larger per cent of our pupils are occupying professional positions than those of any other school. We say this after a careful investigation. Students prepared for the Lyceum, for Concert Platform and for the Stage.
WE PLACE MERITORIOUS STUDENTS.
Normal Course in Reading.
Free Catalogue and Advice. Write to us stating your Desires or Ambitions.
Prof. E. A. OTT, Author and Lecturer, Pres.
Fine Arts Building : : : CHICAGO.

THE NEW ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY
4928 EVANS AVENUE.
Will open for the reception of Boarders and Day Scholars on Tuesday, Sept. 2d. The OLD ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY, 2854 Wabash-av., will receive day scholars. Opening day Sept. 2d.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY
LIBERTYVILLE, ILL.
Will open on same day for boarders and day scholars. For catalogue apply to MOTHER SUPERIOR, 4929 Evans-av.

NORTHWESTERN MILITARY ACADEMY
HIGHLAND PARK, ILL.
Col. H. P. Davidson, A. M., Supt.
Prepares, thoroughly for college, the Gov., Academies, or Business. Limited number. Small classes. Competent instructors. Home surroundings. A limited number of vacancies open for the coming year. Send for catalogue. Chicago office, 1212 Tribune Bldg. Hours, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.

THE ANNA MORGAN STUDIOS.
School of Expression, Voice Culture, Literature, Physical Culture, Dramatic Art, etc. Classes open Sept. 15th. Richard Mansfield Prize Scholarship. Catalogue free. Fine Arts Building, Chicago.

BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE ACADEMY of the UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
For boys, at Morgan Park, Ill. Splendidly equipped. Prepares for college. Expenses, $250 to $350. 45 scholarships. Write for catalogue.

KENILWORTH HALL.
Suburban Boarding and Day School for Girls at Kenilworth, Ills. Certificate admits to college. Address, for illustrated catalogue, MRS. MARY KEYES BABCOCK.

The Howe-Crunden SHORTHAND SCHOOL
Individual Instruction. Positions secured. 702 Atwood Building. MARY A. DOYING, Manager.

THE LORING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Certificate admits to Vassar, Smith, Wellesley, Wells, or Baltimore Woman's College. Opens Sept. 24th. STELLA DYER LORING, Principal, 2838 Prairie-av.

THE KELSO SCHOOL of Music and Dramatic Art.
69 Auditorium Bldg., Chicago.
Fall term opens Sept. 8th.

SHURTLEFF COLLEGE, UPPER ALTON, ILLINOIS.
OPENS 70TH YEAR SEPT. 11TH.
Address STANLEY A. McKAY, President.

BEFORE deciding where you will study SHORTHAND, it will pay you to visit The Business Preparatory School, 308 Atwood Building.

EDUCATIONAL.

The University of Notre Dame,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.
Full courses in Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture. Thorough preparatory and Commercial Courses.
Rooms free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or senior year of any of the collegiate courses.
Rooms to rent, moderate charge to students over seventeen preparing for Collegiate Courses.
St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipment.
Rev. Thomas Hennessey, a representative of the University, will be at the Victoria Hotel until September 11. Hours, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.
The 50th year will open September 9, 1902. Catalogues free. Address
REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

Grammar School AND Preparatory
For both sexes in common and high-school studies; also preparatory courses for those wishing to enter medical or law colleges or institutions for higher education. Fall term begins Sept. 2. Call or write for catalogue.
ATHENAEUM
18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

LAKE FOREST COLLEGE.
Rev. Richard D. Harlan, M. A., President.
Classical, English and Scientific Courses. Most beautiful suburb of Chicago, on high wooded bluffs of Lake Michigan. Semi-rural surroundings; healthy; inexpensive. Good dormitories. Modern gymnasium; excellent athletic facilities; co-educational. For Catalogue address
Box 60, Lake Forest, Ill.

VILLA DE CHANTAL
A Home School for Girls
Under charge of the Sisters of the Visitation.
Beautifully situated on a commanding eminence overlooking the Mississippi river.
Rudimentary and higher branches and all polite accomplishments taught. Fine new sanitary buildings in picturesque location. Term commences Sept. 9, 1902. For particulars address DIRECTRESS, Rock Island, Ill.

Howe Military School.
Prepares thoroughly for College, Scientific Schools, or Business. Best advantages at moderate expense. Manual training (elective). Personal attention given to each boy. Fine athletic field and beautiful lakes. For illustrated catalogue address REV. J. H. McKENZIE, Rector, Lima, Ind.

THE FRANCES SHIMER ACADEMY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.
A Home School for Girls and Young Women.
Scholastic work through Freshman year. Music, Art, Physical Culture, Domestic Science. Everything first-class. Dean may be consulted at Room 410, Fine Arts Bldg., 203 Michigan-av., Chicago, Monday, August 11, 18, 25, from 9 to 1 and 2 to 4 p. m. REV. WM. P. McKEE, Dean, Mt. Carroll, Ill.

Jenner Medical College
Gives Complete Medical Education. Day and Evening Classes. Full equipment. 40 professors. Laboratory, clinical and hospital facilities. Preparatory course begins now. Write for catalogue. 196 E. Washington-st.

THE DANCES OF ALL NATIONS.
The Art of Dancing Is Older than Civilization.
FINEST PHYSICAL CULTURE.
PROF. C. HENRY JACOBSEN,
Auditorium Bldg., Wabash-av. entrance.
The Foremost School of Dancing in the West

STEVAN SCHOOL
For Young Ladies and Little Children.
Prepares for the Leading Colleges and Universities.
MRS. L. M. WILSON, Principal.
4313 Drexel-blvd. Send for catalogue.

Ontario Ladies' College and Conservatory of Music and Art.
Patronized by Premier of Dominion, Premier of Ontario, Minister of Education, etc. Pronounced by Governor General "The best of the kind he had seen in Canada." Catalogue. Rev. J. J. Hare, P.D., D., Prin., Whitby, Ontario, Can.

CHICAGO-KENT COLLEGE OF LAW.
Law Department Lake Forest University.
Hon. T. A. Moran, LL. D., Dean. Large faculty. Prepares for admission to bar in all States. EVENING SESSIONS. Address Secretary, Elmer E. Barrett, L. LB., 1009 Title & Trust Bldg., Chicago.

Ward Seminary for Young Ladies, Nashville, Tenn.
57th year begins Sept. 25. Literary Courses, Music, Art, Elocution. Certificates to Wellesley, Baltimore Woman's College, etc. Number of pupils limited to 90. Rates and catalogue address
For Catalogue & address J. D. BLANTON, LL.D., Sup't.

ILLINOIS COLLEGE OF LAW
Open all the Year.
BOTH DAY and EVENING.
300 students; 70 passed U. S. bar exam. last year. Send for catalog. C. Howard W. Ogden, Pres., 115 Clark-st

KEMPER MILITARY SCHOOL.
Founded 1844. Recognized preparatory school for Missouri State University, and all leading colleges. Complete business course. Army officer detailed by Secretary of War. For catalogue address
Col. J. A. JOHNSTON, Supt., 709 3d-st., Boonville, Mo.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.
(One mile west of the University of Notre Dame.)
Thorough English and classical education, including Greek, Latin, French, and German. Regular collegiate degrees.
The Conservatory of Music is conducted on the plan of the best classical conservatories of Europe.
The Art Department is modeled after the Art Schools in Europe.
Preparatory and Minim Departments. Pupils are here carefully prepared for the academic and advanced courses. Gymnasium under competent director. Bookkeeping, phonography, and typewriting extra. Every variety of fancy needlework taught. For catalogues address
DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY,
St. Mary's Academy, Notre Dame P. O., Indiana.

ATHENAEUM
18 to 26 Van Buren-st.
Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, and Preparatory courses day and evening. Individual instruction. Graduates assisted to desirable positions. Fall term begins Sept. 2. Call, write, or telephone (Harrison 1110) for catalogue.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Ferdinand W. Peck,	Alexander H. Revell,
Lyman J. Gage,	H. H. Kohlsaat,
William C. Seipp,	William R. Page,
Wm. Penn Nixon,	Adolph Kuh,
John V. Clarke,	Charles H. Wacker,
Samuel Fallows,	John A. Lynch,
W. J. Chalmers,	William G. Hibbard.

CHARLES R. BARRETT, Superintendent.

DVORAK Dramatic School,
EDWARD DVORAK, Director.
Kimball Hall, 243 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill.
Thorough and practical training in the art of
ACTING
Stage Deportment, Dramatic Reading, Pantomime, Dramatic Expression, Art of Making Up, Technique.
ELOCUTION, ORATORY,
Physical Culture, Recitations, Voice Culture, Shakespeare, Delsarte, Deportment, Language.
FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 8.
CATALOGUE MAILED FREE.

Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, O.,
"The beauty spot of the world," devoted entirely to Christian character; mental, moral, and physical vigor. Sixty acres of grounds, golf links and complete gymnasium. Preparation for all colleges or business. 70th year. For catalogue address
WYANT & WILLIAMS, Regents, Gambier, O.

THE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
22 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago.
Day and Boarding School for Girls. Prepares for all colleges. Special courses in languages, art, and music.
Affiliate with the University of Chicago.
Fall term begins Sept. 23. ANNA R. HAIRE, Dean.

THE STARRETT SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
(Incorporated.)
4707 Vincennes-av.
MRS. HELEN EKIN STARRETT, Principal.
A day and boarding school for young ladies and children. College preparatory and general courses. Special arrangement in separate house for boarding pupils under 12. Circulars on application.

SPRING HILL COLLEGE,
NEAR MOBILE, ALA.
Boarding college conducted by the Jesuit Fathers. Preparatory, Commercial, and Classical Courses. French, German, and Spanish taught without extra charges. Climate exceptionally healthful. For particulars apply to the
REV. W. J. TYRRELL, S. J., President.

WATERMAN HALL SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS.
A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Preparatory, Academic, and Special Courses. Fourteenth year. Term begins September 17th. Meet the Rector at 510 Masonic Temple, Monday, 10:30 to 12 p. m. Address
REV. B. FRANK FLEETWOOD, D. D., Rector.

Hahnemann Medical College AND HOSPITAL OF CHICAGO.
High School graduates admitted on diploma. College and university students may be given advanced standing.
Clinical work throughout the four years.
If interested write to the Registrar.
T. HENRY WILSON, 2311 Cottage Grove-av.

THE PROFESSION OF OSTEOPATHY offers exceptional inducements. The course is short and inexpensive. It can be easily learned. The demand for Osteopathic Physicians is large, and graduates command incomes as soon as they have completed. No long wait for practice. Degree of Doctor of Osteopathy conferred. Write for particulars.
ILLINOIS COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY,
Suite 506, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

CHICAGO LAW SCHOOL.
Business Law Courses. Regular Law Course leads to LL. B. degree; prepares for admission to bar. Post Graduate Courses. Practice a specialty.
EVENING SESSIONS.
Address J. M. TOBIAS, Chancellor, 115 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

The Worcester Polytechnic Institute,
EDMUND J. NORTON, Ph. D., LL. D., Pres.
Mechanical, Civil, Electrical Engineering; Chemistry and General Science. Extensive Laboratories. Catalogue showing positions filled by graduates mailed free. Expenses low. 35th year. Address
J. K. MARSHALL, Registrar, Worcester, Mass.

SUMMER RESORTS.
EASTERN.

BUZZARDS BAY
MASSACHUSETTS.
FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE
THE ISLAND OF
NASHAWENA
The island is situated about 12 miles from New Bedford, Mass., and contains about 2,600 acres. With its climatic location and environments it could be made a charming summer retreat for a gentleman of means. Full particulars given by ALFRED WINSOR, 8 Somerset-st., Boston, or EDWARD E. MORRILL, 25 Broad-st., New York.

SUMMER VACATION TOURS, East, via Great Lakes, Rail, Rivers, and Ocean. "A Wonderful Book," 100 pages, with 8 maps of Routes and Rates. Northern and Eastern Resorts FREE on application, or mailed for 2 stamps.
WM. FLETCHER, The Tourist Agent, 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

WESTERN.

THE NEW ROYAL FRONTENAC
Frankfort, Mich. Entirely New and Modern.
COOLEST SPOT IN MICHIGAN.
Hay Fever Unknown.
Music, Dancing, Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Horseback Riding, Golf, Tennis, Etc.
J. R. HAYES and C. A. BRANT, Lessees.
Also Lessees Park Hotel, Hot Springs, Ark.

"THE ISLAND." LAKE WINNEBAGO
Until last year private, now open to a limited number of people who desire a quiet, homelike cottage life with safety and comfort for their children. Opportunities for golf, tennis, fishing, and swimming excellent. Free steam yacht makes three trips to Oshkosh daily. No hotel, but meals dining hall. Table a primary consideration. Write ISLAND CO., Oshkosh, Wis., for book.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL AND COTTAGES, DEVIL'S LAKE.
The most beautiful, healthful, and considerate resort for your summer outing. Send for circular. Address E. T. HOPKINS, Kirkland, Wis.

THE MARSLAND SOUTH HAVEN
KATHRYN MARSLAND

HOTELS.

CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL.
10 minutes from heart of city. Situated on boulevard and lake, at 31st-st.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.